

**Report No. 448(54/1.0/1)**

# **Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India**

**NSS Fifty-fourth Round  
January - June 1998**

**National Sample Survey Organisation  
Department of Statistics  
Government of India**

**June 1999**

## PREFACE

In 1972 the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) began a quinquennial series of all-India surveys on consumer expenditure, employment & unemployment. In addition to this, an annual series of consumer expenditure surveys was started in 1986, which had other subjects of enquiry as their focus. Apart from the main subject(s) of enquiry, a consumer expenditure schedule was canvassed in four households (two households up to the 48th round, 1992) in every surveyed village and urban block. The schedule was enlarged, from the 45th round (1989-90) onwards, to collect some basic information on employment and unemployment. As a result, an annual series of data on both consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment has since then been available.

The present report is based on data on consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment collected during its 54<sup>th</sup> "round" (January – June 1998) of NSS. The main findings of the enquiry on consumer expenditure are presented in Chapter Two, which discusses the pattern of variation of monthly per capita consumer expenditure over rural and urban areas of 15 major States and 3 groups of smaller States and Union Territories. Chapter Three presents the key indicators of employment and unemployment obtained from the 54<sup>th</sup> round survey. The estimates are based on two approaches followed in NSS surveys for collection of information on employment and unemployment: usual status and current weekly status. To give a comparative picture of the employment situation over the period 1983 (38th round) to 1998 (54<sup>th</sup> round), corresponding results obtained from the earlier surveys are given alongside. The discussion in Chapter Three is confined to the all-India estimates. Some key estimates are presented at broad levels for the major States and certain groups of smaller States and U.T.'s. Concepts and definitions involved in the collection of consumption data are discussed at the beginning of Chapter Two, and those related to employment and unemployment, at the beginning of Chapter Three. Detailed tables at the national level are given in Appendix A. The sample design and estimation procedure are explained in Appendix B.

The schedule was, as usual, so designed as to obtain, with a minimum of recall error on the informant's part, the total value of household consumer expenditure over a given reference period and its break-up over broad heads of consumption. As in the previous round, there were two types of schedule - one with a uniform reference period of 30 days for collection of consumption data, and the other with reference periods varying over groups of consumption items.

The field work for the survey was handled by the Field Operations Division, the collected data was processed by the Data Processing Division, and the report was prepared by the Survey Design and Research Division of NSSO. I am grateful to the members of the Governing Council of NSSO, the Heads of NSSO's Divisions and their colleagues for their contributions at various stages. The report, I hope, will be useful to planners and policy makers.

Comments/suggestions from readers will be most welcome.

New Delhi  
June 1999

N. S. SASTRY  
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# Highlights

## Consumer expenditure

- This report is based on a consumer expenditure and employment survey conducted by the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) in Jan-June 1998.
- For India as a whole, average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) in Jan-June 1998 was Rs. 455. In rural areas it was Rs. 382 and in urban areas, Rs. 684.
- Punjab (Rs. 614) and Kerala (Rs. 604) were the top two major States in terms of average MPCE in rural areas. The rural average was lowest in Bihar (Rs. 289) and Orissa (Rs. 301).
- The all-India average MPCE for the urban sector was Rs 684. Among the major States, average urban MPCE was lowest in Bihar (Rs. 515) and highest in Maharashtra (Rs. 889).
- Approximately 40% of rural households in India had, during Jan-June 1998, MPCE below Rs.300.
- Only 5% of rural households in Punjab and 12% of rural households in Kerala had MPCE below Rs.300. For Orissa the percentage was as high as 61%, and for Bihar, nearly 64%.
- About 32% of urban households in Madhya Pradesh had MPCE below Rs. 310 compared to 12% for India as a whole and only 2-3% for Punjab.
- Poverty, as measured by the proportion of population in the lowest MPCE classes, was high in rural areas of Bihar, Orissa and Madhya Pradesh. In urban India poverty was most noticeable in Madhya Pradesh, followed by Uttar Pradesh.
- In rural India, on an average, 61 paise of every rupee on consumption were spent on food. Of these, 23 paise were spent on cereals\*, 9.5 paise on milk and milk products, 6 paise on vegetables\*, 4 paise on edible oil, 3-4 paise on pulses and pulse products and 3-4 paise on meat, fish and egg. Of the 39 paise of each rupee spent on non-food, 8 paise were spent on fuel and light<sup>+</sup>, 7 paise on clothing and footwear, 3 paise on *pan*, tobacco and intoxicants - more than the 2.5 paise spent on education - and about 5.5 paise on medical expenses.
- In urban India, the share of food was only 50 paise of the rupee, and only 13 paise of each rupee of consumption expenditure were spent on cereals. 6 paise went towards beverages, refreshments and processed food. Less than 2 paise in the rupee were spent on *pan*, tobacco and intoxicants. As in rural areas, 5.5% of expenses were medical expenses but in absolute terms, it meant percent higher MPCE on health care in urban areas. 5 paise in the rupee were spent on education and an equal amount on durable goods.
- Value of monthly per capita cereal consumption was generally in the range of Rs. 60-80 in rural and urban areas of Gujarat, Haryana, Maharashtra, Punjab,

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\* this includes imputed value of home-grown produce

+ this includes imputed value of fuel collected free of charge

Rajasthan, UP and MP. It was over Rs.110 in the three eastern rice-growing states of Orissa, West Bengal and Assam. It was around Rs.90 in Kerala and Tamil Nadu.

- Per capita monthly consumption of cereals was about 12.5 kg in rural India and about 10.4 kg in urban India.
- The share of non-food expenditure in total expenditure appears to have increased, for rural India, from 35-36% in 1987-92 to around 39% in 1996-98. In urban India, it shows an increase from 43-44% to 49% or more over the same period.
- The most common household size in urban India was 4 (22% households), followed closely by 5 (20% households) and then by 6 (14% households). In rural India the order was 5 (20%), 4 (19%) and 6 (15%).
- Single-member households formed 9% of all urban households and were more common in urban India than households with 2 members.

## **Employment and unemployment**

- The worker population ratios (WPRs) according to the usual status including the subsidiary workers were 54 and 26

per cent for males and females in the rural areas and 51 and 11 per cent in the urban areas during January - June, 1998.

- Compared to previous survey, the proportion of 'all' usual status workers engaged in the primary sector (agricultural) remained unchanged at around 76 per cent for males and 89 per cent for females during January - June, 1998, in rural areas.
- In urban areas, the proportion of 'all' workers engaged in the secondary sector comprising mainly of manufacturing sector, reduced by about 2 percentage points to around 32 per cent for males and by about 4 percentage points to around 28 per cent for females during January - June, 1998, as compared to the previous annual survey.
- The worker population ratios for adult males and females according to the usual status was found to be highest for agricultural labour households in rural India (males: 88 per cent; females: 55 per cent) and casual labour households in urban India (males: 83 per cent; females: 28 per cent).
- The unemployment rate (UR), i.e., the number of unemployed per 1000 persons in the labour force, has increased considerably for both males and females of rural and urban areas during January - June, 1998.

# Chapter One

## Introduction

1.0 This report is based on a survey of consumer expenditure and employment conducted by the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) during its 54<sup>th</sup> “round” (January – June 1998).

1.1 NSSO conducts a consumer expenditure survey (hereafter, CES) in every one of its rounds. At roughly 5-year intervals, the CES covers 1,00,000 or more households. This series of surveys is called the “quinquennial” series (hereafter, QS). The households surveyed are also asked about their employment and unemployment.

1.2 Before the QS was started in 1972-73, NSSO used to conduct a CES in each of its rounds. The practice was discontinued shortly after the start of the QS but it was resumed in 1986-87. The non-QS surveys since 1986-87 form what is called the annual series of CES’s.

1.3 Surveys of the annual series

- (a) interview only 10,000-30,000 households depending on the number of villages and urban blocks surveyed, only 4 households usually being interviewed in each selected village or block;
- (b) include, from 1989-90 onwards, some questions on activity status of household members aimed at

generating some key indicators of employment and unemployment;

- (c) manage to fill the data gap between successive QS surveys, but with less stable estimates (especially at the state level) than the QS surveys because of the small sample sizes.

1.4 Each round of the NSS normally has more than one subject of enquiry. In the 54<sup>th</sup> round, the principal subjects covered were sanitation and hygiene, services, common property resources and cultivation practices. In addition, Schedule 1.0, designed to collect household consumer expenditure data and some activity and employment particulars of household members, was canvassed in four sample households per sample village/block. In all **5,242** villages and **1,788** blocks were selected for the Central sample<sup>1</sup> (surveyed by the Central Government agency NSSO). The schedule was ultimately canvassed in **19,936** rural households and **6,983** urban households spread over **5,058** villages and **1,755** blocks.

1.5 **Geographical coverage:** The geographical coverage of the survey was to be the whole of the Indian Union except the Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir, 768 interior villages of Nagaland and 172 villages in Andaman & Nicobar

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<sup>1</sup> State Governments also participate in the National Sample Survey. In each State, the sample surveyed by the State Government agency is called the State sample.

Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year. However, certain districts of Jammu & Kashmir had to be excluded from the survey coverage owing to unfavourable field conditions.

**1.6 Contents of the report:** The main findings of the enquiry on consumer expenditure are presented in Chapter Two, which discusses the pattern of variation of monthly per capita consumer expenditure over rural and urban areas of 15 major States and 3 groups of smaller States and Union Territories. Chapter Three presents the key indicators of employment and unemployment obtained from the 54<sup>th</sup> round survey. The estimates are based on two approaches followed in NSS surveys for collection of information on employment and unemployment: *usual*

*status* and *current weekly status*. To give a comparative picture of the employment situation over the period 1983 (38th round) to 1998 (54<sup>th</sup> round), corresponding results obtained from the earlier surveys are given alongside. The discussion in Chapter Three is confined to the all-India estimates. Some key estimates are presented at broad levels for the major States and certain groups of smaller States and U.T.'s. Concepts and definitions involved in the collection of consumption data are discussed at the beginning of Chapter Two, and those related to employment and unemployment, at the beginning of Chapter Three. Detailed tables at the national level are given in Appendix A. The sample design and estimation procedure are explained in Appendix B.

## Chapter Two

# Household Consumer Expenditure

### Concepts and Definitions

**2.0.0 Household:** A group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen constitutes a household. The word 'normally' means that temporary visitors are excluded but temporary stay-aways are included. Thus a son or daughter residing in a hostel for studies is excluded from the household of his/her parents, but a resident employee or resident domestic servant or paying guest (but not just a tenant in the house) is included in the employer/host's household. 'Living together' is usually given more importance than 'sharing food from a common kitchen' in drawing the boundaries of a household in case the two criteria are in conflict; however, in the special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in a shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members is taken to include the person also. Each inmate of a mess, hotel, boarding and lodging house, hostel, etc., is considered a single-member household except that a family living in a hotel (say) is considered to be one household only; the same applies to residential staff of such establishments.

**2.0.1 Adult:** A person who has completed 15 years of age.

**2.0.2 Household size:** The size of a

household is the total number of persons in the household.

**2.0.3 Household consumer expenditure:** The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period is the household's consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure is the total of the monetary values of consumption of various groups of items, namely, (i) food, *pan* (betel leaves), tobacco, intoxicants and fuel & light, (ii) clothing and footwear and (iii) miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles.

**2.0.4** For groups (i) and (ii), the total value of consumption is derived by aggregating the monetary value of goods actually consumed during the reference period. An item of clothing and footwear would be considered to have been consumed if it is brought into maiden or first use during the reference period. The consumption may be out of (a) purchases made during the reference period or earlier; (b) home grown stock; (c) receipts in exchange of goods and services; (d) any other receipt through gift, charity, borrowing; and (e) free collection. Home produce is evaluated at the ex farm or ex factory prices. For evaluating the consumption of the items of group (iii), i.e. items categorised as miscellaneous goods and services and durable goods, a different approach is followed. In this case, the expenditure made during the



reference period for the purchase of goods and services is considered to be consumption.

2.0.5 It is pertinent to mention here that the consumer expenditure of a household on food items relates to the actual consumption by the normal resident members of the household and also by the guests, whether during ceremonies or otherwise. To avoid double counting, transfer payments like charity, loan advance, etc., made by the household are not considered consumption for items of groups (i) and (ii), since transfer receipts of these items have been taken into account. However, the item 'cooked meals' is an exception to the rule. Meals prepared in the household kitchen and provided to the employees and/or others would automatically get included in domestic consumption of employer (payer) household. There is a practical difficulty in estimating the quantities and values of individual items used for preparing the meals served to employees or to others. Thus, to avoid double counting, cooked meals received as perquisites from employer household or as gift or charity are not recorded in the recipient household. As a general principle, cooked meals purchased from the market for consumption of the normal resident members and of guests and employees will also be recorded in the purchaser household.

2.0.6 This procedure of recording cooked meals served to others in the expenditure of the serving households only leads to bias-free estimates of average per capita consumption as well as total consumer expenditure. However, as the proportions of donors and recipients of free cooked meals are likely to vary in opposite directions over the expenditure classes, the nutritional intake derived from the consumer expenditure survey data may present a somewhat distorted picture. These derived nutrition intakes may get inflated for the rich (net donors) and

somewhat understated for the poor (net recipients). This point has to be kept in mind while using the NSS consumer expenditure data for any nutritional studies relating to the nutritional status of households.

2.0.7 **Value of consumption:** Consumption out of purchase is evaluated at the purchase price. Consumption out of home produce is evaluated at ex farm or ex factory prices. Value of consumption out of gifts, loans, free collection and goods received in exchange of goods and services is imputed at the rate of average local retail prices prevailing during the reference period.

2.0.8 **Monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE):** For a household, this is its 30 days' total consumer expenditure divided by its size. A person's MPCE is understood as that of the household to which he or she belongs.

2.0.9 **MPCE class:** To classify households or persons by monthly per capita expenditure level, 12 classes have been formed in each sector - rural and urban. The MPCE classes are as follows:

MPCE class	Rural (Rs)	Urban (Rs)
1.	below 120	below 160
2.	120-140	160-190
3.	140-165	190-230
4.	165-190	230-265
5.	190-210	265-310
6.	210-235	310-355
7.	235-265	355-410
8.	265-300	410-490
9.	300-355	490-605
10.	355-455	605-825
11.	455-560	825-1055
12.	560 & above	1055 & above

The class limits for each sector were chosen in such a way that the first and last two classes contained 5% of the population and the remaining eight classes contained 10% of the population of each sector based on 50th round data.

**2.0.10 Major States:** The term will be used to denote the following States of India: Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. The remaining States and Union Territories of India are divided into three groups, viz. North-Eastern, North-Western and Southern, for the purpose of presentation of estimates. These groups have been formed as follows:

**2.0.11 North-Eastern:** Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.

**2.0.12 North-Western:** Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi.

**2.0.13 Southern:** Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

**2.0.14 Reference period:** In collecting data on consumption, the adoption of a reference period always involves a difficult choice. Too short a reference period (such as one day) gives rise to irregular data as a household's consumption expenditure does fluctuate a great deal from day to day, or from week to week. Too long a reference period, on the other hand, can introduce a good amount of recall error into the data. The annual series of consumer expenditure surveys, since the 42<sup>nd</sup> round up to the 49th round, used a uniform reference period of

'last 30 days' for all items of consumption. In the larger surveys, an additional reference period of 'last 365 days' was used for some items of consumption - particularly clothing, footwear and durable goods - but most results were tabulated using the 'last 30 days' data. Since the 51st round, a testing of difference between reference periods for collecting consumption data is being carried out through the consumer expenditure survey. Two types of schedule are used. One is called Schedule Type 1 and has a uniform reference period of 30 days. The other is called Schedule Type 2 and uses different reference periods for different items of consumption. The two schedules were canvassed, in the 54<sup>th</sup> round survey, in two independently selected samples of households, called sub-sample 1 and sub-sample 2. The reference periods for Schedule Type 2 were:

food, pan, tobacco and intoxicants	last 7 days
fuel & light, miscellaneous goods & services, and medical (non-institutional)	last 30 days
educational, medical (institutional), clothing, footwear and durable goods	last 365 days

**2.0.15 Milk and milk products:** This group includes *ghee*, butter, curds, ice cream, etc. Milk-based sweetmeats (*pera*, *rosogolla*, etc.) come under 'beverages, refreshments and processed food' unless they are prepared from milk, sugar, etc., within the household. In the latter case, consumption of milk, sugar, etc., is accounted separately instead of as a single item under 'milk products'.

**2.0.16 Beverages, refreshments and processed food:** This includes all beverages including tea, coffee, cocoa, cold drinks and

various commercially produced beverages, biscuits and confectionery, salted refreshments, sweets, pickles, sauce, jams and jellies, and also cooked meals obtained on payment (see paragraphs 2.0.5 and 2.0.6).

**2.0.17 Clothing:** This category includes bedsheets, bedcovers, pillows, curtains, mattresses, blankets, rugs, mats and matting, cotton yarn, wool and knitting wool. It, however, **excludes** tailoring charges, which come under 'miscellaneous goods and services'.

**2.0.18 Miscellaneous goods and services:** Items of consumption other than food and drink (and substances chewed and smoked), fuel, clothing and footwear, educational and medical goods and services, rent, taxes and durable goods.

**2.0.19 Taxes and cesses:** This term includes only taxes and cesses which are levied on the household as a domestic consumer. It includes consumer licence fees such as are paid for possession of firearms, etc. It excludes income tax.

**2.0.20 Education:** Apart from educational expenses proper such as school and college fees, private tuition charges, textbooks, etc., this group of items includes expenses on newspapers and magazines, fiction and stationery. Donations to school fund, however, are excluded.

**2.0.21 Institutional and non-institutional medical expenses:** The distinction between institutional and non-institutional medical expenses lies in whether the expenses were incurred for medical treatment undergone as an in-patient of a medical institution (such as a hospital or nursing home) or otherwise. Medical expenses include expenditure on medicines and medical goods including family

planning appliances, payments made for medical treatment, and expenses incurred for clinical tests.

**2.0.22 Durable goods:** Items included here are distinguished from miscellaneous goods by having a longer expected lifetime of use (roughly, one year or more). Expenditure incurred on repairs and construction of durables used for domestic purpose is included in 'expenditure on durable goods'.

**2.0.23** Some abbreviations commonly used in the text and appendix tables are:

cereal subst.	cereal substitutes
pulse and prod.	pulses and pulse products
milk and prod.	milk and milk products
beverages etc.	beverages, refreshments and processed food
misc. cons. goods	miscellaneous consumer goods
misc. cons. services	miscellaneous consumer services
medical (inst.)	medical (institutional)
medical (non-inst.)	medical (non-institutional)
total cons. exp.	total consumer expenditure

## Main findings

**2.1.0** The results on level and pattern of monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE) are discussed here for rural and urban areas of 15 major States and 3 groups of smaller States and Union Territories. Finally, the results of this round are compared with those of earlier rounds of NSS. Here it needs to be mentioned that State-level estimates of consumer expenditure, especially those relating to the smaller States, are more

affected by sampling fluctuations than the national level estimates. Also, estimates of consumption of items which are consumed with regularity, such as cereals, pulses or salt,

as durable goods or medical goods and services.

2.1.1 As mentioned in paragraph 2.0.14, the usual reference period - 'last 30 days' - for

**Table T1: Per 1000 distribution of rural and urban population over MPCE classes by schedule type for different NSS rounds**

**All-India**

MPCE class (Rs.)	estimated no. of persons per 1000								
	50th round	sch. type 1				sch. type 2			
		51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round
<b>Rural</b>									
0- 120	48	24	11	9	6	5	3	2	2
120- 140	52	39	19	15	14	16	7	4	3
140- 165	92	78	50	37	31	33	14	9	8
165- 190	111	108	69	50	51	51	24	17	18
190- 210	88	81	65	45	57	56	39	27	22
210- 235	101	101	95	62	77	83	56	45	40
235- 265	106	117	113	104	93	92	81	70	64
265- 300	99	100	116	109	112	122	106	96	92
300- 355	107	119	143	146	160	162	160	142	149
355- 455	98	109	150	178	172	183	232	228	234
455- 560	48	63	75	93	96	99	131	150	153
560& above	50	62	94	152	131	97	146	208	216
all classes	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
<b>Urban</b>									
0- 160	50	35	16	10	8	11	4	3	2
160- 190	50	44	19	18	17	15	7	5	5
190- 230	94	98	54	41	35	31	19	14	13
230- 265	90	79	62	45	31	44	25	22	21
265- 310	109	99	91	83	67	82	48	43	38
310- 355	100	89	84	79	87	83	72	55	49
355- 410	103	113	103	99	84	102	96	75	72
410- 490	106	117	138	129	137	133	143	120	135
490- 605	100	103	127	133	143	136	158	161	166
605- 825	102	104	138	160	173	177	187	229	197
825- 1055	47	41	64	73	74	72	99	115	105
1055& above	49	78	103	130	145	113	143	158	197
all classes	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

are much more stable than estimates relating to infrequently purchased or used items, such

collection of consumption data in NSS was adopted in only one-half of the sample, sub-

sample 1, of households. In the other half i.e., in sub-sample 2, different reference periods - of 7, 30 and 365 days length - were used for different item groups. Thus two sets of estimates of consumer expenditure arise from this survey, and one possible way of presenting the results of the survey would be to pool the data collected through the two schedule types. Another approach would be to proceed item-groupwise: to identify, for each item group, the more suitable reference period between the two which were used (30 days and 365 days, or 30 days and 7 days), and construct final estimates of average per capita consumption using the more suitable reference period for each item group.

2.1.2 Preliminary investigation of similar data collected in earlier rounds suggests that systematic differences exist in the estimates obtained from the two schedule types. Estimates based on the uniform reference period, moreover, fit reasonably well into the time series of consumer expenditure data existing up to 1993-94 (based on a 30-day reference period), while the estimates based on the varying-reference-period schedule do not (see Table T1). Since the purpose of the NSS consumer expenditure surveys is to generate a time series of data enabling a study of short-run and long-run changes in consumption, it was decided to release the 30-days-based estimates as part of a usual series of NSS reports on level and pattern of consumer expenditure. Meanwhile, the extent and nature of differences in the results obtained by the two approaches are to be investigated and the findings published as a separate study.

## 2.2 Distribution of MPCE

2.2.1 Distributions of rural and urban households and persons by MPCE class (based on schedule type 1), for each of the 18

States/State-U.T. groups (hereafter referred to as **States**) are given in Statements 2.1 (R & U) and 2.2 (R & U). In addition, Table 1 (Appendix A) gives the total number of persons and number of economically active persons per 1000 households (and their break-up into number of adult males, adult females and children), for each State and for all-India. The following points are of interest.

- Approximately 60% of rural households in India are estimated to have had, during Jan-June 1998, monthly per capita expenditure exceeding Rs.300, while 40% had MPCE below Rs.300 (last row of Statement 2.1R, col.10). These households were larger than average and accounted for 44% of rural population (See last row of Statement 2.2R).
- Only 5% of rural households in Punjab and 12% of rural households in Kerala had MPCE below Rs.300. For Orissa the percentage was as high as 61%, and for Bihar, nearly 64% (Statement 2.1R, col.10).
- About 12% of urban households in India had MPCE below Rs.310. The figure is only 2-3% for Punjab but as high as 32% for Madhya Pradesh (Statement 2.1U, col.7).
- 45% of the rural population of Punjab and 42% of the rural population of Kerala had MPCE exceeding Rs.560 against a national average of 13%. (Statement 2.2R). In urban India, 26% of the population of Maharashtra had MPCE above Rs.1055, the national average being about 14-15% (Statement 2.2U)..
- Poverty, as measured by the proportion of population in the lowest MPCE

classes, was greatest in rural areas of Bihar, Orissa and Madhya Pradesh. In urban India poverty was most noticeable in Madhya Pradesh, followed by Uttar Pradesh.

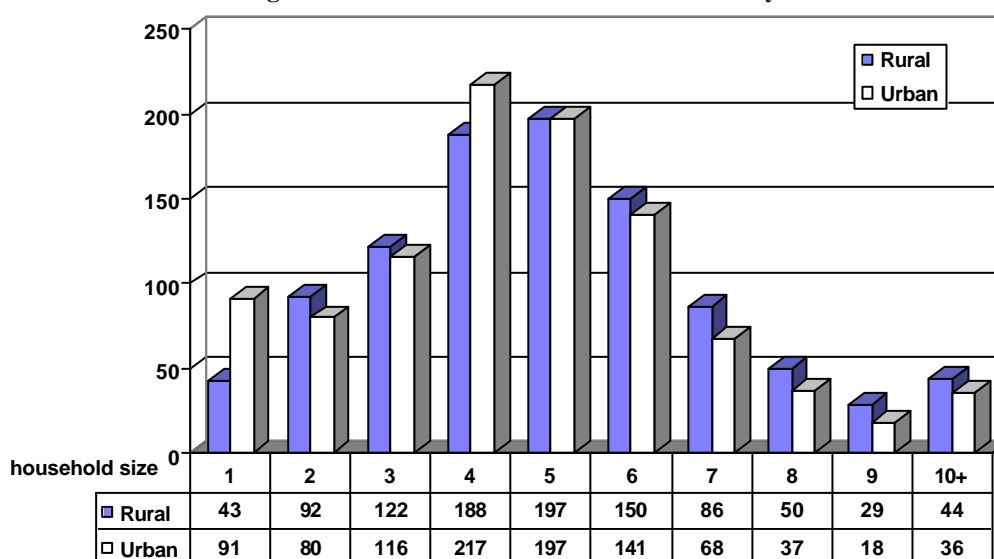
- For urban Haryana and Orissa, the irregular nature of the estimated MPCE distributions suggests that the sample sizes for these States were not large enough for estimation of the distribution of MPCE to a desirable level of accuracy. This problem is evident also in MP, Gujarat and UP, for example. This suggests the need for larger samples in future for generation of reliable State-level estimates.

### 2.3 Distribution of household size

2.3.1 The distributions of rural and urban households by household size for different States and all-India are presented in Statement 2.3. State-level averages of household size are shown in col.15 of Statement 2.1.

- Average number of persons per household was estimated at 5.0 for rural India and 4.7 for urban India.
- Households with 4 or 5 members accounted for around 40% of all rural or urban households in India.
- Single-member households formed 9% of all urban households and were more common in India than households with 2 members. A large proportion of such households were, no doubt, formed by persons living away from their families and near their place of work for economic reasons.
- Inter-state variation in household size was more pronounced than rural-urban variation. (The very low figure of 3.7 for urban Orissa could be a consequence of sampling errors, being based on only 72 households.) The lowest averages are seen in Tamil Nadu (4.0-4.1) and Andhra Pradesh (4.3-4.4). The highest averages were those of Haryana and Uttar Pradesh

Figure 1: Per 1000 distribution of households by size of household



(5.5 or more).

The all-India distributions of household size for rural and urban sectors are presented diagrammatically in Figure 1.

#### 2.4 Average MPCE: States and all-India

2.4.1 Average MPCE for rural, urban and combined sectors of different States is given in Table T2 and shown pictorially in Figure 2.

- For India as a whole, average MPCE was Rs. 455. For rural areas it was Rs. 382 and for urban areas, Rs. 684, 79% higher than in rural areas. Average MPCE was high in Kerala and Punjab.
- At the State level, average rural MPCE varied between Rs 289 and Rs 614. Punjab (Rs 614) and Kerala (Rs 604) were the top two major States in terms of average MPCE in rural areas. The rural average was lowest in Bihar (Rs 289) and Orissa (Rs 301).
- The all-India average MPCE for the urban sector was Rs 684. Among the major States, the highest urban average MPCE was that of Maharashtra (Rs.889). The presence of a rural sector with average MPCE of only Rs.384 brought down the average MPCE of Maharashtra as a whole to only Rs.569. It is likely that the ordering of States by urban MPCE on the basis of the sample has not been stable or dependable because of the small sample size for the urban sector (less than 150 households for 7 of the 15 major States). Average urban MPCE was the lowest in Bihar (Rs 515).

#### 2.5 Per capita expenditure on different items of consumption: all-India

2.5.1 Statements 2.4R and 2.4U show the break-up of MPCE by 28 groups of items of consumption - 14 food groups and 14 non-food groups - for each of the 18 States and for all-India. At the all-India level, more detailed information on consumption pattern is available in Table 3 of Appendix A, where the item break-ups of value of consumption are given separately for different segments of the rural and urban populations classified by MPCE. Table T3 shows all-India monthly per

**Table T2: Average MPCE by State and sector**

State	MPCE (Rs)		
	rural	urban	combined
AP	386	624	447
Assam	338	580	359
Bihar	289	515	316
Gujarat	416	594	471
Haryana	546	591	557
Karnataka	365	677	444
Kerala	604	778	646
MP	326	571	384
Maharashtra	384	889	569
Orissa	301	641	333
Punjab	614	680	638
Rajasthan	452	746	512
TN	381	613	469
UP	373	577	414
WB	358	684	431
North-Eastern	478	698	517
North-Western	556	1085	824
Southern	459	761	595
<b>all-India</b>	382	684	455

capita expenditure on different groups of items. Among the facts it reveals are the following.

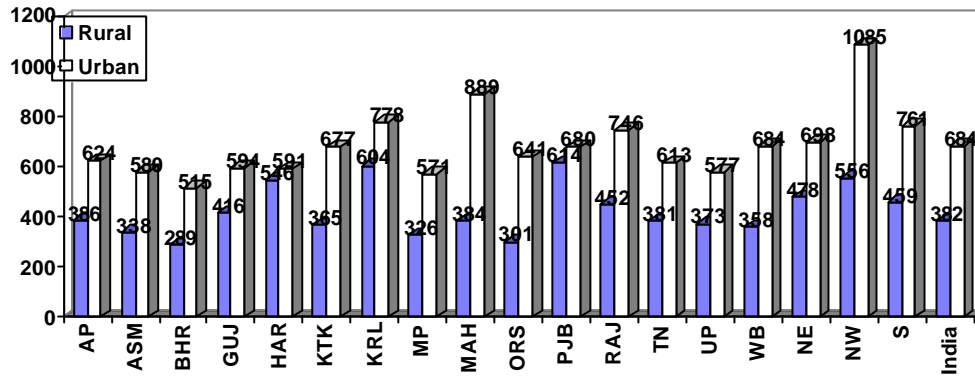
Monthly per capita consumer expenditure in the country as a whole has been estimated at Rs. 455, out of which Rs.

**258** was spent on food items and Rs. **197** on non-food items.

In rural India, the monthly per capita consumer expenditure of Rs. 382 was split up into Rs. 232, on an average, for



Figure 2: Average MPCE (Rs) by State for rural and urban areas



food and Rs. 150 for non-food. Expenditure on food included Rs. 87 for cereals and Rs. 37 for milk & milk products. In the urban sector, the average MPCE of Rs. 684 was split into Rs. 340 for food and Rs. 344 for non-food. Of the food expenditure, only Rs. 89 went towards cereals while Rs. 65 was spent on milk & milk products.

- Urban per capita expenditure levels

exceeded rural levels for all the item groups except for cereals and pan, tobacco & intoxicants, for which the levels of expenditure were almost the same.

2.5.2 The percentage composition of rural and urban MPCE by the 28 item groups for each of the 18 States and all-India may be studied from Statements 2.5R and 2.5U. Here we may confine ourselves to a

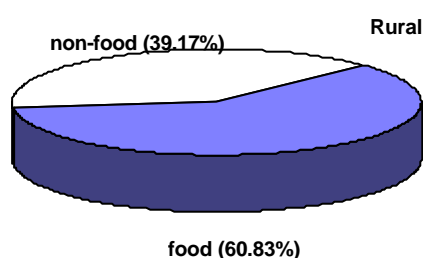
**Table T3: Monthly per capita expenditure on selected groups of consumption items**

item group	All-India					
	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs)			percentage of total expenditure (%)		
	rural	urban	combined	rural	urban	combined
cereals	87	89	88	22.8	13.0	19.3
gram	1	1	1	0.2	0.2	0.2
cereal subst.	0	0	0	0.1	0.1	0.1
pulse & prod.	14	20	15	3.7	2.9	3.4
milk & prod.	37	65	43	9.6	9.5	9.5
edible oil	17	26	19	4.3	3.7	4.1
meat,egg,fish	13	22	15	3.3	3.2	3.3
vegetables	24	36	27	6.4	5.2	5.9
fruits(fresh)	5	12	6	1.2	1.7	1.4
fruits(dry)	1	3	1	0.3	0.4	0.3
sugar	10	13	11	2.7	1.9	2.4
salt	1	1	1	0.2	0.2	0.2
spices	8	11	9	2.2	1.6	2.0
beverages etc.	15	42	22	4.0	6.1	4.8
<b>food total</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>60.8</b>	<b>49.6</b>	<b>56.8</b>
pan	2	3	2	0.4	0.4	0.4
tobacco	6	7	6	1.7	1.0	1.4
intoxicants	3	4	3	0.8	0.5	0.7
fuel & light	30	50	35	7.9	7.3	7.7
clothing	22	38	26	5.9	5.5	5.7
footwear	4	8	5	1.0	1.1	1.1
misc. cons goods	19	40	24	4.9	5.9	5.3
misc. cons serv.	18	57	27	4.7	8.3	6.0
rent	1	27	8	0.3	3.9	1.7
taxes & cesses	0	4	1	0.1	0.6	0.3
education	10	35	16	2.5	5.1	3.5
medical(inst.)	6	18	9	1.6	2.6	2.0
medical(non-inst.)	15	20	16	3.9	2.9	3.5
durable goods	13	36	19	3.5	5.2	4.2
<b>non-food-total</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>43.3</b>
<b>total cons. exp.</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>

discussion of the composition of MPCE for all States taken together (all-India column of each statement). However, the columns for individual States bear testimony to the great diversity among the States in consumption expenditure on certain item groups such as “milk and milk products” or “meat, fish and egg”.

2.5.3 In rural India, on the average, 61 paise of every rupee spent on consumption went towards food. Of these, 23 paise were spent on cereals\*, 10 paise on milk and milk products, 6 paise on vegetables\*, 4 paise on edible oil, 3-4 paise on pulses and pulse products and 3-4 paise on meat, fish and egg. Of the 39 paise of each rupee spent on non-food, 8 paise were spent on fuel and light†, 7 paise on clothing and footwear, 3 paise on

**Figure 3R: Break-up of MPCE by food and non-food**



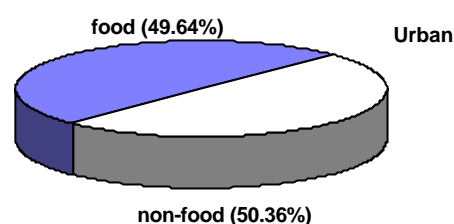
*pan*, tobacco and intoxicants, 2.5 paise spent on education and about 5.5 paise were medical expenses.

2.5.4 In urban India, the share of food as a whole was much lower – only 50 paise of the rupee. Only 13 paise of each rupee of consumption expenditure were spent on cereals. Again 10 paise per rupee were spent on milk and milk products. The share of meat-fish-eggs, edible oil and vegetables was

\* this includes imputed value of home-grown produce

† this includes imputed value of fuel collected free of charge

**Figure 3U: Break-up of MPCE by food and non-food**



not very different from that in rural India. 6 paise of the 50 paise spent on food went towards beverages, refreshments and processed food. Less than 2 paise in the rupee were spent on *pan*, tobacco and intoxicants. As in rural areas, 5.5% of expenses were medical expenses. 5 paise of each rupee were spent on education and an equal amount on durable goods.

2.5.5 Statement 2.5R shows that in rural areas, the share of food in total consumer expenditure varied among the major States from 53% in Punjab to 69% in Assam. In urban areas (Statement 2.5U), the State average of the share of food ranged from 41% to 62%. Inter-state variation in the share of food in total expenditure in urban areas was much less than that in rural areas.

## 2.6 Consumption of cereals

2.6.1 Statements 2.6 (R & U) show per capita quantity and value of monthly consumption of cereals at State and all-India levels. It may be noted here (see paragraph 2.0.7, **value of consumption**) that the value of consumption from home produce is imputed at ex farm prices. The main features are summarized below.

- Per capita monthly consumption of cereals was about 12.5 kg in rural India and about 10.4 kg in urban India.
- In six of the major states – Assam, West Bengal, Orissa, Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu and Kerala – rice formed more than 90% of total quantity of cereal consumed in rural areas. In five of these states rice accounted for 85% or more of cereal consumption in urban areas also (Table T4).
- Wheat accounted for 90% or more of total quantity of cereals consumed in urban areas of three major states and in rural areas of two of these states. Consumption of wheat per person was, in many states, higher in urban areas than in rural areas.
- Monthly per capita consumption of jowar was estimated at over 4 kg in rural Maharashtra, over 3 kg in rural Karnataka, over 1 kg in urban areas of these two states, 0.2-0.7 kg in Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat and Madhya Pradesh, and less than 0.1 kg in all other major states.
- Value of monthly per capita cereal consumption was generally in the range of Rs.60-80 in rural and urban areas of Gujarat, Haryana, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan, UP and MP. It was highest in the three eastern rice-growing states of Orissa, West Bengal and Assam (over Rs.110). It was around Rs.90 in Kerala and Tamil Nadu.

2.6.2 At the national level, more detailed information on cereal consumption is available in Table 2 of Appendix A. Table 2 gives quantity in kilograms and values in rupees of

per capita consumption during a period of 30 days of important cereals, gram and cereal substitutes for 12 MPCE classes of population in each sector.

**Table T4: Importance of the “major” cereal in selected States**

State	Share of rice in total quantity of cereal consumed	
	rural	urban
AP	93%	89%
Assam	96%	94%
Orissa	95%	85%
Tamil Nadu	94%	93%
West Bengal	94%	81%
Kerala	91%	85%

State	Share of wheat in total quantity of cereal consumed	
	rural	urban
Haryana	90%	92%
Punjab	92%	90%
Rajasthan	68%	91%
UP	67%	71%

### **Trends in consumption of cereals: all-India**

2.7.1 Estimates of quantity and value of all-India per capita consumption of important cereals from the 43<sup>rd</sup> round (quinquennial series survey of 1987-88) and for the 47th to the 54th rounds, covering the period from 1987 to 1998, are shown in Statements 2.7 (R&U). The 54th round data for rural India are consistent with the findings of the previous rounds. The decline in per capita consumption of cereals observed up to the 50<sup>th</sup> round has

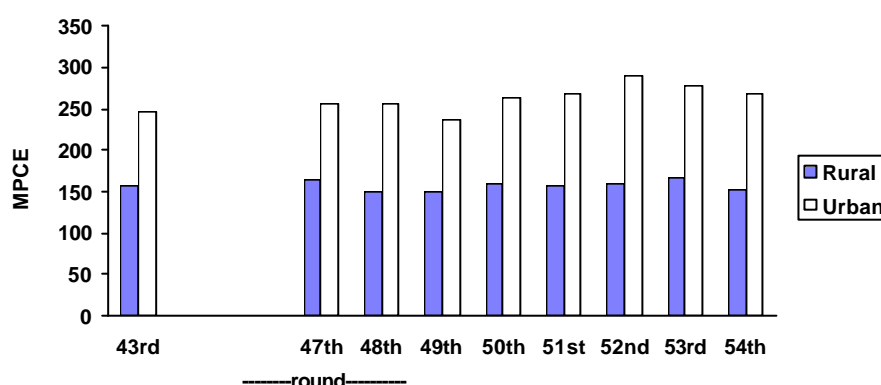
evidently continued. Value of cereals consumed per person has more than doubled in rupee terms since 1987-88 in both rural and urban areas.

## 2.8 Trends in composition of household MPCE: all-India

2.8.1 Statement 2.8 shows the percentage break-up of household MPCE by groups of items of consumption at the all-India level for the 43rd round and for the 47th to the 54th rounds, separately for rural and urban India. Here, 13 groups of food items and 8 groups

- That the share of **cereals** has fallen in both rural and urban India is evident, but the extent of fall is difficult to judge; it is probably about 3 percentage points in rural India and about 2 percentage point in urban India.
- The share of **edible oil** in total consumer expenditure has fallen from over 5% to under 4% in urban India. It has probably fallen by about half a percentage point in rural India as well.
- The share of **spices** has fallen by about half a percentage point in both rural and

**Figure 4: All-India MPCE at constant (1987-88) prices over NSS rounds**



of non-food items are considered. The main points of interest are as follows.

- There is definite evidence of a rise in the share of **non-food** expenditure in total expenditure between 1987 and 1998. The share appears to have increased, for rural India, from 36% in 1987-88 to around 39% in 1998. In urban India, it shows an increase from 43-44% to 50% or more over the same period.

urban India.

- The share of **pan, tobacco and intoxicants** has fallen by around half a percentage point in urban India.
- In view of the small sample sizes on which the estimates of the 51<sup>st</sup> to 54<sup>th</sup> round are based (only schedule type 1 estimates are presented), the apparent fluctuations in shares of many item groups since the 50<sup>th</sup> round must be discounted.

## **2.9 Other trends**

2.9.1 Trends, if any, in certain other parameters of interest, such as average household size, average MPCE and selected percentiles (20th, 50th and 80th) of the distribution of persons by MPCE, may be studied from Statement 2.9, which gives data for the 43rd round and for the 47th to the 54th rounds, separately for rural and urban sectors. This statement also shows average MPCE at constant (1987-88) prices. (For rural areas, the price index used is the CPI for agricultural labourers with base 1960-61 =100 and for urban areas, the CPI for urban non-manual employees with base 1984-85 =100.) Figure 4 shows the changes

in average MPCE over a decade in pictorial form. No noticeable trend in MPCE at constant prices is observed during the period 1987-1998 in rural or urban areas. However, if one leaves out the data for the last two rounds (the 53<sup>rd</sup> and 54<sup>th</sup> rounds), a slow upward rise seems to be indicated. The next quinquennial series survey should be able to identify which is the true situation.

**Statement 2.1R: Per thousand distribution of rural households of each State and all-India over 12 MPCE classes****Rural**

State	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs.)														average hh size	no. of households	
	000- 120	120- 140	140- 165	165- 190	190- 210	210- 235	235- 265	265- 300	000- 300	300- 355	355- 455	455- 560	560 & above	all classes		estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
AP	4	16	23	25	31	66	72	118	<b>355</b>	162	225	125	134	1000	4.3	121356	720
Assam	2	-	17	55	46	76	80	131	<b>407</b>	228	184	109	72	1000	5.4	35260	408
Bihar	7	20	46	100	95	111	123	134	<b>636</b>	134	126	50	55	1000	5.4	152543	939
Gujarat	-	3	3	11	18	52	56	90	<b>233</b>	140	270	171	187	1000	4.8	54646	375
Haryana	-	-	-	24	30	7	35	91	<b>187</b>	112	238	132	332	1000	5.8	25454	156
Karnataka	2	6	30	31	41	72	78	139	<b>399</b>	164	191	102	144	1000	5.0	69593	398
Kerala	-	-	9	4	7	17	33	49	<b>119</b>	88	157	136	501	1000	4.6	45527	372
MP	9	26	50	72	65	110	93	91	<b>516</b>	125	161	92	105	1000	5.1	107611	729
Maharashtra	5	13	31	48	56	76	103	103	<b>435</b>	146	126	106	186	1000	4.8	109970	672
Orissa	10	30	54	82	118	112	100	106	<b>612</b>	142	127	57	63	1000	4.6	62957	428
Punjab	-	-	-	3	3	3	10	31	<b>50</b>	88	185	183	494	1000	5.2	28909	328
Rajasthan	5	5	12	10	28	34	68	115	<b>277</b>	168	205	152	198	1000	5.4	60863	444
TN	7	3	16	34	25	53	109	108	<b>355</b>	180	208	135	122	1000	4.0	93770	667
UP	7	13	26	43	52	66	78	104	<b>389</b>	166	188	92	165	1000	5.6	241214	1257
WB	6	6	27	27	27	78	93	119	<b>383</b>	196	209	111	100	1000	5.0	111650	668
North-Eastern	2	2	2	9	18	19	31	47	<b>130</b>	154	272	171	274	1000	4.8	15582	801
North-Western	-	-	-	13	4	22	28	28	<b>95</b>	97	184	196	428	1000	5.3	20239	491
Southern	-	-	-	13	19	-	21	70	<b>123</b>	137	296	168	276	1000	4.3	2953	133
<b>all-India</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>1360097</b>	<b>9986</b>

**Statement 2.1U: Per thousand distribution urban households of each State and all-India over 12 MPCE classes**

State	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs)														average hh size	Urban no. of households	
	000- 160	160- 190	190- 230	230- 265	265- 310	000- 310	310- 355	355- 410	410- 490	490- 605	605- 825	825- 1055	1055 & above	all classes		estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
AP	10	23	21	30	54	<b>138</b>	117	113	157	96	169	83	128	1000	4.4	40841	264
Assam	-	28	-	-	58	<b>86</b>	95	97	92	212	283	48	86	1000	4.2	4425	56
Bihar	-	-	110	34	35	<b>179</b>	108	88	100	147	207	47	123	1000	5.5	20213	144
Gujarat	-	11	11	0	83	<b>105</b>	63	71	123	156	251	87	145	1000	4.9	24121	192
Haryana	-	6	1	6	72	<b>85</b>	1	23	371	101	319	5	96	1000	5.5	8564	48
Karnataka	5	-	20	9	63	<b>97</b>	102	58	120	165	141	120	198	1000	4.8	24632	176
Kerala	-	-	5	11	28	<b>44</b>	59	47	88	180	163	183	234	1000	4.2	16054	144
MP	34	31	103	86	67	<b>321</b>	70	73	91	124	165	50	107	1000	5.0	34142	224
Maharashtra	2	9	6	5	33	<b>55</b>	57	58	83	126	140	118	363	1000	4.4	70148	424
Orissa	-	-	6	63	73	<b>142</b>	31	19	87	296	172	106	147	1000	3.7	7986	72
Punjab	-	-	-	6	17	<b>23</b>	28	55	94	259	237	146	159	1000	4.5	19374	144
Rajasthan	0	-	13	32	65	<b>110</b>	73	49	58	164	296	46	204	1000	4.9	17316	123
TN	8	2	18	16	54	<b>98</b>	84	47	212	179	194	72	114	1000	4.1	56080	348
UP	8	38	33	24	106	<b>209</b>	96	91	114	122	128	68	172	1000	5.5	57672	311
WB	0	-	7	37	44	<b>88</b>	52	104	96	175	213	98	174	1000	4.5	36186	248
North-Eastern	-	-	-	14	21	<b>35</b>	59	111	120	166	217	110	182	1000	4.8	3421	244
North-Western	-	-	0	12	10	<b>22</b>	20	56	54	94	173	151	430	1000	4.4	24886	239
Southern	-	8	-	-	61	<b>69</b>	25	81	94	106	261	47	318	1000	4.2	2472	96
<b>all-India</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>468532</b>	<b>3497</b>



**Statement 2.2R: Per thousand distribution of rural population of each State and all-India over 12 MPCE classes**

State	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs)													average MPCE (Rs)	no. of persons	
	000- 120	120- 140	140- 165	165- 190	190- 210	210- 235	235- 265	265- 300	300- 355	355- 455	455- 560	560 & above	all classes		estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
AP	5	16	31	27	39	74	80	132	163	214	113	106	1000	386	520393	3140
Assam	1	-	15	55	51	70	87	143	247	179	102	50	1000	338	190091	2194
Bihar	6	23	52	109	102	116	138	127	130	113	41	43	1000	289	822311	5163
Gujarat	-	5	4	11	21	66	68	107	151	290	142	135	1000	416	264507	1861
Haryana	-	-	-	28	31	6	43	99	129	223	147	294	1000	546	146706	895
Karnataka	3	15	36	42	57	79	82	151	170	174	85	108	1000	365	344788	2007
Kerala	-	-	12	10	10	28	50	71	98	169	129	423	1000	604	210075	1738
MP	11	30	57	77	78	118	101	90	121	148	88	80	1000	326	548818	3770
Maharashtra	5	20	36	58	67	82	119	109	148	117	86	153	1000	384	531440	3284
Orissa	11	30	51	105	136	107	90	111	137	116	47	59	1000	301	289878	2005
Punjab	-	-	-	5	5	4	13	44	104	179	196	449	1000	614	150323	1697
Rajasthan	8	7	12	14	26	44	77	140	186	195	130	161	1000	452	331419	2426
TN	6	2	19	38	35	61	116	114	192	188	123	107	1000	381	376364	2697
UP	7	15	33	49	62	74	88	108	177	176	83	129	1000	373	1345790	7185
WB	7	8	28	29	32	83	102	118	204	198	102	88	1000	358	555794	3341
North-Eastern	3	3	2	10	24	22	37	59	171	260	164	244	1000	478	75042	3909
North-Western	-	-	-	17	5	28	32	30	119	191	195	384	1000	556	107257	2634
Southern	-	-	-	18	26	-	24	90	174	329	157	182	1000	459	12735	623
<b>all-India</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>6823729</b>	<b>50569</b>

**Statement 2.2U: Per thousand distribution of urban population of each State and all-India over 12 MPCE classes**

State	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs)													average MPCE (Rs)	Urban no. of persons	
	000- 160	160- 190	190- 230	230- 265	265- 310	310- 355	355- 410	410- 490	490- 605	605- 825	825- 1055	1055& above	all classes		estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
AP	11	33	23	39	58	139	123	155	90	146	81	101	1000	624	180039	1178
Assam	-	26	-	-	103	136	90	107	196	245	28	69	1000	580	18565	218
Bihar	-	-	133	42	45	122	96	108	153	223	19	60	1000	515	112062	743
Gujarat	-	32	15	0	106	75	76	132	146	273	51	94	1000	594	119353	949
Haryana	-	7	1	5	88	1	29	437	107	257	4	63	1000	591	46807	242
Karnataka	9	-	32	10	67	111	70	157	144	112	115	172	1000	677	117620	852
Kerala	-	-	5	16	48	74	42	115	198	164	149	189	1000	778	67857	687
MP	49	31	130	92	59	79	59	117	105	156	43	81	1000	571	171178	1150
Maharashtra	2	16	10	11	50	69	82	108	128	151	112	263	1000	889	306751	2017
Orissa	-	-	9	106	53	25	22	105	264	193	89	134	1000	641	29892	317
Punjab	-	-	-	10	23	36	78	142	286	238	82	105	1000	680	87150	660
Rajasthan	1	-	16	51	89	73	75	67	183	278	27	139	1000	746	84045	600
TN	9	2	24	22	58	100	56	234	159	180	66	91	1000	613	229605	1427
UP	9	49	56	30	121	121	89	127	112	116	54	116	1000	577	315683	1743
WB	0	-	12	49	59	69	155	109	173	163	82	131	1000	684	162661	1128
North-Eastern	-	-	-	23	29	70	125	129	167	224	93	139	1000	698	16322	1169
North-Western	-	-	0	26	9	25	81	59	126	185	118	371	1000	1085	109952	1040
Southern	-	4	-	-	108	23	106	77	137	224	52	270	1000	761	10462	414
<b>all-India</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>2186004</b>	<b>16534</b>

**Statement 2.3: Per 1000 distribution of households by size for each State**

State	household size										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	49	127	163	215	208	131	72	19	11	6	1000
Assam	17	56	101	164	223	205	96	62	19	57	1000
Bihar	29	96	98	178	182	156	93	59	39	68	1000
Gujarat	86	69	118	167	204	182	72	43	23	36	1000
Haryana	14	14	67	192	233	187	122	54	71	47	1000
Karnataka	41	78	145	216	209	132	67	41	31	39	1000
Kerala	34	88	156	265	215	117	41	32	18	34	1000
Madhya Pradesh	36	89	134	171	185	164	80	63	37	40	1000
Maharashtra	37	99	116	208	232	138	65	52	28	24	1000
Orissa	67	113	149	171	176	160	79	39	15	31	1000
Punjab	41	68	88	206	212	178	88	36	38	45	1000
Rajasthan	36	80	88	151	181	150	171	54	38	52	1000
Tamil Nadu	50	165	161	283	187	79	41	18	8	10	1000
Uttar Pradesh	57	75	100	118	178	164	113	77	37	80	1000
West Bengal	17	76	126	230	214	162	81	40	23	31	1000
North-Eastern	37	75	136	208	226	145	84	52	15	23	1000
North-Western	54	61	107	182	183	150	102	52	46	62	1000
Southern	50	106	178	211	219	145	53	26	3	9	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>1000</b>
No. of sample hhs	411	884	1196	1877	1968	1506	871	524	293	456	9986
<b>Urban</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	39	118	131	248	219	133	70	24	11	7	1000
Assam	148	48	108	275	193	130	53	18	-	27	1000
Bihar	108	66	41	103	210	146	73	147	26	79	1000
Gujarat	86	50	108	198	196	199	77	18	11	58	1000
Haryana	29	51	48	230	91	212	211	94	30	3	1000
Karnataka	32	102	146	267	135	145	49	51	23	50	1000
Kerala	144	40	124	346	114	131	48	9	16	30	1000
Madhya Pradesh	63	73	88	159	283	139	102	30	17	44	1000
Maharashtra	135	61	133	216	220	107	55	31	16	23	1000
Orissa	77	126	215	295	193	52	30	10	-	1	1000
Punjab	191	40	68	134	260	180	34	40	24	27	1000
Rajasthan	110	90	139	172	175	133	35	49	17	81	1000
Tamil Nadu	44	125	152	318	182	124	30	13	7	3	1000
Uttar Pradesh	85	55	68	112	212	195	117	57	39	60	1000
West Bengal	101	95	166	249	123	102	71	26	9	57	1000
North-Eastern	69	96	108	186	197	148	88	71	2	33	1000
North-Western	130	66	84	248	195	157	61	13	21	24	1000
Southern	101	142	118	299	136	58	40	21	25	60	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>1000</b>
No. of sample hhs	298	304	411	742	651	485	236	150	72	148	3497

**Statement 2.4R: Average monthly expenditure per person on 28 groups of items of consumption for rural areas of each State**

State item group	average monthly per capita expenditure (Rs.)																		
	AP	Assam	Bihar	Guja- rat	Hary- ana	Karna- taka	Kerala	MP	Maha- rashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Raja- sthan	TN	UP	WB	North- Eastern	North- Western	Sou- thern	all- India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
cereals	97.46	120.83	99.24	64.16	62.89	80.27	89.15	83.80	69.60	111.53	58.80	70.67	89.02	73.74	118.32	132.61	93.74	89.36	87.21
gram	0.08	0.18	1.50	0.82	0.91	1.05	1.63	1.07	0.34	0.04	2.07	0.12	1.07	0.79	0.12	0.08	1.47	0.68	0.76
cereal subst.	0.02	0.09	0.28	0.01	0.01	0.02	4.05	0.12	1.64	0.01	-	-	0.07	0.02	0.08	0.63	0.01	0.23	0.32
pulse & prod.	15.43	10.60	11.19	19.15	11.89	15.76	9.85	13.48	17.96	8.03	18.00	9.30	17.64	16.42	8.46	9.81	19.49	14.53	13.93
milk & prod.	27.63	13.31	18.75	65.86	133.39	30.05	31.03	27.08	26.26	7.92	119.29	95.63	21.72	41.94	14.29	16.26	76.46	34.17	36.54
edible oil	17.59	12.67	14.04	32.88	11.49	14.87	18.26	15.39	21.53	9.63	21.08	15.35	14.66	15.65	16.43	14.65	22.60	18.19	16.54
meat,egg,fish	18.65	25.13	8.49	5.09	3.17	13.49	54.76	5.00	12.08	9.77	3.20	3.10	18.58	5.89	23.72	47.83	11.32	35.91	12.65
vegetables	19.36	24.69	24.16	32.37	27.83	18.68	24.08	20.86	18.53	25.09	29.24	19.25	24.75	26.16	30.78	36.52	28.70	26.76	24.31
fruits(fresh)	3.69	2.45	1.21	5.37	6.12	8.90	31.15	2.71	5.63	2.08	4.90	2.65	7.33	2.77	2.77	6.83	4.48	21.56	4.59
fruits(dry)	1.46	0.03	0.31	1.32	0.73	1.35	0.49	0.39	4.52	0.11	0.65	1.07	0.19	1.16	0.15	0.13	0.90	0.32	1.02
sugar	6.19	5.90	4.78	17.04	24.41	10.74	11.27	10.07	14.37	4.73	26.49	17.60	5.93	11.46	5.64	6.22	12.26	9.98	10.18
salt	0.83	0.99	0.88	0.48	0.83	0.79	0.87	0.81	0.81	0.92	0.93	0.81	0.83	0.69	0.94	1.50	1.28	1.00	0.82
spices	10.58	4.66	6.04	9.34	8.62	9.26	14.51	7.18	8.82	5.09	10.29	9.26	14.29	7.87	6.50	6.26	10.86	14.75	8.42
beverage etc.	14.26	11.53	6.23	24.19	18.05	21.65	45.30	11.02	16.99	9.85	32.09	13.13	26.29	11.45	10.60	15.93	21.82	29.40	15.09
<b>food total</b>	<b>233.23</b>	<b>233.06</b>	<b>197.09</b>	<b>278.09</b>	<b>310.36</b>	<b>226.89</b>	<b>336.40</b>	<b>199.01</b>	<b>219.09</b>	<b>194.79</b>	<b>327.03</b>	<b>257.93</b>	<b>242.39</b>	<b>216.01</b>	<b>238.80</b>	<b>295.26</b>	<b>305.40</b>	<b>296.85</b>	<b>232.40</b>
pan	0.88	5.89	0.60	1.36	0.11	3.37	2.44	1.69	2.14	2.15	0.03	0.21	2.37	1.27	1.26	6.98	0.40	2.47	1.58
tobacco	9.28	4.02	3.16	10.44	9.77	6.62	9.09	6.05	4.88	2.03	2.68	11.56	5.06	6.49	6.26	10.91	7.25	3.58	6.31
intoxicants	6.68	4.63	2.48	1.19	1.02	3.87	8.31	3.60	2.82	1.62	9.54	3.53	2.38	1.59	1.35	4.34	2.19	6.45	3.07
fuel & light	27.46	24.27	22.99	32.69	37.82	31.14	41.57	27.07	31.79	25.45	58.64	35.54	29.75	30.39	26.19	37.60	34.82	35.35	30.02
clothing	22.93	16.25	14.39	17.67	22.47	13.33	28.78	22.40	20.95	18.06	35.97	28.70	12.30	31.34	19.44	20.99	38.09	12.29	22.34
footwear	2.59	2.04	1.34	4.67	13.12	1.85	4.68	3.37	3.13	1.53	10.81	8.73	1.18	5.43	1.74	6.92	16.06	1.24	3.97
misc.cons. goods	23.08	13.89	13.32	21.18	21.68	20.86	26.52	20.22	22.62	11.58	32.16	17.02	24.20	16.69	14.73	19.74	23.65	31.31	18.80
misc. cons. serv.	15.69	9.64	9.11	22.75	27.65	21.63	42.09	15.74	24.37	6.45	36.45	27.22	16.72	17.79	8.85	15.63	35.90	40.60	17.95
rent	1.83	0.30	0.08	0.96	1.84	1.88	1.33	1.10	2.95	1.17	1.56	0.46	4.30	0.81	0.09	1.93	3.34	6.55	1.29
taxes & cesses	0.92	0.05	0.00	1.25	0.13	1.17	0.73	0.16	1.67	0.10	0.06	0.87	0.90	0.04	0.10	0.13	0.43	1.40	0.47
education	3.19	8.04	7.48	4.93	21.90	6.27	22.59	3.58	7.90	5.57	27.99	5.49	5.77	11.51	12.58	34.99	31.79	4.26	9.57
medical(inst.)	2.29	2.49	1.97	5.54	11.78	8.72	25.75	2.53	14.33	4.44	5.50	11.08	11.73	2.98	4.65	4.43	5.38	2.49	6.10
medical(non-inst)	15.94	4.85	9.94	5.47	20.27	8.78	28.21	10.44	13.06	10.65	32.83	16.28	14.36	20.80	13.19	10.46	19.21	9.37	14.74
durable goods	20.19	8.13	5.06	7.41	46.03	8.22	25.04	9.36	12.34	15.28	32.94	27.58	7.27	12.77	8.29	7.04	32.49	4.70	13.46
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>152.95</b>	<b>104.49</b>	<b>91.92</b>	<b>137.51</b>	<b>235.60</b>	<b>137.71</b>	<b>267.13</b>	<b>127.31</b>	<b>164.95</b>	<b>106.08</b>	<b>287.17</b>	<b>194.28</b>	<b>138.29</b>	<b>159.91</b>	<b>118.69</b>	<b>182.08</b>	<b>251.01</b>	<b>162.05</b>	<b>149.67</b>
<b>tot. cons. exp.</b>	<b>386.18</b>	<b>337.55</b>	<b>289.00</b>	<b>415.60</b>	<b>545.96</b>	<b>364.60</b>	<b>603.53</b>	<b>326.32</b>	<b>384.04</b>	<b>300.88</b>	<b>614.19</b>	<b>452.21</b>	<b>380.68</b>	<b>375.92</b>	<b>357.50</b>	<b>477.35</b>	<b>556.42</b>	<b>458.90</b>	<b>382.07</b>
sample hhs.	720	408	939	375	156	398	372	729	672	428	328	444	667	1257	668	801	491	133	9986

**Statement 2.4U: Average monthly expenditure per person on 28 groups of items of consumption for urban areas of each State**

State item group	average monthly per capita expenditure (Rs)																		
	AP	Assam	Bihar	Guja- rat	Hary- ana	Karna- taka	Kerala	MP	Maha- rashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Raja- sthan	TN	UP	WB	North- Eastern	North- Western	Sou- thern	all- India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
cereals	101.27	114.46	105.53	79.39	73.12	100.55	89.33	78.96	88.23	118.95	71.22	69.13	90.53	77.74	110.34	135.29	83.02	100.80	89.11
gram	0.07	1.14	4.00	1.04	1.29	1.30	2.36	0.73	0.78	0.86	1.86	0.05	1.85	2.08	0.30	0.11	2.16	1.83	1.34
cereal subst.	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.49	0.29	0.05	2.13	0.38	1.56	0.05	-	-	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.06	-	0.38	0.37
pulse & prod.	23.60	12.91	16.43	20.39	12.99	20.84	12.22	18.33	23.33	19.37	19.89	10.89	24.06	19.08	13.61	15.29	21.05	16.20	19.52
milk & prod.	51.78	31.80	47.60	80.53	106.25	55.49	42.68	53.47	69.21	35.68	114.86	110.84	49.27	63.01	34.89	32.56	120.17	60.08	64.63
edible oil	25.00	24.87	22.21	40.59	19.86	20.76	20.30	23.32	34.46	23.29	26.83	20.07	19.28	21.97	25.82	19.46	30.57	20.96	25.52
meat,egg,fish	23.99	45.61	13.16	10.25	0.91	23.06	63.70	8.29	22.18	25.92	5.03	6.14	26.28	13.93	55.91	66.33	16.09	66.52	21.94
vegetables	25.32	35.92	30.48	52.90	28.40	27.98	30.82	30.03	38.29	49.66	33.56	32.36	29.26	34.42	45.06	44.72	57.01	34.38	35.66
fruits(fresh)	7.56	4.94	5.09	10.70	10.59	13.84	35.03	7.58	16.80	11.84	11.37	11.42	10.66	8.25	9.55	8.79	23.04	21.70	11.92
fruits(dry)	2.30	0.16	0.42	1.96	0.51	2.16	0.57	2.19	7.47	0.33	0.40	4.08	0.48	3.85	0.92	0.40	6.21	1.48	2.86
sugar	9.38	10.41	9.02	16.16	16.34	12.66	12.62	12.83	15.49	9.17	22.25	14.99	8.39	13.95	8.29	9.62	12.31	10.10	12.65
salt	1.22	1.13	1.17	0.66	1.11	0.94	0.96	1.12	1.19	1.49	1.08	1.15	0.90	0.98	1.41	1.96	1.37	1.17	1.10
spices	14.11	7.53	7.62	11.08	7.43	11.42	15.00	10.42	10.90	9.20	9.35	10.28	16.25	9.24	8.38	7.42	12.46	16.02	11.12
beverage etc.	31.67	36.83	18.23	43.27	27.12	41.86	64.45	22.62	68.02	48.48	39.79	41.42	50.71	28.15	36.64	25.28	63.88	48.66	41.96
<b>food total</b>	<b>317.28</b>	<b>327.74</b>	<b>280.97</b>	<b>369.40</b>	<b>306.21</b>	<b>332.93</b>	<b>392.17</b>	<b>270.26</b>	<b>397.91</b>	<b>354.28</b>	<b>357.50</b>	<b>332.84</b>	<b>327.95</b>	<b>296.70</b>	<b>351.18</b>	<b>367.31</b>	<b>449.32</b>	<b>400.29</b>	<b>339.71</b>
pan	0.95	10.71	1.53	5.44	1.68	2.71	1.87	4.27	3.82	6.68	0.09	0.67	2.14	2.76	2.47	10.77	1.64	4.56	2.77
tobacco	8.00	10.85	1.54	5.83	6.58	3.91	9.70	7.07	4.87	3.61	2.80	8.38	7.64	6.78	11.81	11.36	6.52	4.99	6.62
intoxicants	3.33	3.41	1.92	0.82	0.45	4.24	7.87	5.69	3.32	9.54	8.23	2.43	5.27	2.57	1.42	4.02	3.70	16.58	3.72
fuel & light	49.07	40.97	38.46	52.41	52.97	49.09	52.62	35.79	58.67	52.64	66.46	54.66	44.05	41.64	56.13	46.97	66.70	47.86	49.89
clothing	39.84	26.32	30.84	8.96	13.78	67.77	51.13	38.86	39.65	48.99	26.09	49.97	15.64	45.25	28.06	25.50	76.04	19.32	37.71
footwear	4.02	10.76	2.83	3.20	6.08	8.14	5.18	4.25	6.80	9.07	9.95	17.17	3.45	11.69	2.93	8.42	24.75	3.28	7.53
misc.cons. goods	39.81	25.24	25.63	38.21	33.01	39.93	32.74	39.01	59.30	33.97	45.65	34.87	38.57	31.57	33.03	29.72	56.01	46.39	40.10
misc. cons. serv.	41.32	30.19	21.73	48.58	38.22	53.60	59.21	46.97	110.73	33.20	52.41	73.14	35.25	35.42	44.72	46.60	122.16	104.80	56.68
rent	43.78	31.55	26.80	9.89	42.94	28.20	22.94	8.77	27.19	50.79	17.17	21.66	53.11	16.00	14.76	26.71	41.24	15.85	26.99
taxes & cesses	4.03	-	0.16	2.84	3.01	6.83	2.51	1.97	13.17	0.53	1.68	4.28	2.94	1.50	1.28	1.13	4.52	3.27	4.12
education	17.66	20.23	42.54	23.64	27.95	36.79	35.10	26.12	32.11	17.16	41.12	31.94	14.95	29.96	47.35	71.74	127.65	19.75	34.89
medical(inst.)	10.62	0.37	18.26	2.18	0.02	12.75	7.99	0.17	33.73	0.04	3.58	3.15	41.42	20.86	8.28	6.09	34.13	0.65	17.62
medical(non-inst)	18.24	8.64	18.92	10.22	21.03	14.34	43.46	19.61	22.59	13.26	32.89	14.49	11.68	20.47	31.16	26.41	17.62	17.07	20.10
durable goods	25.66	32.58	2.72	12.02	36.59	15.77	53.52	62.10	74.77	7.73	13.91	96.35	9.06	13.71	49.55	14.89	52.69	56.18	35.85
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>306.32</b>	<b>251.83</b>	<b>233.89</b>	<b>224.25</b>	<b>284.32</b>	<b>344.07</b>	<b>385.83</b>	<b>300.65</b>	<b>490.73</b>	<b>287.20</b>	<b>322.02</b>	<b>413.15</b>	<b>285.16</b>	<b>280.17</b>	<b>332.93</b>	<b>330.33</b>	<b>635.37</b>	<b>360.55</b>	<b>344.57</b>
<b>tot. cons. exp.</b>	<b>623.61</b>	<b>579.57</b>	<b>514.86</b>	<b>593.65</b>	<b>590.53</b>	<b>677.00</b>	<b>778.01</b>	<b>570.91</b>	<b>888.64</b>	<b>641.49</b>	<b>679.52</b>	<b>745.98</b>	<b>613.11</b>	<b>576.86</b>	<b>684.11</b>	<b>697.64</b>	<b>1084.69</b>	<b>760.84</b>	<b>684.27</b>
sample hhs.	264	56	144	192	48	176	144	224	424	72	144	123	348	311	248	244	239	96	3497

**Statement 2.5R: Percentage composition of average monthly expenditure per person on 28 groups of items of consumption for rural areas of each State**

State item group	average monthly per capita expenditure on the item group as percentage of total MPCE																		
	AP	Assam	Bihar	Gujarat	Haryana	Karnataka	Kerala	MP	Maharashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Rajasthan	TN	UP	WB	North-Eastern	North-Western	Southern	all-India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
cereals	25.24	35.80	34.34	15.44	11.52	22.02	14.77	25.68	18.12	37.07	9.57	15.63	23.38	19.62	33.10	27.78	16.85	19.47	22.83
gram	0.02	0.05	0.52	0.20	0.17	0.29	0.27	0.33	0.09	0.01	0.34	0.03	0.28	0.21	0.03	0.02	0.26	0.15	0.20
cereal subst.	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.04	0.43	0.00	-	-	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.13	0.00	0.05	0.08
pulse & prod.	3.99	3.14	3.87	4.61	2.18	4.32	1.63	4.13	4.68	2.67	2.93	2.06	4.63	4.37	2.37	2.06	3.50	3.17	3.65
milk & prod.	7.16	3.94	6.49	15.85	24.43	8.24	5.14	8.30	6.84	2.63	19.42	21.15	5.71	11.16	4.00	3.41	13.74	7.45	9.56
edible oil	4.55	3.75	4.86	7.91	2.10	4.08	3.03	4.72	5.61	3.20	3.43	3.39	3.85	4.16	4.60	3.07	4.06	3.96	4.33
meat,egg,fish	4.83	7.44	2.94	1.22	0.58	3.70	9.07	1.53	3.15	3.25	0.52	0.69	4.88	1.57	6.63	10.02	2.03	7.83	3.31
vegetables	5.01	7.31	8.36	7.79	5.10	5.12	3.99	6.39	4.82	8.34	4.76	4.26	6.50	6.96	8.61	7.65	5.16	5.83	6.36
fruits(fresh)	0.95	0.72	0.42	1.29	1.12	2.44	5.16	0.83	1.47	0.69	0.80	0.59	1.93	0.74	0.77	1.43	0.81	4.70	1.20
fruits(dry)	0.38	0.01	0.11	0.32	0.13	0.37	0.08	0.12	1.18	0.04	0.11	0.24	0.05	0.31	0.04	0.03	0.16	0.07	0.27
sugar	1.60	1.75	1.65	4.10	4.47	2.95	1.87	3.09	3.74	1.57	4.31	3.89	1.56	3.05	1.58	1.30	2.20	2.18	2.66
salt	0.22	0.29	0.30	0.12	0.15	0.22	0.14	0.25	0.21	0.31	0.15	0.18	0.22	0.18	0.26	0.31	0.23	0.22	0.22
spices	2.74	1.38	2.09	2.25	1.58	2.54	2.40	2.20	2.30	1.69	1.68	2.05	3.75	2.09	1.82	1.31	1.95	3.21	2.20
beverage etc.	3.69	3.42	2.16	5.82	3.31	5.94	7.51	3.38	4.42	3.28	5.22	2.90	6.91	3.05	2.96	3.34	3.92	6.41	3.95
<b>food total</b>	<b>60.40</b>	<b>69.04</b>	<b>68.20</b>	<b>66.91</b>	<b>56.85</b>	<b>62.23</b>	<b>55.74</b>	<b>60.98</b>	<b>57.05</b>	<b>64.74</b>	<b>53.25</b>	<b>57.04</b>	<b>63.67</b>	<b>57.46</b>	<b>66.80</b>	<b>61.86</b>	<b>54.89</b>	<b>64.69</b>	<b>60.83</b>
pan	0.23	1.74	0.21	0.33	0.02	0.92	0.40	0.52	0.56	0.72	0.00	0.05	0.62	0.34	0.35	1.46	0.07	0.54	0.41
tobacco	2.40	1.19	1.09	2.51	1.79	1.82	1.51	1.85	1.27	0.67	0.44	2.56	1.33	1.73	1.75	2.29	1.30	0.78	1.65
intoxicants	1.73	1.37	0.86	0.29	0.19	1.06	1.38	1.10	0.73	0.54	1.55	0.78	0.62	0.42	0.38	0.91	0.39	1.41	0.80
fuel & light	7.11	7.19	7.95	7.87	6.93	8.54	6.89	8.30	8.28	8.46	9.55	7.86	7.82	8.09	7.33	7.88	6.26	7.70	7.86
clothing	5.94	4.81	4.98	4.25	4.11	3.66	4.77	6.87	5.46	6.00	5.86	6.35	3.23	8.34	5.44	4.40	6.85	2.68	5.85
footwear	0.67	0.60	0.46	1.12	2.40	0.51	0.78	1.03	0.82	0.51	1.76	1.93	0.31	1.45	0.49	1.45	2.89	0.27	1.04
misc.cons. goods	5.98	4.11	4.61	5.10	3.97	5.72	4.39	6.20	5.89	3.85	5.24	3.76	6.36	4.44	4.12	4.13	4.25	6.82	4.92
misc. cons. serv.	4.06	2.86	3.15	5.47	5.06	5.93	6.97	4.82	6.35	2.14	5.94	6.02	4.39	4.73	2.47	3.28	6.45	8.85	4.70
rent	0.47	0.09	0.03	0.23	0.34	0.52	0.22	0.34	0.77	0.39	0.25	0.10	1.13	0.22	0.02	0.40	0.60	1.43	0.34
taxes & cesses	0.24	0.02	0.00	0.30	0.02	0.32	0.12	0.05	0.43	0.03	0.01	0.19	0.24	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.30	0.12
education	0.82	2.38	2.59	1.19	4.01	1.72	3.74	1.10	2.06	1.85	4.56	1.21	1.51	3.06	3.52	7.33	5.71	0.93	2.50
medical(inst.)	0.59	0.74	0.68	1.33	2.16	2.39	4.27	0.78	3.73	1.48	0.89	2.45	3.08	0.79	1.30	0.93	0.97	0.54	1.60
medical(non-inst)	4.13	1.44	3.44	1.32	3.71	2.41	4.67	3.20	3.40	3.54	5.35	3.60	3.77	5.53	3.69	2.19	3.45	2.04	3.86
durable goods	5.23	2.41	1.75	1.78	8.43	2.25	4.15	2.87	3.21	5.08	5.36	6.10	1.91	3.40	2.32	1.47	5.84	1.02	3.52
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>39.60</b>	<b>30.96</b>	<b>31.80</b>	<b>33.09</b>	<b>43.15</b>	<b>37.77</b>	<b>44.26</b>	<b>39.02</b>	<b>42.95</b>	<b>35.26</b>	<b>46.75</b>	<b>42.96</b>	<b>36.33</b>	<b>42.54</b>	<b>33.20</b>	<b>38.14</b>	<b>45.11</b>	<b>35.31</b>	<b>39.17</b>
tot. cons. exp.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

**Statement 2.5U: Percentage composition of average monthly expenditure per person on 28 groups of items of consumption for urban areas of each State**

State item group	average monthly per capita expenditure on the item group as percentage of total MPCE																		
	AP	Assam	Bihar	Gujarat	Haryana	Karnataka	Kerala	MP	Maharashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Rajasthan	TN	UP	WB	North-Eastern	North-Western	Southern	all-India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
cereals	16.24	19.75	20.50	13.37	12.38	14.85	11.48	13.83	9.93	18.54	10.48	9.27	14.77	13.48	16.13	19.39	7.65	13.25	13.02
gram	0.01	0.20	0.78	0.17	0.22	0.19	0.30	0.13	0.09	0.13	0.27	0.01	0.30	0.36	0.04	0.02	0.20	0.24	0.20
cereal subst.	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.05	0.01	0.27	0.07	0.18	0.01	-	-	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	-	0.05	0.05
pulse & prod.	3.79	2.23	3.19	3.43	2.20	3.08	1.57	3.21	2.62	3.02	2.93	1.46	3.92	3.31	1.99	2.19	1.94	2.13	2.85
milk & prod.	8.30	5.49	9.25	13.57	17.99	8.20	5.49	9.37	7.79	5.56	16.90	14.86	8.04	10.92	5.10	4.67	11.08	7.90	9.45
edible oil	4.01	4.29	4.31	6.84	3.36	3.07	2.61	4.09	3.88	3.63	3.95	2.69	3.15	3.81	3.77	2.79	2.82	2.76	3.73
meat,egg,fish	3.85	7.87	2.56	1.73	0.15	3.41	8.19	1.45	2.50	4.04	0.74	0.82	4.29	2.42	8.17	9.51	1.48	8.74	3.21
vegetables	4.06	6.20	5.92	8.91	4.81	4.13	3.96	5.26	4.31	7.74	4.94	4.34	4.77	5.97	6.59	6.41	5.26	4.52	5.21
fruits(fresh)	1.21	0.85	0.99	1.80	1.79	2.04	4.50	1.33	1.89	1.85	1.67	1.53	1.74	1.43	1.40	1.26	2.12	2.85	1.74
fruits(dry)	0.37	0.03	0.08	0.33	0.09	0.32	0.07	0.38	0.84	0.05	0.06	0.55	0.08	0.67	0.13	0.06	0.57	0.19	0.42
sugar	1.50	1.80	1.75	2.72	2.77	1.87	1.62	2.25	1.74	1.43	3.27	2.01	1.37	2.42	1.21	1.38	1.13	1.33	1.85
salt	0.20	0.20	0.23	0.11	0.19	0.14	0.12	0.20	0.13	0.23	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.21	0.28	0.13	0.15	0.16
spices	2.26	1.30	1.48	1.87	1.26	1.69	1.93	1.83	1.23	1.43	1.38	1.38	2.65	1.60	1.23	1.06	1.15	2.11	1.63
beverage etc.	5.08	6.35	3.54	7.29	4.59	6.18	8.28	3.96	7.65	7.56	5.86	5.55	8.27	4.88	5.36	3.62	5.89	6.40	6.13
<b>food total</b>	<b>50.88</b>	<b>56.55</b>	<b>54.57</b>	<b>62.23</b>	<b>51.85</b>	<b>49.18</b>	<b>50.41</b>	<b>47.34</b>	<b>44.78</b>	<b>55.23</b>	<b>52.61</b>	<b>44.62</b>	<b>53.49</b>	<b>51.43</b>	<b>51.33</b>	<b>52.65</b>	<b>41.42</b>	<b>52.61</b>	<b>49.64</b>
pan	0.15	1.85	0.30	0.92	0.28	0.40	0.24	0.75	0.43	1.04	0.01	0.09	0.35	0.48	0.36	1.54	0.15	0.60	0.40
tobacco	1.28	1.87	0.30	0.98	1.11	0.58	1.25	1.24	0.55	0.56	0.41	1.12	1.25	1.18	1.73	1.63	0.60	0.66	0.97
intoxicants	0.53	0.59	0.37	0.14	0.08	0.63	1.01	1.00	0.37	1.49	1.21	0.33	0.86	0.45	0.21	0.58	0.34	2.18	0.54
fuel & light	7.87	7.07	7.47	8.83	8.97	7.25	6.76	6.27	6.60	8.21	9.78	7.33	7.18	7.22	8.20	6.73	6.15	6.29	7.29
clothing	6.39	4.54	5.99	1.51	2.33	10.01	6.57	6.81	4.46	7.64	3.84	6.70	2.55	7.84	4.10	3.66	7.01	2.54	5.51
footwear	0.64	1.86	0.55	0.54	1.03	1.20	0.67	0.74	0.76	1.41	1.46	2.30	0.56	2.03	0.43	1.21	2.28	0.43	1.10
misc.cons. goods	6.38	4.36	4.98	6.44	5.59	5.90	4.21	6.83	6.67	5.29	6.72	4.67	6.29	5.47	4.83	4.26	5.16	6.10	5.86
misc. cons. serv.	6.63	5.21	4.22	8.18	6.47	7.92	7.61	8.23	12.46	5.18	7.71	9.80	5.75	6.14	6.54	6.68	11.26	13.77	8.28
rent	7.02	5.44	5.21	1.67	7.27	4.17	2.95	1.54	3.06	7.92	2.53	2.90	8.66	2.77	2.16	3.83	3.80	2.08	3.94
taxes & cesses	0.65	-	0.03	0.48	0.51	1.01	0.32	0.35	1.48	0.08	0.25	0.57	0.48	0.26	0.19	0.16	0.42	0.43	0.60
education	2.83	3.49	8.26	3.98	4.73	5.43	4.51	4.58	3.61	2.67	6.05	4.28	2.44	5.19	6.92	10.28	11.77	2.60	5.10
medical(inst.)	1.70	0.06	3.55	0.37	0.00	1.88	1.03	0.03	3.80	0.01	0.53	0.42	6.76	3.62	1.21	0.87	3.15	0.09	2.58
medical(non-inst)	2.93	1.49	3.67	1.72	3.56	2.12	5.59	3.44	2.54	2.07	4.84	1.94	1.91	3.55	4.56	3.79	1.62	2.24	2.94
durable goods	4.12	5.62	0.53	2.03	6.20	2.33	6.88	10.88	8.41	1.21	2.05	12.92	1.48	2.38	7.24	2.13	4.86	7.38	5.24
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>49.12</b>	<b>43.45</b>	<b>45.43</b>	<b>37.77</b>	<b>48.15</b>	<b>50.82</b>	<b>49.59</b>	<b>52.66</b>	<b>55.22</b>	<b>44.77</b>	<b>47.39</b>	<b>55.38</b>	<b>46.51</b>	<b>48.57</b>	<b>48.67</b>	<b>47.35</b>	<b>58.58</b>	<b>47.39</b>	<b>50.36</b>
tot. cons. exp.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

**Statement 2.6R: Quantity and value of monthly average consumption of different cereals per person for rural areas of each State and all-India**

State cereal	Rural																		
	AP	Assam	Bihar	Guja- rat	Hary- ana	Karna- taka	Kerala	MP	Maha- rashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Raja- sthan	TN	UP	WB	North- Eastern	North- Western	Sou- thern	all- India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
	<b>Quantity (kg)</b>																		
rice	12.07	12.04	8.10	2.14	0.53	4.89	9.05	5.66	2.93	15.13	0.65	0.15	10.59	3.85	12.91	12.58	5.53	8.77	6.84
wheat	0.21	0.51	5.58	3.89	10.30	0.78	0.85	5.84	2.37	0.43	8.98	8.70	0.31	8.55	0.83	0.24	4.77	1.58	4.28
jowar	0.42	-	0.02	0.46	-	3.37	-	0.54	4.07	0.01	-	0.05	0.02	0.04	-	-	0.00	0.08	0.59
bajra	0.02	-	-	2.18	0.64	0.08	-	0.04	0.91	-	-	2.68	0.02	0.22	-	0.00	-	0.06	0.35
maize	0.10	-	0.36	0.53	0.01	0.24	0.00	0.29	0.07	0.00	0.13	1.04	0.01	0.10	0.00	0.23	2.05	-	0.22
other cereals	0.21	-	0.03	0.07	-	1.85	0.00	0.14	0.11	0.30	-	0.10	0.34	0.06	0.00	0.17	0.04	0.17	0.19
<b>total cereals</b>	<b>13.02</b>	<b>12.56</b>	<b>14.08</b>	<b>9.27</b>	<b>11.48</b>	<b>11.21</b>	<b>9.90</b>	<b>12.51</b>	<b>10.45</b>	<b>15.87</b>	<b>9.77</b>	<b>12.72</b>	<b>11.28</b>	<b>12.83</b>	<b>13.74</b>	<b>13.21</b>	<b>12.38</b>	<b>10.65</b>	<b>12.47</b>
gram	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.00	0.12	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.07	0.03	0.05
cereal substitute	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.01	0.08	0.00	-	-	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.15	0.00	0.02	0.05
	<b>Value (Rs.)</b>																		
rice	91.66	117.18	64.06	20.80	5.37	44.43	81.12	45.65	26.10	106.37	6.85	1.81	84.47	26.19	112.51	127.74	48.97	74.63	55.40
wheat	1.92	3.65	33.37	26.19	54.99	5.91	7.93	33.56	16.83	3.87	51.01	51.32	2.48	46.12	5.76	2.55	33.41	12.45	25.08
jowar	2.27	-	0.08	2.98	-	20.87	-	2.37	20.94	0.03	-	0.18	0.12	0.17	-	-	0.01	0.67	3.23
bajra	0.12	-	-	11.69	2.50	0.40	-	0.20	4.74	-	-	12.40	0.12	0.64	-	0.04	-	0.36	1.66
maize	0.48	-	1.59	2.14	0.03	1.11	0.03	1.27	0.29	0.02	0.94	4.46	0.02	0.40	0.05	1.24	11.15	-	1.00
other cereals	1.02	-	0.13	0.35	-	7.55	0.08	0.75	0.71	1.25	-	0.49	1.81	0.23	0.01	1.07	0.21	1.25	0.84
<b>total cereals</b>	<b>97.46</b>	<b>120.83</b>	<b>99.24</b>	<b>64.16</b>	<b>62.89</b>	<b>80.27</b>	<b>89.15</b>	<b>83.80</b>	<b>69.60</b>	<b>111.53</b>	<b>58.80</b>	<b>70.67</b>	<b>89.02</b>	<b>73.74</b>	<b>118.32</b>	<b>132.61</b>	<b>93.74</b>	<b>89.36</b>	<b>87.21</b>
gram	0.08	0.18	1.50	0.82	0.91	1.05	1.63	1.07	0.34	0.04	2.07	0.12	1.07	0.79	0.12	0.08	1.47	0.68	0.76
cereal substitute	0.02	0.09	0.28	0.01	0.01	0.02	4.05	0.12	1.64	0.01	-	-	0.07	0.02	0.08	0.63	0.01	0.23	0.32
sample hhs	720	408	939	375	156	398	372	729	672	428	328	444	667	1257	668	801	491	133	9986



**Statement 2.6U: Quantity and value of monthly average consumption of different cereals per person for urban areas of each State and all-India**

State cereal	Urban																		
	AP	Assam	Bihar	Guja- rat	Hary- ana	Karna- taka	Kerala	MP	Maha- rashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Raja- sthan	TN	UP	WB	North- Eastern	North- Western	Sou- thern	all- India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
	<b>Quantity (kg)</b>																		
rice	10.01	10.33	6.66	2.23	0.93	6.65	8.24	3.13	3.27	11.32	0.94	0.30	8.79	3.34	8.84	12.26	3.23	8.51	5.27
wheat	0.92	0.67	6.59	5.74	10.21	1.64	1.43	6.88	4.36	2.02	8.72	9.46	0.65	8.00	2.10	0.93	6.16	1.71	4.68
jowar	0.29	-	-	0.23	-	1.27	-	0.68	1.14	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.00	-	0.02	0.32
bajra	0.03	-	-	0.71	0.00	-	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.07
maize	-	-	0.02	0.13	-	0.11	-	0.03	0.00	-	0.00	0.09	-	0.01	0.00	0.06	0.04	-	0.02
other cereals	0.05	-	-	0.01	-	0.71	0.01	-	-	0.01	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.05
<b>total cereals</b>	<b>11.30</b>	<b>11.00</b>	<b>13.28</b>	<b>9.06</b>	<b>11.14</b>	<b>10.38</b>	<b>9.68</b>	<b>10.72</b>	<b>8.86</b>	<b>13.35</b>	<b>9.67</b>	<b>10.35</b>	<b>9.48</b>	<b>11.34</b>	<b>10.95</b>	<b>13.25</b>	<b>9.43</b>	<b>10.27</b>	<b>10.42</b>
gram	0.00	0.05	0.23	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.00	0.06	0.13	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.08	0.07
cereal substitute	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.54	0.02	0.08	0.01	-	-	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	-	0.03	0.03
	<b>Value (Rs.)</b>																		
rice	91.55	107.80	59.72	27.67	9.64	72.02	76.36	32.61	39.79	100.68	11.04	4.77	83.17	27.17	92.79	126.36	33.33	84.93	52.21
wheat	7.36	6.66	45.72	44.78	63.44	16.72	12.65	43.15	40.29	18.23	60.15	61.59	7.09	50.51	17.46	8.74	49.42	15.56	34.11
jowar	1.94	-	-	1.95	-	8.08	-	3.08	7.55	-	-	-	-	-	0.07	0.01	-	0.15	2.01
bajra	0.22	-	-	4.26	0.03	-	-	-	0.60	-	-	2.38	-	-	-	-	-	0.09	0.43
maize	-	-	0.09	0.66	-	0.43	-	0.13	0.01	-	0.03	0.39	-	0.06	0.02	0.19	0.27	-	0.12
other cereals	0.20	-	-	0.06	-	3.30	0.32	-	-	0.04	-	-	0.28	-	-	-	-	0.07	0.24
<b>total cereals</b>	<b>101.27</b>	<b>114.46</b>	<b>105.53</b>	<b>79.39</b>	<b>73.12</b>	<b>100.55</b>	<b>89.33</b>	<b>78.96</b>	<b>88.23</b>	<b>118.95</b>	<b>71.22</b>	<b>69.13</b>	<b>90.53</b>	<b>77.74</b>	<b>110.34</b>	<b>135.29</b>	<b>83.02</b>	<b>100.80</b>	<b>89.11</b>
gram	0.07	1.14	4.00	1.04	1.29	1.30	2.36	0.73	0.78	0.86	1.86	0.05	1.85	2.08	0.30	0.11	2.16	1.83	1.34
cereal substitute	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.49	0.29	0.05	2.13	0.38	1.56	0.05	-	-	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.06	-	0.38	0.37
sample hhs	264	56	144	192	48	176	144	224	424	72	144	123	348	311	248	244	239	96	3497

**Statement 2.7: Average monthly per capita quantity and value of consumption of cereals in rural and urban areas over different NSS rounds**

cereal	average monthly per capita consumption																	
	Quantity (Kg)									Value (Rs)								
	43rd round	47th round	48th round	49th round	50th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round	43rd round	47th round	48th round	49th round	50th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
<b>Rural</b>																		
rice	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.7	6.8	25.0	35.6	40.0	40.5	43.5	48.2	51.7	52.2	55.4
wheat	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.3	11.4	16.0	17.9	16.6	18.3	19.3	20.3	26.6	25.1
jowar	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	2.2	2.7	3.2	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.5	3.4	3.2
bajra	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.1	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.2	1.7
maize	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.7	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.0
<b>total cereal</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>41.3</b>	<b>58.2</b>	<b>65.1</b>	<b>63.0</b>	<b>68.1</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>80.2</b>	<b>86.5</b>	<b>87.2</b>
<b>Urban</b>																		
rice	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.3	21.7	29.7	34.0	35.3	38.2	42.1	47.9	49.5	52.2
wheat	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.7	13.6	19.8	22.6	20.3	23.7	27.4	27.7	33.4	34.1
jowar	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.3	2.0	1.6	2.0
bajra	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.4
maize	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
<b>total cereal</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>51.5</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>58.1</b>	<b>64.3</b>	<b>73.1</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>85.8</b>	<b>89.1</b>

43rd Round: July 1987 - June 1988

47th Round: July 1991 - December 1991

48th Round: January 1992 - December 1992

49th Round: January 1993 - June 1993

50th Round: July 1993 - June 1994

51st Round: July 1994 - June 1995

52nd Round: July 1995 - June 1996

53rd Round: January 1997 - December 1997

54th Round: January - June 1998

**Statement 2.8: Percentage distribution of MPCE over broad groups of items for different NSS rounds in rural and urban areas**  
all-India

item group	average monthly per capita consumption as percentage of total MPCE																	
	rural									urban								
	43rd round	47th round	48th round	49th round	50th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round	43rd round	47th round	48th round	49th round	50th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
cereals	26.3	24.0	26.4	25.9	24.2	24.3	23.3	21.9	22.8	15.0	13.9	14.9	15.2	14.0	14.4	13.1	13.3	13.0
gram	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
cereal subst	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
pulse & prod	4.0	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.9
milk & prod	8.6	9.0	9.4	9.4	9.5	8.9	9.4	10.0	9.6	9.5	10.0	10.4	10.7	9.8	9.7	9.4	9.7	9.5
edible oil	5.0	5.5	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.1	4.3	5.3	5.8	5.1	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.1	3.7	3.7
meat,egg,fish	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.2
vegetables	5.2	6.0	5.4	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.7	5.3	6.4	5.3	5.5	5.1	5.2	5.5	4.9	5.0	4.7	5.2
fruits & nuts	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.2	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.2
sugar	2.9	2.6	2.6	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9
salt	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
spices	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6
beverage etc.	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.0	6.8	7.0	6.6	7.3	7.2	6.6	6.1	6.3	6.1
<b>food total</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>63.1</b>	<b>65.0</b>	<b>65.2</b>	<b>63.2</b>	<b>61.0</b>	<b>60.3</b>	<b>58.7</b>	<b>60.8</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>57.6</b>	<b>54.7</b>	<b>53.4</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>49.6</b>	<b>49.6</b>
pan, tobacco & intox.	3.2	4.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9
fuel & light	7.5	7.0	7.0	7.6	7.4	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.9	6.8	6.4	6.3	7.0	6.6	6.7	6.4	7.1	7.3
clothing	6.7	5.0	5.6	5.2	5.4	7.0	7.7	7.0	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.4	4.9	4.7	5.5	7.1	5.8	5.5
footwear	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.1
misc. goods & services	14.5	13.0	14.1	14.2	17.3	15.4	16.1	18.2	17.6	23.2	19.8	20.9	19.6	27.5	21.9	22.5	24.6	24.8
rent	@	0.3	0.3	0.3	@	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	@	3.7	3.5	4.2	@	4.3	3.8	4.4	3.9
taxes & cesses	@	0	0.0	0.1	@	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	@	0.3	0.3	0.3	@	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
durable goods	3.1	6.3	3.8	3.3	2.7	5.2	4.5	4.4	3.5	4.1	4.6	4.3	3.0	3.3	4.5	6.5	5.0	5.2
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>36.8</b>	<b>39.0</b>	<b>39.7</b>	<b>41.3</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>43.6</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>45.3</b>	<b>46.6</b>	<b>49.9</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>50.4</b>
<b>tot. cons. exp.</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

@ clubbed with miscellaneous goods and services

43rd Round: July 1987 - June 1988

47th Round: July 1991 - December 1991

48th Round: January 1992 - December 1992

49th Round: January 1993 - June 1993

50th Round: July 1993 - June 1994

51st Round: July 1994 - June 1995

52nd Round: July 1995 - June 1996

53rd Round: January 1997 - December 1997

54th Round: January - June 1998

**Statement 2.9: Average number of persons per household; average MPCE; 20th, 50th, & 80th percentiles (MPCE) with respect to population; and average monthly per capita quantity of consumption of cereals in rural and urban areas over different NSS rounds**

characteristic	rural									urban									all-India
	43rd round	47th round	48th round	49th round	50th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round	43rd round	47th round	48th round	49th round	50th round	51st round	52nd round	53rd round	54th round	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
1. average hh size	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	
2. average MPCE (Rs) at current prices	158	244	247	244	281	309	344	395	382	246	370	399	382	458	508	599	645	684	
<b>at constant (1987-88) prices</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>269</b>	
CPI *	650	969	1070	1052	1147	1283	1409	1542	1620	128	184	199	206	221	242	264	297	325	
3. percentile value of MPCE (Rs)																			
(i) 20th	91	139	142	146	167	179	206	228	222	123	188	196	198	233	240	289	312	333	
(ii) 50th	131	199	206	205	237	253	289	326	334	190	288	308	298	359	382	451	426	578	
(iii) 80th	202	298	321	310	352	385	433	506	527	322	488	534	510	603	654	774	833	976	
4. monthly per capita quantity (kg) of consumption of cereals	14.4	13.8	13.5	13.6	13.4	13.2	12.9	12.8	12.5	11.2	10.7	10.7	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.6	10.3	10.4	

\* For rural areas, CPI for agricultural labourers with base 1960-61 =100 and for urban areas, CPI for urban non-manual employees with base 1984-85 =100, has been used.

43rd Round:	July 1987 - June 1988	49th Round:	January 1993 - June 1993	52nd Round:	July 1995 - June 1996
47th Round:	July 1991 - December 1991	50th Round:	July 1993 - June 1994	53rd Round:	January 1997 - December 1997
48th Round:	January 1992 - December 1992	51st Round:	July 1994 - June 1995	54th Round:	January - June 1998

# Chapter Three

## Employment and Unemployment

### 3.0 Introduction

As mentioned in Chapter One, collection of data to generate an annual series of key indicators of 'employment' and 'unemployment' was resumed with the 45th round survey operations. For this purpose, the collection of data was integrated with the annual survey on consumer expenditure with appropriate provision being made in the 'demographic' block of the schedule on 'consumer expenditure'.

### 3.1 Conceptual framework adopted for the survey

**3.1.1** The main objective being to generate annual indicators of employment and unemployment, the information collected is

aimed at classifying the population into different activity categories on the basis of the activities pursued by the respondents during specified reference periods adopting two different approaches. The approaches are :

- (i) usual status approach with a reference period of 365 days preceding the date of the survey.
- (ii) current weekly status approach with a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of the survey.

The various activity categories along with the corresponding codes used in the 54th round were as follows :

<u>code</u>	<u>description</u>
	<b>working (or employed)</b>
11	worked (self-employed) in household enterprises as own-account worker
12	worked (self-employed) in household enterprises as an employer
21	worked (self-employed) in household enterprises as helper
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works
51	worked as casual wage labour in other types of work
61	did not work owing to sickness though there was work in household enterprise
62	did not work owing to other reasons though there was work in household enterprise
71	did not work owing to sickness but had regular salaried/wage employment
72	did not work owing to other reasons but had regular salaried/wage employment
	<b>not working but available for work (or unemployed)</b>
81	sought work
82	did not seek but was available for work

<u>code</u>	<u>description</u>
<b>neither working nor available for work (or not in labour force)</b>	
91	attended educational institutions
92	attended to domestic duties only
93	attended to domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.), tailoring, weaving, etc., for household use
94	rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
95	not able to work owing to disability
96	beggars, prostitutes, etc.
97	others
98	did not work owing to sickness (for casual workers only)
99	children of age 0-4 years

Codes 61,62,71,72, 82 and 98 were applicable only for current weekly status approach.

Persons reported as engaged in any one or more of the activities listed under the category codes 11 to 72 (11 to 51 for usual status) during the specified reference period constituted the 'working' (or employed) group. A person assigned activity category code 81 or 82 (81 for usual status) was considered 'seeking and/or available for work' (or unemployed). The employed and unemployed together constituted the 'labour force'. Any person reported to be engaged in or as belonging to one or more of the activities under the categories 91 to 99 (91 to 97 and 99 for usual status) was classified as 'not in labour force'.

**3.1.2 Classification according to usual status approach:** In the usual status approach, the status of activity on which a person spent a relatively longer time of the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey is first considered for deciding the principal usual activity status of the person. The activities pursued by a person are grouped into three broad categories: (i) working or employed, (ii) seeking or available for work, i.e. unemployed, and (iii) not in labour force. A two-stage dichotomous

classification is applied for classification according to usual status approach. The procedure involves a classification into 'labour force' and 'out of labour force' in the first stage and thereafter the labour force into 'employed' and 'unemployed' in the second-stage. Within the broad principal usual category identified for a person, detailed principal status is assigned on the basis of the relative duration of time spent on different activities. A person categorised as 'a worker' or 'employed' on the basis of his principal status is referred to as principal status worker. A 'non-worker' (on the basis of the principal usual activity status) who pursued some economic activity in a subsidiary capacity was considered to be usually working in a subsidiary capacity and is referred to as 'subsidiary status worker'. These two groups, viz. 'principal status workers' and 'subsidiary status workers', together constituted 'all workers' according to the usual status classification. These concepts are identical to the concepts adopted in the past NSS 50th round survey for classification of population according to the usual status.

**3.1.3 Classification according to current weekly status approach:** For classification of persons according to current weekly status, they had to be initially assigned a unique activity status with reference to a period of 7 days preceding the date of the survey. This posed no problem in the case of persons having only one status during the reference week. But a unique status was assigned to persons pursuing more than one activity during the week by adopting a priority-cum-major-time rule. For assigning broad activity category (status), the status of 'working' got priority over the status of 'not working but seeking/available for work' and the status of 'seeking/available for work' got priority over the status of 'not working and not seeking/not available for work'. But within the broad category of 'working' or 'not working', the detailed activity category was assigned by major activity criterion, i.e., the activity in which a major part of time was spent was considered the current weekly activity. More specifically, a person was considered 'working' (or employed) if he/she was engaged in any one or more of the economic activities (11 to 72) for at least one hour on any one day of the reference week. Further, he/she was assigned that economic activity category (11 to 72) in which he/she spent major share of the working time during the reference week. A person who had not worked for even one hour on any one day of the week, but had been seeking work or had been available for work (although not seeking) at any time during the week was considered 'seeking/available for work' (or unemployed). Others were considered 'not available for work' (or not in the labour force). Each member of the sample household was, thus, assigned a unique activity status for the week. Aggregates of persons under different activity statuses thus assigned provided the distribution of persons

by activity during an average week of the survey period.

### 3.2 Definitions

**(a) Economic activity :** Economic activity is any activity that results in production of goods and services that adds value to national product. Such activities include production of all goods and services for market, i.e. production for pay or profit and production of primary commodities for own consumption and own-account production of fixed assets, among the non-market activities. The entire spectrum of human activity falls into two categories: economic and non-economic activities. The economic activities have two parts: market activities and non-market activities. Market activities are those that involve remuneration to those who perform it, i.e. activity performed for pay or profit. These are essentially production of goods including that of Government services, etc. Non-market activities are production for own consumption of primary products and own-account production of fixed assets. The full spectrum of economic activities as defined in the UN system of National Accounts is not covered in the definition adopted for the current survey or in the previous surveys. The term 'economic activity' as adopted in the survey include:

- i) All the market activities described above i.e. the activities performed for pay or profit which result in production of goods and services for exchange.
- ii) Among the non-market activities,
  - a) all the activities relating to the agricultural sector (industry section 0 of NIC 1987) which result in production of agricultural produce for consumption (including gathering of uncultivated

crops, forestry, collection of firewood, hunting, fishing, etc.) and

b) the activities relating to the own-account production of fixed assets. Own-account production of fixed assets include construction of own houses, roads, wells, etc., and of machinery, tools, etc., for household enterprise and also construction of any private or community facilities free of charge. A person may be engaged in own-account construction in the capacity of either a labourer or a supervisor.

**3.2.1** In this context, it may be noted that up to the NSS 49th round the term used was 'gainful activity'. The above definition is very close to the 'gainful activity' concept except for the inclusion of own-account production of fixed assets. The contribution of this component was found to be negligible from a separate tabulation of this component in the 43<sup>rd</sup> round survey and as such the comparability of the survey results will be unaffected by this change.

**3.2.2** According to the international standards, the term 'economically active population' comprises persons of either sex who furnish the supply of labour for production of goods and services as defined in the United Nations system of national accounts and balances during a specified time reference period. According to this system, the production of goods and services includes all production and processing of primary products, whether for market, for barter or for own consumption, production of all other goods and services for the market and, in the case of households which produce such goods and services for the market, corresponding production for own consumption.<sup>1</sup> The definition adopted in the

NSS follow the above approach very closely except for the 'processing of primary commodities for own consumption by the producers of these items', which is not covered by the NSS definition. Further, the international standards use the term 'economically active population' as a generic term and use two other measures, viz. the 'usually active population' in relation to a long reference period such as a year and the 'currently active population' measured in relation to a short reference period such as a week or a day. Generally, the term 'labour force' is used to denote the currently active population. In this report the term 'labour force' is meant to imply the population segment comprising the employed and the unemployed. In conventional terms, the employed, unemployed and those in the labour force are defined as follows.

**(b) Workers (or employed)** : Persons who are engaged in any economic activity or who, despite their attachment to economic activity, have abstained from work for reasons of illness, injury or other physical disability, bad weather, festivals, social or religious functions or other contingencies necessitating temporary absence constitute workers. Unpaid helpers who assist in the operation of an economic activity in the household farm or non-farm activities are also regarded as workers.

**(c) Seeking, or available for, work or unemployed** : Persons who, owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers, or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing condition of work and remuneration, are regarded as those 'seeking or available for work' or as 'unemployed'.

<sup>1</sup> *Surveys of economically active population, employment, unemployment and*

*underemployment: An ILO manual on concepts and methods, ILO, Geneva, 1990.*



**(d) In labour force and not in labour force:**

Persons who either are 'working' or 'seeking or are available for work' (i.e. are unemployed) during the reference period constitute the labour force. Persons who were not working and at the same time were neither seeking nor available for work during the reference period are considered to be 'out of labour force'. The persons under this category are students, those engaged in domestic duties, rentiers, pensioners, recipients of remittances, those living on alms, are infirm or disabled, those who are too young or too old, prostitutes, smugglers, etc., and casual workers not working due to sickness, etc.. However, a domestic servant who is considered a member of the employer's household is treated as a worker though he/she may be performing only household chores.

**(e) Worked as self-employed in household enterprises:** Persons who operate their own farm or non-farm enterprises or are engaged independently in a profession or trade on own-account or with one or a few partners are self-employed in household enterprises. The essential feature of self-employment is that the remuneration is determined wholly or mainly by sales or profits of the goods or services which are being produced. The self-employed persons are further categorised into three groups:

**(i) Own-account workers - usual and current status code 11:** They are the self-employed persons who operate their enterprises on their own-account or with one or a few partners and who during the reference period, by and large, run their enterprise without hiring any labour. They may, however, have unpaid helpers to assist them in the activity of the enterprise.

**(ii) Employers - usual and current status code 12:** These are self-employed

persons who work on their own-account or with one or a few partners and, by and large, run their enterprise by hiring labour.

**(iii) Helpers in household enterprises - usual and current status code 21:**

The helpers are mostly family members who keep themselves engaged in their household enterprises, working full or part time and do not receive any regular salary or wages in return for the work. They do not run the enterprise on their own, but assist the related person living in the same household running the enterprise. Here it is to be noted that a departure was made in the case of identifying 'helpers' from the earlier surveys. Persons who worked in the capacity of 'helpers' but had a share in their family earnings were not considered to be 'helpers' in the rounds prior to the 50th round of the NSS, but are considered so in the present survey.

**(f) Worked as regular salaried/wage employee - usual and current status code 31:** Persons working in others' farm or non-farm enterprises, both household and non-household, and getting in return salary or wages on a regular basis (and not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract) are the regular salaried/wage employees. This category not only includes persons getting time wage but also those receiving piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full-time and part-time.

**(g) Worked as casual wage labour - usual and current status codes 41 & 51 :** A person casually engaged in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting in return wage according to the terms of the daily or periodic work contract is a casual labour. Depending on whether they are so employed in 'public works' sponsored by Govt. agencies or local bodies or in other types of work, the casual workers are classified into the two groups,

viz. casual labour in public works (41) and casual labour in other types of work (51).

**(h) Had work in household enterprise but did not work due to sickness/ other reasons - current status code 61/62, and had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to sickness/other reasons - current status code 71/72 :**

Persons engaged in farm or non-farm enterprises or working in others' farm or non-farm enterprises but absenting from work temporarily due to sickness/for enjoying leave or holiday, or for other reasons, belong to these two categories 61/62 and 71/72, respectively, depending on whether they are self-employed in household (farm or non-farm) enterprises or employed in others' (farm or non-farm) enterprises as regular wage/salaried employees.

**(i) Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods, sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc., for household use - usual and current status code 93 :** In rural areas in general and particularly in tribal areas, domestic work usually includes, among other things, a lot of work in free collection of vegetables, roots, firewood, etc., and in spinning and weaving of cloth for household use. Persons found to be regularly spending some of their time in performing the above activities along with household chores belong to this category.

### 3.3 Summary of findings

**3.3.1** As mentioned earlier, in NSS 54<sup>th</sup> round, 5135 villages and 1755 blocks were surveyed covering 19936 and 6983 households, respectively, in rural and urban sectors of India. Two approaches, viz. usual status approach and current weekly status approach, were followed for collection of information on employment and unemployment. The key indicators of

employment and unemployment obtained from the 54<sup>th</sup> round survey based on these two approaches are presented here. The discussions are confined to all-India estimates only. In order to have a comparative picture of the employment-unemployment situation over the periods 1983 (38<sup>th</sup> round) to January - June, 1998 (54<sup>th</sup> round), corresponding results obtained from the earlier surveys, wherever available, are placed side by side. While comparing the estimates obtained from the 54<sup>th</sup> round with those from other rounds, it must be kept in mind that the survey period of NSS 54<sup>th</sup> round was of six months starting from January, 1998 and ending in June, 1998: the period known to be lean time of agricultural year. Further, in view of a smaller sample size in the NSS 54<sup>th</sup> round as in the other annual surveys, some key estimates are presented at the broad levels only for the major states and groups of smaller states and UTs. in Statements 3.9 to 3.12. Detailed all-India tables are given in Appendix A to the report.

**3.3.2** While interpreting the comparative estimates obtained from various rounds, it is to be noted that the results pertaining to 1983, 1987-88 and 1993-94 are based on quinquennial surveys with a relatively large number of sample households, while estimates for other rounds are based on the annual surveys conducted in smaller numbers of households. Further, as in the 54<sup>th</sup> round, the 47<sup>th</sup> and 49<sup>th</sup> rounds had a survey period of six months only. The 47<sup>th</sup> round covered the period from July to December, 1991, and the 49<sup>th</sup> round the period from January to June, 1993.

### 3.4 The employed

**3.4.1** The estimates of number of persons employed per 1000 persons or Worker Population Ratios (WPRs), also called the Work Force Participation Rates (WFPRs), have been obtained according to the usual status and current weekly status. The

employed - in terms of usual status, are classified into 'principal status workers' (ps) and 'all workers' (ps+ss - principal and subsidiary status workers taken together). The 'usual status approach' is based on a reference period of last 365 days and

**Statement 3.1 : Number of persons employed per 1000 persons according to 'usual status' and 'current weekly status' approaches**

<b>India</b>						
round (year)	male			female		
	usual status		current weekly status	usual status		current weekly status
	ps	all		ps	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	<i>rural</i>					
<b>54(Jan-June'98)</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>524</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>202</b>
53 (Jan-Dec.'97)*	540	550	533	217	290	214
	(541)	(550)	(535)	(222)	(291)	(222)
52(1995-96)*	540	549	537	235	295	231
	(542)	(551)	(538)	(234)	(295)	(233)
51(1994-95)*	558	570	555	237	304	233
	(547)	(560)	(541)	(237)	(317)	(241)
50(1993-94)	538	553	531	234	328	267
49(Jan-June'93)	532	545	527	243	311	232
48(Jan-Dec'92)	541	556	536	250	313	244
47(July-Dec'91)	538	546	534	244	294	238
46(1990-91)	542	553	535	242	292	230
45(1989-90)	537	548	528	252	319	230
43(1987-88)	517	539	504	245	323	220
38(1983)	528	547	511	248	340	227
	<i>urban</i>					
<b>54(Jan-June'98)</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>99</b>
53 (Jan-Dec.'97)*	520	525	517	112	134	114
	(516)	(521)	(513)	(111)	(131)	(114)
52(1995-96)*	528	531	526	104	120	107
	(522)	(525)	(520)	(107)	(124)	(109)
51(1994-95)*	523	527	518	99	117	104
	(514)	(519)	(511)	(112)	(136)	(117)
50(1993-94)	513	521	511	121	155	139
49(Jan-June'93)	506	509	504	113	130	109
48(Jan-Dec'92)	502	507	501	125	146	122
47(July-Dec'91)	511	516	509	120	132	117
46(1990-1991)	508	513	506	123	143	124
45(1989-90)	501	512	503	124	146	121
43(1987-88)	496	506	492	118	152	119
38(1983)	500	512	492	120	151	118

Notes: 1. \* The estimates correspond to the period January - June of the survey.

2. Figures in the parentheses give the estimates for the whole round.

3. For the 51st Round, the estimates are based on sample type 1 only as sub-round restrictions were not followed for the sample type 2.

provides the long-term picture of employment and unemployment. Therefore, the estimates based on this approach do not reveal the seasonal fluctuations in the activity pattern over the quarters of a year. The 'current weekly status approach', on the other hand, is based on a week's activity situation and, therefore, reflects the overall effects caused by intermittent changes in the activity pattern during the year. In the following discussions, the term 'usually working' is used to mean both the principal and subsidiary status working.

**3.4.1.1** From the WPRs by sex given in Statement 3.1 for rural and urban India, it is seen that at the all-India level, the employment scenario has remained generally stable over the years 1983 to 1998 (January - June, 1998). Over the years, the fluctuations in WPRs were marginal for the males compared to the females. According to the usual status, the WPR was around 55 per cent for rural males - rose to 57 per cent in January - June, 1994-95 and declined to 54 per cent in January - June, 1998. In the case of urban males, the WPR remained at 53 per cent since 1993-94 and had a fall of 2 percentage point in January - June, 1998. The WPRs for females varied between 26 to 30 per cent in the rural sector and between 11 to 13 per cent in the urban sector during 1994-95 to

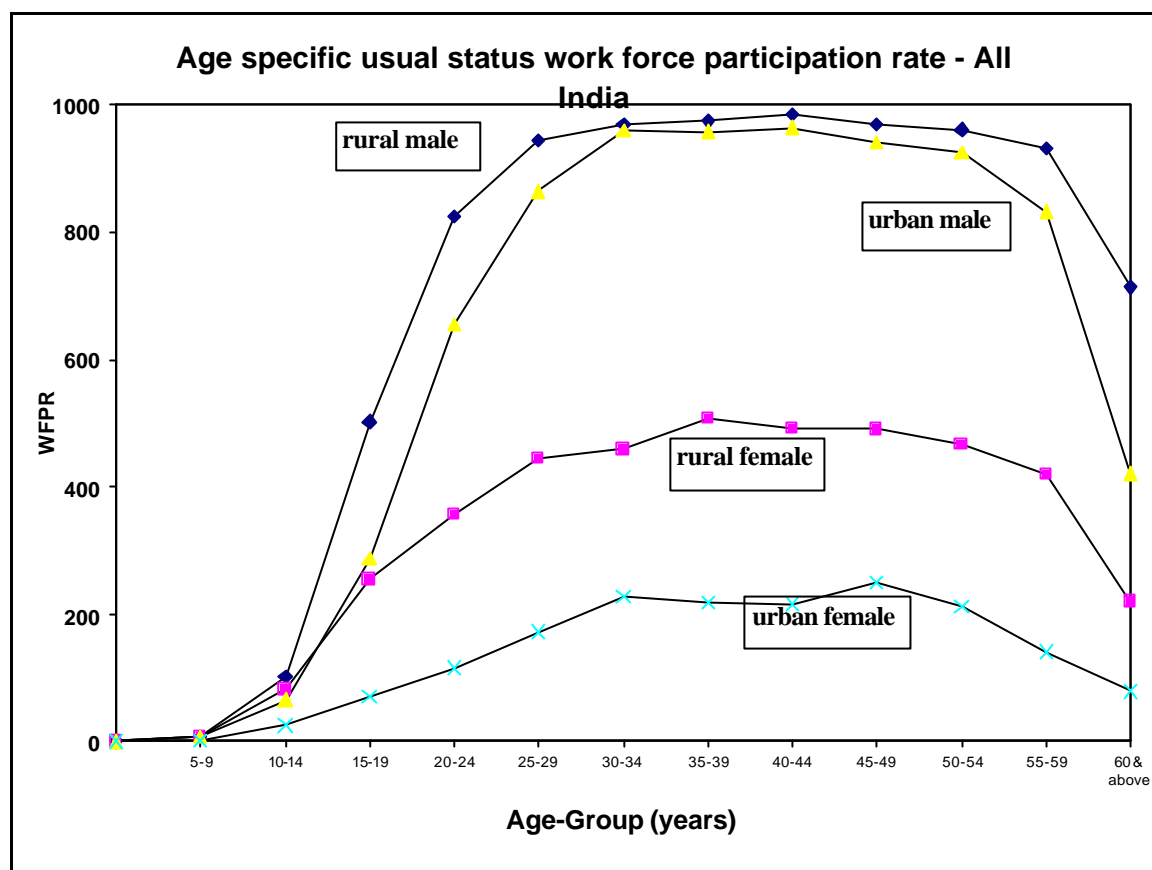
1998.

**3.4.1.2** The current weekly status proportions show a similar pattern as the usual status proportions. As expected, they are found to be marginally lower than the usual status rates. Further, the current weekly status estimates of WPRs show a tendency to fall over the previous annual round (53<sup>rd</sup>).

**3.4.2 Age-specific work participation rates (ASWPRs):** The WPRs for 'all workers' are given for certain broad age-groups in Statement 3.2. The detailed tables in the appendix provide ASWPRs for 5 yearly age-groups. These have been plotted in the accompanying graph separately for males and females in the rural and urban sectors. The overall reduction in the WPRs during January - June, 1998 in both rural and urban India is reflected in the ASWPRs. The reduction is more pronounced in the younger age brackets and in the rural areas. The WPR for children in the age-group 5-14 years, which was 6 to 7 per cent in the rural areas and 2 to 4 per cent in the urban areas during 1997, became 4 to 5 per cent and 1 to 4 per cent respectively, in the rural and urban areas during January - June, 1998. The WPR for persons of age 15-59 years, who constitute the population of working ages, also decreased by 2 - 4 percentage points and

**Statement 3.2: Number of persons usually employed (ps + ss) per 1000 persons by broad age-groups**

<b>India</b>									
age-group (years)	rural				urban				
	male		female		male		female		
	53rd	54th	53rd	54th	53rd	54th	53rd	54th	
	rd.	rd.	rd.	rd.	rd.	rd.	rd.	rd.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
5-14	65	53	59	42	37	38	19	13	
15-29	763	732	384	351	608	573	147	119	
30-59	982	969	520	477	957	942	241	217	
60 +	681	714	227	219	421	420	87	78	
15-59	879	860	457	420	795	772	197	172	
5 +	623	607	328	296	575	559	145	126	



became 77 (urban) to 86 (rural) per cent for males and 17 (urban) to 42 (rural) per cent for females.

**3.4.3 Worker population ratio by household type:** The type/nature of work which fetched the maximum income from economic activities of the household during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey determines its household type. The WPRs (according to ps + ss) for persons belonging to various household types have been obtained for persons of age 15 years and above, and are given in Statement 3.3. The estimates obtained from the survey during 1997 (53rd) are also giving side by side. Since

the estimates for 54th round relate to the period January - June, they are not strictly comparable with the 53rd round estimates. The WPR is the highest for the agricultural labour households in the rural and for casual labour households in the urban areas. This is true for both males and females. About 88 per cent of the adult males and 55 per cent of the adult females belonging to the agricultural labour households were working. The WPRs, in the urban areas, were 83 and 28 per cent among the adult males and females during January - June, 1998, respectively, for the casual labour households. The low WPRs in all categories is primarily due to the survey period being the lean time of the agricultural season and have resulted in an increase in the proportion of unemployed. The variation in WPRs by household type is quite prominent, particularly among the adult females.

**Statement 3.3: Work force participation rates (WPRs), unemployment rates (URs) and labour force participation rates (LFPRs) according to usual status (ps + ss) for persons of age 15 years and above for each household type**

India													
household type	54th Round						53rd Round						
	WPR		UR		LFPR		WPR		PU		LFPR		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
<i>rural</i>													
self-emp. in agrl.	858	378	8	8	865	381	870	425	9	7	878	428	
self-emp. in non-agrl.	857	275	22	14	872	279	869	334	11	6	879	336	
agrl. labour	881	551	20	13	899	559	895	578	11	3	905	580	
other labour	834	372	44	29	872	382	872	385	17	8	886	388	
others	643	159	67	54	689	169	667	203	40	29	695	209	
all	844	399	21	12	862	404	858	432	13	7	870	435	
<i>urban</i>													
self-emp.	808	158	22	31	826	163	830	179	20	22	847	183	
reg. wage / salaried	726	146	57	75	770	159	746	157	48	65	785	168	
casual labour	833	277	65	54	891	294	873	342	21	31	892	353	
others	234	57	230	164	304	67	270	92	211	148	341	108	
all	740	164	49	57	778	174	764	186	38	46	794	195	

Legends M: Male ; F: Female

Note: The estimates for Nss 54th Rd. correspond to the period January - June and that for the 53rd Rd. to the period January - December. Hence, the estimates of the 53rd Rd. are not strictly comparable with that of the 54th Rd.

### 3.4.4 Distribution of the usually employed by category of employment:

Persons employed are categorised into three broad groups according to their status of employment. These groups are: (i) self-employed, (ii) regular employees and (iii) casual labour. The distribution of the usually employed by category of employment is given in Statement 3.4. The basic distribution of the employed in terms of status of employment shows that more than half of the employed in the rural areas were in the 'self-employed' category. The percentages of regular employees among the employed were about 7 for males and 2 to 3 for females in the rural sector. The proportion of the self-employed has gone down slightly among rural males and females between the period 1997 and

January - June, 1998 and there is a rise of equal share in casual employment. The changes may be due to the period of survey being January - June: the *ravi* season of the agricultural year and known to be lean time. Many of the marginal or small farmers may not cultivate their own land during *ravi* season, instead they may prefer to work in others farm or non-farm enterprises. During the same period, in the urban sector, the proportion of the self-employed has slightly increased for males but has decreased for females. On the other hand, the proportion of the regular wage earners has decreased for the males but has increased for the females. The proportion of casual labourers has remained the same.

**Statement 3.4 : Per 1000 distribution of the usually employed by status of employment****India**

round	principal status			all (ps + ss)		
	self-employed	regular employees	casual labour	self-employed	regular employees	casual labour
<i>rural males</i>						
<b>54</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>377</b>
53	590	74	336	594	73	333
52	585	78	337	590	77	333
51	597	69	334	604	68	328
50	567	87	346	577	85	338
49	583	81	336	591	79	330
48	601	85	314	608	83	309
47	593	91	316	595	92	313
46	552	131	317	557	128	315
45	591	100	309	597	98	305
43	575	104	321	586	100	314
38	595	106	299	605	103	292
<i>rural females</i>						
<b>54</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>442</b>
53	518	27	455	570	21	409
52	507	30	463	564	24	412
51	510	30	460	570	22	408
50	513	34	453	586	27	387
49	531	29	440	585	23	392
48	548	36	416	591	32	377
47	524	37	439	568	31	401
46	545	45	410	586	38	376
45	565	33	399	609	28	363
43	549	49	402	608	37	355
38	541	37	422	619	28	353
<i>urban males</i>						
<b>54</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>181</b>
53	397	419	184	400	415	185
52	408	427	165	410	425	165
51	402	433	165	404	431	165
50	411	427	162	417	420	163
49	387	397	216	389	395	216
48	406	399	195	412	394	193
47	425	401	174	489	399	172
46	404	445	151	407	442	151
45	413	421	166	423	413	164
43	410	444	146	417	437	146
38	402	445	153	409	437	154
<i>urban females</i>						
<b>54</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>288</b>
53	333	360	307	397	313	290
52	347	380	273	400	332	268
51	363	357	280	426	301	273
50	372	355	273	458	284	258
49	345	301	354	407	262	331
48	368	336	296	425	288	287
47	425	308	267	470	280	250
46	439	301	260	490	259	251
45	435	331	234	486	292	222
43	393	342	265	471	275	254
38	373	318	309	458	258	284

### 3.4.5 Distribution of usually employed by broad groups of industry :

The distribution of workers by industry and the shift of the work force away from the agriculture sector (primary sector) to the manufacturing and the tertiary sector is an important aspect in the study of the structure of employment. Statement 3.5 gives the per 1000 distribution of the usually working by broad group of industry. The industries (sections 0-9) are grouped as (i) primary (0), (ii) secondary (1-5) and tertiary (6-9)<sup>1</sup>. It has been established to a large extent from the quinquennial survey results that there is a steady decrease in the percentage of usually working in the primary

sector. As compared to the results of the 52nd round (1995-96), the results of the 53rd round (1997), showed an increase in the share of employment in the primary sector in rural areas, particularly among the females. The share has remained at that level during January to June, 1998. On the other hand, the share of the primary sector employment has steadily declined since 1993-94 in the urban sector and during January - June, 1998, it increased by nearly 2 percentage points over the year 1997. Between 1997 and January - June, 1998, the share of employment in the secondary sector has decreased in urban areas, but the share of the tertiary sector has

**Statement 3.5 : Per 1000 distribution of usually working by broad groups of industry**

#### India

round	male						female					
	primary		secondary		tertiary		primary		secondary		tertiary	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
<i>rural</i>												
<b>54</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>49</b>
53	757	758	106	106	137	136	875	885	77	72	47	42
52	746	748	115	114	139	137	854	868	87	80	59	52
51	752	756	104	103	144	141	862	871	88	83	50	46
50	739	741	113	112	148	147	847	862	91	83	62	55
49	749	750	110	109	141	141	862	872	77	74	61	54
48	753	757	106	104	141	139	858	862	78	78	64	60
47	748	749	112	112	140	139	859	863	79	79	62	58
46	705	710	123	121	172	169	842	849	83	81	75	70
45	716	717	120	121	164	162	800	814	130	124	70	61
43	739	745	123	121	138	134	825	847	112	100	63	53
38	772	775	102	100	123	122	862	875	78	74	57	48
<i>urban</i>												
<b>54</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>520</b>	<b>499</b>
53	76	78	343	340	582	581	165	200	328	324	507	476
52	81	82	335	335	584	583	179	209	310	309	512	482
51	86	88	330	329	584	583	154	205	354	343	492	452
50	87	90	331	329	582	581	193	247	299	291	508	462
49	101	102	345	344	554	554	232	258	306	306	462	436
48	104	107	345	343	551	550	195	224	304	308	501	468
47	95	95	306	307	599	598	217	237	278	282	505	481
46	91	92	336	336	573	572	223	249	318	316	459	435
45	95	100	323	319	582	582	214	241	297	303	489	456
43	85	91	343	340	572	569	218	294	324	317	458	389

<sup>1</sup> 1 Industry section codes: agriculture-0, mining and quarrying-1, manufacturing-2 & 3, electricity-4, construction-5, wholesale & retail trade and restaurant and hotels-6, transport, storage & communication services-7, financial, insurance, real estates and business services-8, community, social & personal services-9.

increased in both rural and urban areas.

### 3.5 The unemployed



**3.5.1** Two different estimates are obtained from the annual survey data for the 'unemployed', viz. (i) number of persons unemployed based on the usual status classification and (ii) number of persons unemployed based on the weekly status classification. The first estimate relates to persons unemployed for a relatively longer period during the reference period of 365 days and approximates to an indicator of the chronic unemployment. Two estimates of the usually unemployed are presented - usually unemployed in terms of their principal status (ps) and usually unemployed excluding the subsidiary status workers (usual adjusted). Some of the unemployed identified on the basis of principal status might be working in a subsidiary capacity. Hence the unemployment rate derived on the basis of adjusted usual status is expected to be lower than that based on principal status. The other estimate, i.e. the one based on current weekly status, gives the average weekly picture of unemployment during the survey year and covers both chronic unemployment and intermittent unemployment caused by seasonal fluctuations in the employment of those categorised as usually employed.

**3.5.2 Unemployment rates (URs) :** Number of persons unemployed per thousand persons in the labour force (i.e. total of employed and unemployed) is termed as the unemployment rate. Statement 3.6 gives the UR along with the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons. As usual, the proportion of unemployed in the population as well as the unemployment rate are higher in urban areas than in rural areas. It is higher among males than among females in rural areas. In urban areas, the URs are generally higher among females than among males. Compared to the previous annual round (NSS 53rd round), the proportions of

unemployed during January - June, 1998 according to both the usual and current weekly statuses have increased. This is because of the fall in the WPRs during January - June, 1998. The unemployment rates also show a similar trend between 1997 and January - June, 1998. It is highest among the urban females.

**3.5.4 Unemployment rate by household type:** In Statement 3.3 given earlier, the unemployment rate in terms of usual status, by household type, is presented separately for rural and urban areas of India. The URs have been obtained for persons aged 15 years and above. It is seen that unlike the WPRs, the UR is highest among persons belonging to the 'others' category of households. For rural areas, the 'others' category includes mainly the households largely depending upon regular wage earnings *and* households whose major income is from activities other than economic activities. But, for the urban areas, the 'others' category comprises households whose major income is from activities other than economic only. Possibly, the households without any working member, i.e. with unemployed members only, form a major part of this category and that seems to be the reason why the unemployment rate is high in this category of households. Another important fact to be noted is that the incidence of unemployment is the lowest for the households mainly depending on the earnings from self-employment in farm or non-farm business. The reason may be that some of the members of such households work nominally or seasonally in the household enterprises instead of reporting themselves as available for work.

**Statement 3.6 : Unemployment rates (number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons in the labour force)**

<b>India</b>						
round	male			female		
	usual status	usual adjusted	current weekly status	usual status	usual adjusted	current weekly status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<i>rural</i>						
<b>54</b>	<b>24</b> (13)	<b>21</b> (11)	<b>29</b> (15)	<b>20</b> (4)	<b>15</b> (4)	<b>27</b> (6)
53*	16 (9)	13 (7)	22 (12)	9 (2)	7 (2)	23 (5)
53**	16 (9)	12 (7)	20 (11)	9 (2)	7 (2)	18 (4)
52*	16 (9)	14 (8)	20 (11)	8 (2)	3 (1)	9 (2)
52**	15 (8)	13 (7)	18 (10)	8 (2)	7 (2)	9 (2)
51*	14 (8)	12 (7)	19 (11)	13 (3)	10 (3)	13 (3)
51**	12 (7)	10 (6)	18 (10)	5 (1)	4 (1)	12 (3)
50	20 (11)	14 (8)	30 (17)	14 (3)	8 (3)	30 (8)
<i>urban</i>						
<b>54</b>	<b>53</b> (28)	<b>51</b> (27)	<b>54</b> (29)	<b>81</b> (9)	<b>68</b> (8)	<b>78</b> (8)
53*	41 (22)	38 (21)	43 (23)	54 (6)	43 (6)	50 (6)
53**	37 (21)	39 (21)	43 (23)	51 (6)	44 (6)	58 (7)
52*	40 (22)	38 (21)	40 (22)	37 (4)	32 (4)	36 (4)
52**	40 (22)	38 (21)	41 (22)	36 (4)	31 (4)	35 (4)
51*	47 (26)	45 (25)	49 (27)	38 (4)	33 (4)	46 (5)
51**	37 (20)	34 (18)	39 (21)	41 (5)	34 (5)	40 (5)
50	45 (24)	40 (22)	52 (28)	83 (11)	62 (10)	84 (12)

- Note: 1. \* The estimates correspond to the period January - June of the survey.  
2. \*\* The estimates correspond to the whole round.  
3. For the 51st Round, the estimates with \* are based on sample type 1 only as sub-round restrictions were not followed for the sample type 2.  
4. The figures in the parentheses are the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons.

**3.5.5 Under-utilisation of labour time of the usually employed:** In an economy such as ours, where agriculture-based activities are the mainstay of a majority of the population, particularly in rural areas, there is a strong possibility of under-utilisation of labour time or incidence of under-employment. This is because many of the agriculture-related activities can absorb a large number of persons at a very low productivity level and with a marginal engagement. Moreover, as agriculture-related activities are seasonal in nature, persons may not find enough work in lean seasons, though they may get categorised as employed as per their usual status. A classification of the usually employed by their weekly status helps to reveal the dimension of real

engagement of the persons categorised as employed according to their usual status. Statement 3.7 gives the distribution of the usually employed by their current weekly status (taking into account both the principal and the subsidiary status). The corresponding results obtained from the 43rd round onwards are also presented in the statement. Compared to the previous rounds, in the 54th round the current employment of those who are usually employed have remained almost stable.

### 3.6 Sub-Sample Estimates

**3.6.1** As mentioned in the sampling design appended to the report, the first-stage units are drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples of equal sizes for obtaining two

**Statement 3.7: Per 1000 distribution of the usually employed (ps+ss) by their broad current weekly status**

<b>India</b>						
round	usually employed males			usually employed females		
	current weekly activity			current weekly activity		
	employed	unem- ployed	not in labour force	employed	unem- ployed	not in labour force
<b>rural</b>						
<b>54</b>	<b>968</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>236</b>
53	970	7	23	753	7	240
52	974	4	22	781	3	216
51	962	8	30	748	6	246
50	957	15	28	807	14	179
49	964	7	29	738	3	259
48	961	8	31	768	5	227
47	972	7	21	799	4	197
46	962	10	28	762	10	228
45	961	11	28	708	9	283
43	931	23	46	675	8	317
<b>urban</b>						
<b>54</b>	<b>987</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>127</b>
53	984	5	12	856	6	139
52	990	3	7	877	2	126
51	983	5	12	851	1	148
50	977	11	12	884	9	107
49	983	6	11	827	3	170
48	983	3	14	827	3	170
47	982	8	10	885	5	110
46	980	8	12	843	6	151
45	977	7	16	826	8	166
43	967	17	16	768	17	215

independent estimates for a characteristic. Closeness of the two estimates obtained from the two sub-samples for a characteristic can be taken as an indicator of its reliability. In Statement 3.8 below, we present certain key estimates separately for each sub-sample as well as for the combined sample. It can be seen that the estimates obtained from the two sub-samples are rather close to each other except for rural females.

### 3.7 Regional estimates

**3.7.1** In view of the small sample size in the annual surveys on consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment, the detailed state-level tables are not presented in the Appendix to the report. Key results are, however, presented for the major states and groups of smaller states and union territories in Statement 3.9 to 3.12. The titles of statements are listed below :

**Statement 3.9 :** Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad current weekly activity.

**Statement 3.10 :** Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad usual activity (principal).

**Statement 3.11:** Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad usual activity (principal and subsidiary).

**Statement 3.12:** Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons by broad group of industry.

The first three statements give the distribution of population by broad activity status according to current weekly status, usual status (principal) and usual status (principal and subsidiary), respectively.

The distribution of the usually working

according to the principal status and both the principal as well as subsidiary status by the three broad groups of industry sections, viz. primary, secondary and tertiary, are presented in Statement 3.12.

The groups of smaller states/union territories are :

- i) North-Eastern : Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.
- ii) North-Western : Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi
- iii) Southern: Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Goa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry

Broad activity statuses used for the purpose are :

- (i) self-employed, (ii) regular employees, (iii) casual labour, (iv) unemployed, (v) students, (vi) engaged in domestic duties and (vii) others not in labour force.

The estimated total population is given in the last column of these statements for each of the states and group of states. It is to be noted that the population estimates of the NSS are generally lower than the census population figures due to differences in coverage, methodology, etc.. Therefore, these totals can be used to combine the proportions at the desired level only and should not be used for generating absolute figures under any category. To do this, one is advised to use the NSS proportion on either the census population or projected population .

In the statements and subsequent tables a '-' and '0' mean 'no sample persons in the specified class' and 'the estimated value is negligible' cases, respectively.

Statement 3.8: Estimates of key indicators (per 1000) by sub-sample

India				
items	sex	SS 1	SS 2	combined
<i>rural</i>				
WPR				
<i>Usual status</i>				
	M	528	531	530
p.s.	F	210	205	202
	P	374	374	374
	M	537	541	539
p.s + s.s.	F	266	261	263
	P	406	406	406
<i>Current weekly status</i>				
	M	523	525	524
	F	206	198	202
	P	370	367	369
Unemployed				
<i>Usual principal status</i>				
	M	13	13	13
	F	4	4	4
	P	9	9	9
<i>Current weekly status</i>				
	M	15	16	15
	F	5	6	6
	P	10	11	11
<i>urban</i>				
WPR				
<i>Usual status</i>				
	M	496	516	506
p.s.	F	107	92	99
	P	314	315	314
	M	499	520	509
p.s + s.s.	F	121	107	114
	P	322	323	323
<i>Current weekly status</i>				
	M	493	514	509
	F	107	92	114
	P	313	313	323
Unemployed				
<i>Usual principal status</i>				
	M	30	26	28
	F	10	7	9
	P	21	17	19
<i>Current weekly status</i>				
	M	31	26	29
	F	10	7	8
	P	21	17	19
<i>Legends</i> SS 1: Sub-sample 1; SS 2: Sub-sample 2;				
M: Male; F: Female; P: Person				

Statement 3.9: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Current Weekly Activity

state	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular empl-oyed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in dom-estic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural Male</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	276	31	285	593	26	179	14	189	381	259022	3162
Assam	305	56	147	508	24	288	17	163	467	100454	2359
Bihar	1406	14	209	480	9	196	22	294	511	430682	5480
Gujarat	310	45	227	582	9	200	10	198	409	136971	1935
Haryana	0	81	133	449	15	294	6	236	536	77737	939
Karnataka	339	39	210	588	14	191	12	195	397	175471	2052
Kerala	201	67	249	517	53	223	14	192	429	102341	1659
Madhya Pradesh	332	26	192	550	7	191	14	238	443	284381	3944
Maharashtra	238	58	240	535	13	247	8	197	451	269747	3312
Orissa	291	33	200	524	23	190	25	238	454	151199	2095
Punjab	279	61	181	520	10	282	8	179	469	79716	1829
Rajasthan	372	26	113	510	7	245	11	227	482	179089	2598
Tamil Nadu	223	54	314	590	33	224	11	141	377	194386	2719
Uttar Pradesh	330	27	121	478	5	267	12	237	517	680373	7625
West Bengal	275	36	225	536	26	241	12	186	438	282746	3437
North Eastern	327	58	94	480	12	287	47	174	508	39529	4105
North Western	330	96	78	505	18	289	11	177	478	55992	2621
Southern	186	136	169	491	98	244	35	131	411	7167	630
All-India	292	37	195	524	15	229	14	217	461	3507004	52501
<b>Rural Female</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	137	6	211	354	10	150	298	187	635	254121	3124
Assam	20	14	36	70	11	245	486	189	919	84793	1965
Bihar	178	1	50	90	1	104	498	306	909	376661	4838
Gujarat	136	6	115	257	3	166	389	185	739	127080	1787
Haryana	0	3	36	90	0	231	450	229	910	70590	855
Karnataka	143	8	151	303	10	165	326	197	688	174633	2030
Kerala	41	25	70	136	32	204	459	168	832	108238	1764
Madhya Pradesh	190	6	136	332	3	128	271	265	664	259175	3577
Maharashtra	154	5	186	346	6	201	248	198	648	258014	3163
Orissa	86	5	75	167	7	155	453	219	827	147940	2032
Punjab	21	8	15	44	1	230	574	152	956	69025	1575
Rajasthan	229	2	36	267	2	120	354	258	731	163275	2331
Tamil Nadu	116	16	221	352	12	181	326	128	636	190361	2704
Uttar Pradesh	88	2	31	121	0	176	446	256	879	627880	6968
West Bengal	20	7	38	65	8	204	526	199	927	264995	3211
North Eastern	187	12	25	225	6	260	322	188	769	35843	3704
North Western	178	7	6	191	0	241	392	176	809	52851	2528
Southern	33	30	36	98	8	247	523	123	893	7015	592
All-India	104	6	92	202	6	169	400	223	792	3272489	48748

Statement 3.9: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Current Weekly Activity

state	w o r k i n g				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular empl-oyed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in dom-estic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural Person</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	207	19	248	475	18	164	155	187	507	513144	6286
Assam	175	37	96	308	18	268	232	175	674	185247	4324
Bihar	1584	8	135	298	6	153	244	299	697	807343	10318
Gujarat	226	26	173	426	6	183	193	192	568	264051	3722
Haryana	0	44	87	278	8	264	217	233	714	148327	1794
Karnataka	241	24	181	446	12	178	169	196	542	350103	4082
Kerala	119	45	157	321	42	213	242	181	636	210579	3423
Madhya Pradesh	264	16	165	446	5	161	137	250	548	543556	7521
Maharashtra	197	32	213	443	10	224	125	198	547	527761	6475
Orissa	190	19	138	347	15	173	236	229	638	299139	4127
Punjab	159	36	104	299	6	258	271	166	695	148741	3404
Rajasthan	304	14	76	394	5	185	175	242	601	342364	4929
Tamil Nadu	170	35	268	473	23	203	168	134	505	384747	5423
Uttar Pradesh	214	15	78	307	3	223	221	246	690	1308252	14593
West Bengal	152	22	135	308	17	223	260	192	675	547741	6648
North Eastern	261	36	61	359	9	274	178	181	632	75372	7809
North Western	257	53	43	353	9	266	196	176	638	108843	5149
Southern	110	83	103	297	54	246	276	127	649	14182	1222
All-India	201	22	145	369	11	200	200	220	621	6779492	101249
<b>Urban Male</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	198	179	124	502	24	262	14	199	474	101684	1225
Assam	202	209	65	477	32	330	0	161	491	10346	255
Bihar	182	142	70	439	35	235	16	275	526	68648	831
Gujarat	211	219	97	528	19	229	16	209	453	55101	976
Haryana	0	246	125	576	25	284	5	110	399	25690	256
Karnataka	214	184	147	545	22	220	16	197	433	62199	827
Kerala	187	118	197	502	49	272	14	163	449	31547	705
Madhya Pradesh	234	152	103	490	22	278	6	203	488	86820	1181
Maharashtra	164	281	58	504	30	269	5	192	467	164117	2175
Orissa	232	199	81	511	44	328	3	114	444	21937	326
Punjab	259	216	38	513	14	312	8	152	473	43241	776
Rajasthan	218	159	69	447	11	357	11	173	542	53843	699
Tamil Nadu	191	250	130	571	60	219	22	129	370	111375	1427
Uttar Pradesh	253	140	58	450	22	298	15	215	528	167719	1868
West Bengal	236	216	114	566	35	220	8	172	399	86490	1179
North Eastern	182	186	63	431	18	342	40	167	550	8211	1169
North Western	209	229	52	490	19	317	31	142	491	60957	1135
Southern	169	248	131	548	41	231	19	162	411	5041	399
All-India	213	199	91	504	29	269	13	186	468	1164967	17409

Statement 3.9: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Current Weekly Activity

state	w o r k i n g			all	unemp- loyed	not in labour force			estd. persons (00)	sample persons	
	self-empl- oyed	regular empl-oyed	casual labour			students	engaged in dom-estic duties	others			all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Urban Female</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	53	35	46	134	5	223	463	175	861	95481	1158
Assam	16	38	6	60	10	313	487	131	931	8824	202
Bihar	12	23	8	43	1	207	451	298	957	60514	698
Gujarat	31	26	31	89	5	210	552	144	906	52474	873
Haryana	0	36	13	71	0	331	453	144	929	21114	207
Karnataka	36	30	80	145	1	185	491	177	853	61946	839
Kerala	46	77	24	147	42	213	469	129	811	31498	708
Madhya Pradesh	49	19	68	136	0	207	422	234	864	76438	1096
Maharashtra	33	68	28	128	6	259	444	163	866	143242	1895
Orissa	4	40	26	70	1	236	531	161	929	16730	276
Punjab	19	30	10	59	3	324	482	132	938	35408	625
Rajasthan	44	12	30	86	5	257	471	180	908	41871	560
Tamil Nadu	47	42	42	132	29	193	508	138	840	108626	1415
Uttar Pradesh	23	13	2	38	2	245	492	224	960	142400	1639
West Bengal	33	31	11	75	20	219	549	137	904	80264	1027
North Eastern	76	72	13	161	7	331	330	170	832	7958	1131
North Western	14	63	3	80	1	289	505	124	919	48220	915
Southern	26	58	32	116	8	241	426	209	876	5411	413
All-India	34	36	29	99	8	234	481	177	893	1038419	15677
<b>Urban Person</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	128	109	86	323	15	243	231	187	661	197164	2383
Assam	117	130	38	285	22	322	224	148	693	19170	457
Bihar	194	86	41	254	19	222	220	286	728	129162	1529
Gujarat	123	125	65	314	12	220	277	178	674	107575	1849
Haryana	0	152	75	348	14	305	207	125	638	46804	463
Karnataka	125	107	114	346	12	203	253	187	643	124145	1666
Kerala	116	98	111	325	45	243	241	146	630	63045	1413
Madhya Pradesh	147	90	87	324	12	245	201	218	664	163258	2277
Maharashtra	103	182	44	329	18	264	209	178	653	307360	4070
Orissa	133	130	57	321	26	288	232	134	654	38667	602
Punjab	151	133	25	308	9	318	221	144	682	78649	1401
Rajasthan	142	95	52	289	9	314	213	176	702	95714	1259
Tamil Nadu	120	147	87	354	44	206	262	134	602	220002	2842
Uttar Pradesh	147	81	32	261	13	273	234	219	726	310118	3507
West Bengal	139	127	64	330	28	220	267	154	642	166755	2206
North Eastern	130	130	38	298	13	337	183	169	689	16169	2300
North Western	123	155	30	309	11	305	240	134	680	109177	2050
Southern	95	150	80	325	24	236	230	186	652	10452	812
All-India	129	122	62	313	19	253	234	181	668	2203386	33086



**Statement 3.10: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Usual Activity (Principal)**

state	w o r k i n g				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular employed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in domestic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural Male</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	271	31	299	601	20	197	15	167	379	259022	3162
Assam	306	55	147	508	24	287	17	163	467	100454	2359
Bihar	259	14	212	485	8	202	17	288	507	430682	5480
Gujarat	305	46	240	591	5	207	7	190	405	136971	1935
Haryana	228	82	138	448	17	296	5	233	535	77737	939
Karnataka	336	38	221	595	14	213	12	166	390	175471	2052
Kerala	204	66	264	534	45	254	11	157	422	102341	1659
Madhya Pradesh	323	28	204	555	2	221	8	214	442	284381	3944
Maharashtra	232	61	248	541	11	270	5	173	448	269747	3312
Orissa	291	31	223	545	23	192	13	226	432	151199	2095
Punjab	278	62	178	518	10	286	9	177	472	79716	1829
Rajasthan	371	26	119	516	3	246	9	226	481	179089	2598
Tamil Nadu	225	54	314	593	31	226	11	137	375	194386	2719
Uttar Pradesh	330	27	124	481	4	273	10	232	515	680373	7625
West Bengal	271	35	236	542	24	248	11	175	434	282746	3437
North Eastern	332	60	90	483	14	299	45	158	503	39529	4105
North Western	324	98	83	505	18	291	7	179	477	55992	2621
Southern	183	136	186	505	88	260	30	116	407	7167	630
All-India	290	38	202	530	13	240	11	206	457	3507004	52501
<b>Rural Female</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	137	7	235	380	6	159	283	174	615	254121	3124
Assam	14	14	34	62	11	246	491	189	927	84793	1965
Bihar	37	1	57	95	1	108	506	291	905	376661	4838
Gujarat	102	6	118	226	2	177	422	174	772	127080	1787
Haryana	37	3	27	67	0	239	472	222	933	70590	855
Karnataka	134	10	167	311	8	185	328	168	681	174633	2030
Kerala	43	26	78	147	32	226	450	144	821	108238	1764
Madhya Pradesh	196	8	150	355	0	148	251	246	645	259175	3577
Maharashtra	156	6	212	374	5	219	221	180	621	258014	3163
Orissa	88	5	106	199	3	155	424	218	798	147940	2032
Punjab	9	8	13	30	0	236	587	148	970	69025	1575
Rajasthan	212	2	37	252	0	121	368	259	748	163275	2331
Tamil Nadu	115	16	230	361	11	183	319	126	628	190361	2704
Uttar Pradesh	83	2	32	117	0	180	454	249	883	627880	6968
West Bengal	17	7	36	61	6	207	536	190	933	264995	3211
North Eastern	184	12	26	222	5	270	325	178	773	35843	3704
North Western	169	7	4	180	0	239	402	180	820	52851	2528
Southern	35	30	38	102	7	255	518	118	891	7015	592
All-India	100	6	101	207	4	177	399	212	788	3272489	48748

**Statement 3.10: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Usual Activity (Principal)**

state	w o r k i n g				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular employed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in domestic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural Person</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	205	19	268	491	13	178	147	170	496	513144	6286
Assam	172	36	96	304	18	269	235	175	678	185247	4324
Bihar	155	8	139	303	5	158	246	289	693	807343	10318
Gujarat	207	26	181	415	3	192	206	183	581	264051	3722
Haryana	137	45	85	267	9	269	228	228	724	148327	1794
Karnataka	235	24	194	453	11	199	170	167	535	350103	4082
Kerala	121	45	168	335	38	239	236	151	627	210579	3423
Madhya Pradesh	263	18	178	460	1	186	124	229	539	543556	7521
Maharashtra	195	34	231	459	8	245	112	176	533	527761	6475
Orissa	191	18	165	374	13	174	216	223	613	299139	4127
Punjab	153	37	101	291	5	263	277	163	703	148741	3404
Rajasthan	296	15	80	390	2	186	181	242	608	342364	4929
Tamil Nadu	171	35	273	479	21	205	163	132	500	384747	5423
Uttar Pradesh	211	15	80	306	2	228	223	240	692	1308252	14593
West Bengal	148	22	139	309	15	228	265	182	675	547741	6648
North Eastern	262	37	60	359	10	286	178	168	631	75372	7809
North Western	249	54	45	347	9	266	199	179	644	108843	5149
Southern	110	83	113	306	48	257	272	117	646	14182	1222
All-India	198	23	153	374	9	210	199	208	617	6779492	101249
<b>Urban Male</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	201	181	128	510	23	268	14	185	467	101684	1225
Assam	203	203	65	472	32	335	0	161	496	10346	255
Bihar	217	145	79	441	35	241	16	266	524	68648	831
Gujarat	221	224	96	541	13	230	14	201	445	55101	976
Haryana	205	249	123	576	25	284	5	110	399	25690	256
Karnataka	216	185	146	547	24	239	16	173	429	62199	827
Kerala	188	121	193	503	49	282	11	155	448	31547	705
Madhya Pradesh	235	152	105	492	20	304	5	179	488	86820	1181
Maharashtra	162	284	60	506	28	297	5	164	465	164117	2175
Orissa	231	199	81	511	45	328	3	113	444	21937	326
Punjab	261	212	36	509	17	310	7	156	474	43241	776
Rajasthan	222	160	68	451	3	362	9	176	547	53843	699
Tamil Nadu	190	253	128	571	59	217	25	129	370	111375	1427
Uttar Pradesh	255	140	60	455	20	313	14	198	524	167719	1868
West Bengal	232	218	112	562	39	224	8	168	399	86490	1179
North Eastern	184	185	63	432	18	361	34	155	550	8211	1169
North Western	209	231	47	487	21	316	31	144	492	60957	1135
Southern	174	248	127	549	36	252	19	145	415	5041	399
All-India	213	201	92	506	28	280	13	174	466	1164967	17409

**Statement 3.10: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Usual Activity (Principal)**

state	w o r k i n g				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular empl-oyed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in dom-estic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Urban Female</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	53	36	44	133	5	231	466	166	861	95481	1158
Assam	16	38	12	65	10	313	487	125	925	8824	202
Bihar	13	23	8	44	1	211	453	291	955	60514	698
Gujarat	35	26	30	91	2	223	547	136	907	52474	873
Haryana	0	36	1	37	0	330	489	144	963	21114	207
Karnataka	33	31	80	144	1	223	492	139	854	61946	839
Kerala	45	82	25	153	47	228	457	116	800	31498	708
Madhya Pradesh	51	19	73	143	0	244	408	205	857	76438	1096
Maharashtra	30	69	30	129	6	287	440	137	864	143242	1895
Orissa	4	40	26	70	1	236	531	161	929	16730	276
Punjab	15	30	10	55	3	324	488	130	942	35408	625
Rajasthan	43	12	30	85	2	255	478	180	913	41871	560
Tamil Nadu	47	42	48	136	30	192	507	134	833	108626	1415
Uttar Pradesh	22	13	3	38	2	248	492	220	960	142400	1639
West Bengal	31	32	8	71	24	228	542	134	905	80264	1027
North Eastern	77	72	13	161	4	351	332	151	834	7958	1131
North Western	13	63	3	79	1	290	507	123	920	48220	915
Southern	22	60	32	114	11	279	428	169	875	5411	413
All-India	33	37	30	99	9	246	480	165	892	1038419	15677
<b>Urban Person</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	129	111	88	328	14	250	233	175	658	197164	2383
Assam	117	127	41	285	22	325	224	145	694	19170	457
Bihar	121	88	46	255	19	227	221	278	726	129162	1529
Gujarat	130	127	64	321	8	226	274	170	671	107575	1849
Haryana	112	153	68	333	14	305	223	126	653	46804	463
Karnataka	125	108	113	346	13	231	254	157	641	124145	1666
Kerala	117	102	109	328	48	255	234	136	624	63045	1413
Madhya Pradesh	149	90	90	328	11	276	193	191	661	163258	2277
Maharashtra	101	184	46	331	18	292	207	152	651	307360	4070
Orissa	133	130	57	320	26	288	232	134	654	38667	602
Punjab	150	130	24	304	11	316	224	145	685	78649	1401
Rajasthan	144	95	52	291	2	315	214	178	707	95714	1259
Tamil Nadu	119	149	88	356	45	204	263	131	599	220002	2842
Uttar Pradesh	148	81	34	264	12	283	233	208	724	310118	3507
West Bengal	135	129	62	326	32	226	265	151	643	166755	2206
North Eastern	131	129	38	299	11	356	181	154	690	16169	2300
North Western	122	157	28	307	12	305	242	134	681	109177	2050
Southern	95	151	78	324	23	266	230	157	653	10452	812
All-India	128	124	62	314	19	264	233	170	667	2203386	33086

Statement 3.11: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Usual Activity (Principal and Subsidiary)

state	w o r k i n g				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular employed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in domestic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural Male</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	274	31	301	606	16	197	15	167	378	259022	3162
Assam	317	55	148	520	21	281	16	161	458	100454	2359
Bihar	269	14	213	496	7	196	16	285	497	430682	5480
Gujarat	312	46	242	599	4	202	6	189	397	136971	1935
Haryana	233	82	138	453	16	293	5	232	531	77737	939
Karnataka	343	38	221	603	13	207	12	166	385	175471	2052
Kerala	214	66	266	546	41	251	11	151	413	102341	1659
Madhya Pradesh	333	28	205	566	2	212	7	213	432	284381	3944
Maharashtra	236	61	250	547	9	265	5	172	443	269747	3312
Orissa	298	31	226	555	18	191	12	224	426	151199	2095
Punjab	284	62	178	524	10	281	9	176	466	79716	1829
Rajasthan	379	26	120	525	2	238	9	225	473	179089	2598
Tamil Nadu	227	54	315	596	29	226	11	137	374	194386	2719
Uttar Pradesh	339	27	125	491	3	265	10	230	505	680373	7625
West Bengal	288	35	238	561	21	235	10	173	418	282746	3437
North Eastern	339	60	91	490	13	295	44	157	497	39529	4105
North Western	340	98	83	520	14	282	7	177	466	55992	2621
Southern	187	136	187	510	87	256	30	116	403	7167	630
All-India	298	38	203	539	11	234	11	204	449	3507004	52501
<b>Rural Female</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	154	7	259	420	6	158	242	174	575	254121	3124
Assam	60	14	37	112	11	243	445	189	877	84793	1965
Bihar	58	1	69	129	1	107	474	290	871	376661	4838
Gujarat	200	6	158	363	2	175	286	173	635	127080	1787
Haryana	102	3	56	162	0	239	380	220	838	70590	855
Karnataka	185	10	180	375	8	183	267	167	617	174633	2030
Kerala	105	26	84	215	32	224	385	143	753	108238	1764
Madhya Pradesh	228	8	164	400	0	146	210	244	600	259175	3577
Maharashtra	178	6	225	410	4	217	190	179	586	258014	3163
Orissa	141	5	134	281	3	153	347	215	716	147940	2032
Punjab	102	8	32	142	0	234	478	147	858	69025	1575
Rajasthan	303	2	51	356	0	121	265	259	644	163275	2331
Tamil Nadu	135	16	248	399	9	183	284	126	593	190361	2704
Uttar Pradesh	122	2	41	164	0	179	408	249	836	627880	6968
West Bengal	49	8	58	114	5	206	485	189	880	264995	3211
North Eastern	198	12	27	237	5	269	311	177	758	35843	3704
North Western	235	7	7	249	0	234	340	178	751	52851	2528
Southern	113	30	49	191	7	246	438	118	802	7015	592
All-India	141	7	116	263	4	176	346	212	733	3272489	48748

Statement 3.11: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Usual Activity (Principal and Subsidiary)

state	w o r k i n g				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular employed	casual labour	all		students	engaged in domestic duties	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Rural Person</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	214	19	280	514	11	178	128	170	475	513144	6286
Assam	200	36	97	333	17	264	213	174	650	185247	4324
Bihar	170	8	146	325	4	155	229	287	671	807343	10318
Gujarat	258	26	201	486	3	189	141	182	511	264051	3722
Haryana	171	45	99	314	8	268	183	226	677	148327	1794
Karnataka	264	24	201	489	10	195	140	167	501	350103	4082
Kerala	158	45	172	376	36	237	204	147	588	210579	3423
Madhya Pradesh	283	18	185	487	1	180	105	228	512	543556	7521
Maharashtra	208	34	238	480	7	242	96	175	513	527761	6475
Orissa	221	18	181	420	11	172	177	220	570	299139	4127
Punjab	199	37	110	346	5	259	226	162	648	148741	3404
Rajasthan	343	15	87	445	1	182	131	241	554	342364	4929
Tamil Nadu	182	35	282	499	19	205	146	132	482	384747	5423
Uttar Pradesh	235	15	85	334	2	224	201	239	664	1308252	14593
West Bengal	172	22	151	345	14	221	240	180	642	547741	6648
North Eastern	272	38	60	370	9	283	172	167	621	75372	7809
North Western	289	54	46	389	7	258	168	178	604	108843	5149
Southern	150	83	119	352	47	251	231	117	600	14182	1222
All-India	222	23	161	406	8	206	172	207	586	6779492	101249
<b>Urban Male</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	203	181	128	513	23	267	13	185	464	101684	1225
Assam	209	203	65	477	32	330	0	161	491	10346	255
Bihar	220	145	80	445	34	240	16	265	521	68648	831
Gujarat	222	224	96	541	13	230	14	201	445	55101	976
Haryana	205	249	123	576	25	284	5	110	399	25690	256
Karnataka	217	185	146	548	24	238	16	173	428	62199	827
Kerala	195	121	193	509	49	282	11	149	442	31547	705
Madhya Pradesh	235	152	105	492	20	304	5	179	488	86820	1181
Maharashtra	163	284	60	507	28	297	5	164	465	164117	2175
Orissa	236	199	82	517	43	324	3	113	441	21937	326
Punjab	261	212	36	509	17	310	7	156	474	43241	776
Rajasthan	230	160	68	459	3	353	9	176	539	53843	699
Tamil Nadu	191	253	128	572	58	217	25	129	370	111375	1427
Uttar Pradesh	262	140	60	463	19	307	14	197	518	167719	1868
West Bengal	238	218	115	571	34	221	8	167	395	86490	1179
North Eastern	186	185	63	434	17	359	34	155	549	8211	1169
North Western	210	231	47	488	21	316	31	144	491	60957	1135
Southern	176	248	127	551	36	250	19	145	413	5041	399
All-India	216	201	92	509	27	278	12	174	464	1164967	17409

**Statement 3.11: Per 1000 Distribution of Persons by Broad Usual Activity (Principal and Subsidiary)**

state	w o r k i n g			all	unemp- loyed	not in labour force			all	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	self-empl- oyed	regular employed	casual labour			students	engaged in domestic duties	others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
<b>Urban Female</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	63	36	50	149	5	228	452	166	846	95481	1158
Assam	29	38	12	79	10	306	481	125	912	8824	202
Bihar	17	23	9	49	1	211	449	291	950	60514	698
Gujarat	38	26	33	97	2	223	540	136	900	52474	873
Haryana	34	36	13	84	0	330	441	144	916	21114	207
Karnataka	47	31	86	164	1	223	477	135	835	61946	839
Kerala	80	82	25	187	47	228	424	113	766	31498	708
Madhya Pradesh	55	20	78	153	0	244	397	205	847	76438	1096
Maharashtra	34	70	32	136	6	287	434	137	859	143242	1895
Orissa	13	40	26	79	1	236	522	161	920	16730	276
Punjab	28	30	10	68	3	324	474	130	929	35408	625
Rajasthan	78	14	30	122	2	241	455	180	876	41871	560
Tamil Nadu	56	42	51	150	30	191	494	134	820	108626	1415
Uttar Pradesh	37	13	4	54	2	245	478	220	944	142400	1639
West Bengal	40	32	14	86	19	228	533	134	895	80264	1027
North Eastern	83	72	14	168	4	348	329	151	828	7958	1131
North Western	18	63	6	87	1	290	500	123	913	48220	915
Southern	28	60	34	122	11	279	420	169	867	5411	413
All-India	44	37	33	114	8	245	468	165	878	1038419	15677
<b>Urban Person</b>											
Andhra Pradesh	135	111	90	337	14	248	225	175	649	197164	2383
Assam	126	127	41	294	22	319	221	145	684	19170	457
Bihar	124	88	47	259	18	226	219	277	722	129162	1529
Gujarat	132	127	66	325	8	226	271	170	667	107575	1849
Haryana	128	153	73	354	14	305	201	126	632	46804	463
Karnataka	132	108	116	357	13	230	246	155	631	124145	1666
Kerala	137	102	109	348	48	255	218	131	604	63045	1413
Madhya Pradesh	150	91	92	333	11	276	189	191	656	163258	2277
Maharashtra	103	184	47	334	18	292	204	152	649	307360	4070
Orissa	140	130	58	327	25	286	227	134	648	38667	602
Punjab	156	130	24	310	11	316	218	145	679	78649	1401
Rajasthan	163	96	52	311	2	304	204	178	686	95714	1259
Tamil Nadu	124	149	90	364	44	204	257	131	592	220002	2842
Uttar Pradesh	159	82	35	275	11	279	228	208	713	310118	3507
West Bengal	143	129	66	338	27	224	261	151	636	166755	2206
North Eastern	135	129	39	303	11	354	180	154	686	16169	2300
North Western	125	157	29	311	12	305	238	134	677	109177	2050
Southern	100	151	79	329	23	265	227	157	648	10452	812
All-India	135	124	64	323	18	262	227	169	659	2203386	33086

Statement 3.12 : Per 1000 Distribution of Usually Working Persons by Broad Groups of Industry

state	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)		sample	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
<b>Rural Male</b>								
Andhra Pradesh	798	797	84	86	156	158	1910	1924
Assam	714	718	32	31	130	131	1199	1230
Bihar	823	826	74	72	135	132	2657	2724
Gujarat	771	773	122	121	186	182	1161	1180
Haryana	652	653	127	125	227	227	431	436
Karnataka	813	812	63	62	133	135	1217	1231
Kerala	460	469	236	233	434	426	879	898
Madhya Pradesh	867	868	50	48	88	88	2180	2220
Maharashtra	748	750	108	108	190	189	1791	1812
Orissa	766	768	104	103	189	186	1143	1163
Punjab	659	663	148	146	260	257	944	954
Rajasthan	744	748	152	149	207	204	1334	1358
Tamil Nadu	709	709	152	152	235	234	1628	1638
Uttar Pradesh	762	766	98	95	174	171	3705	3785
West Bengal	700	704	115	114	234	230	1860	1922
North Eastern	646	648	94	93	171	170	2006	2042
North Western	582	595	200	193	299	290	1340	1388
Southern	389	392	285	285	512	510	342	353
All-India	755	757	103	102	183	181	27727	28258
<b>Rural Female</b>								
Andhra Pradesh	861	865	73	73	99	97	1187	1306
Assam	800	872	27	23	46	33	121	225
Bihar	894	916	81	59	88	66	430	593
Gujarat	924	942	39	27	41	35	422	667
Haryana	907	923	47	36	48	40	60	137
Karnataka	871	886	68	58	93	81	627	758
Kerala	459	589	295	224	352	281	251	362
Madhya Pradesh	945	946	25	27	39	41	1245	1407
Maharashtra	945	942	32	31	41	45	1209	1320
Orissa	790	802	121	124	184	180	368	532
Punjab	526	881	77	16	149	31	47	232
Rajasthan	910	932	72	54	78	60	553	811
Tamil Nadu	814	829	123	115	148	137	958	1065
Uttar Pradesh	925	928	46	41	53	48	791	1101
West Bengal	642	651	201	240	239	273	192	371
North Eastern	807	802	49	52	76	80	921	1003
North Western	943	953	20	14	26	19	485	709
Southern	493	555	155	157	257	305	62	116
All-India	876	885	71	67	90	84	9929	12715

Statement 3.12 : Per 1000 Distribution of Usually Working Persons by Broad Groups of Industry

state	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)		sample	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
<b>Rural Person</b>								
Andhra Pradesh	822	824	80	79	134	133	3097	3230
Assam	722	742	31	30	123	115	1320	1455
Bihar	833	843	75	69	129	120	3087	3317
Gujarat	811	834	101	88	148	130	1583	1847
Haryana	683	719	117	103	206	181	491	573
Karnataka	833	841	64	61	120	114	1844	1989
Kerala	459	505	249	230	414	384	1130	1260
Madhya Pradesh	896	898	40	40	70	69	3425	3627
Maharashtra	827	830	78	76	131	128	3000	3132
Orissa	772	780	109	109	188	184	1511	1695
Punjab	653	704	144	122	254	216	991	1186
Rajasthan	795	818	128	112	167	149	1887	2169
Tamil Nadu	748	757	140	136	203	197	2586	2703
Uttar Pradesh	792	804	88	83	152	143	4496	4886
West Bengal	695	696	123	134	234	236	2052	2293
North Eastern	693	695	81	80	143	142	2927	3045
North Western	673	706	152	138	231	205	1825	2097
Southern	406	436	263	250	471	455	404	469
All-India	787	797	94	90	158	151	37656	40973
<b>Urban Male</b>								
Andhra Pradesh	80	84	330	330	690	686	602	606
Assam	29	28	90	90	592	596	126	127
Bihar	111	117	256	254	696	690	362	368
Gujarat	70	70	366	366	724	725	522	524
Haryana	36	36	412	412	735	735	134	134
Karnataka	130	130	300	300	659	659	455	456
Kerala	151	162	326	323	682	674	354	360
Madhya Pradesh	147	147	237	237	539	539	591	591
Maharashtra	65	64	365	365	740	740	1093	1099
Orissa	105	104	243	246	621	625	171	175
Punjab	86	86	381	381	675	675	396	396
Rajasthan	71	69	352	347	636	641	326	331
Tamil Nadu	93	94	396	396	696	695	811	813
Uttar Pradesh	104	113	303	299	669	664	855	869
West Bengal	90	89	334	327	738	735	629	637
North Eastern	144	147	109	109	359	358	519	522
North Western	10	11	254	254	682	682	556	559
Southern	120	120	221	224	539	539	214	215
All-India	90	92	326	322	681	680	8716	8782



**Statement 3.12 : Per 1000 Distribution of Usually Working Persons by Broad Groups of Industry**

state	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)		sample	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
<b>Urban Female</b>								
Andhra Pradesh	177	224	336	312	585	555	154	167
Assam	0	74	91	76	375	407	14	16
Bihar	74	146	196	193	463	435	35	41
Gujarat	243	250	283	264	447	416	90	108
Haryana	0	0	178	231	178	382	10	14
Karnataka	272	290	311	324	482	489	132	147
Kerala	141	266	185	176	380	345	87	109
Madhya Pradesh	373	368	250	251	353	364	134	148
Maharashtra	175	179	250	250	432	428	239	259
Orissa	365	333	131	118	179	263	16	21
Punjab	18	138	204	190	260	237	38	50
Rajasthan	321	477	406	284	469	359	43	57
Tamil Nadu	144	171	465	450	643	622	204	227
Uttar Pradesh	221	274	276	281	429	470	73	106
West Bengal	4	26	276	228	460	391	81	95
North Eastern	159	167	119	114	317	328	192	199
North Western	11	60	153	175	312	317	76	94
Southern	146	142	68	63	235	281	51	56
All-India	187	221	292	280	463	449	1669	1914
<b>Urban Person</b>								
Andhra Pradesh	99	114	332	324	669	660	756	773
Assam	26	34	91	88	570	573	140	143
Bihar	108	120	252	249	677	669	397	409
Gujarat	93	96	355	351	687	680	612	632
Haryana	34	32	400	392	706	696	144	148
Karnataka	160	167	303	305	623	620	587	603
Kerala	149	190	295	283	612	585	441	469
Madhya Pradesh	193	194	241	240	501	502	725	739
Maharashtra	85	86	346	344	683	681	1332	1358
Orissa	129	128	234	232	580	588	187	196
Punjab	80	91	367	362	643	632	434	446
Rajasthan	103	139	359	335	615	593	369	388
Tamil Nadu	103	110	411	407	686	680	1015	1040
Uttar Pradesh	112	127	301	297	656	647	928	975
West Bengal	81	81	327	316	708	694	710	732
North Eastern	148	152	111	110	349	351	711	721
North Western	11	17	242	243	639	636	632	653
Southern	125	124	194	193	483	490	265	271
All-India	104	113	319	316	649	642	10385	10696

Appendix A

**Detailed Tables**  
(at all-India level)

**Table (1): Per 1000 distribution of households and persons by monthly per capita expenditure class, and number of persons and number of economically active persons per 1000 households for different monthly per capita expenditure classes**

<b>all-India</b>		<b>Schedule Type: 1</b>								
MPCE class (Rs)	per 1000 number of		average number per 1000 households							
	households	persons	all persons				economically active persons			
			adult		children	all	adult		children	all
			male	female			male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	<b>Rural</b>		<b>Number of villages surveyed: 2568</b>							
000 - 120	5	6	1375	1445	2652	5472	1214	784	166	2163
120 - 140	12	14	1587	1529	2968	6084	1337	756	157	2250
140 - 165	27	31	1584	1593	2614	5791	1345	774	74	2194
165 - 190	44	51	1591	1589	2605	5785	1398	621	73	2091
190 - 210	48	57	1661	1621	2697	5979	1472	692	55	2220
210 - 235	71	77	1550	1533	2377	5459	1397	635	64	2096
235 - 265	84	93	1684	1617	2252	5553	1491	568	68	2127
265 - 300	106	112	1692	1676	1930	5298	1458	615	75	2149
300 - 355	154	160	1630	1571	2016	5217	1376	529	41	1945
355 - 455	182	172	1598	1559	1573	4730	1354	416	47	1818
455 - 560	108	96	1589	1471	1421	4480	1336	377	39	1753
560 & above	159	131	1544	1403	1171	4118	1255	307	25	1586
all classes	1000	1000	1608	1546	1862	5016	1372	499	52	1923
estimated number	1360097	6823729	2187225	2102843	2531943	6822012	1865812	678476	70388	2614894
sample number	9986	50569	16461	15565	18533	50559	13942	4902	463	19308
	<b>Urban</b>		<b>Number of blocks surveyed: 878</b>							
000 - 160	6	8	2239	1682	2207	6127	2015	917	127	3059
160 - 190	11	17	2034	1676	3159	6869	1392	406	26	1825
190 - 230	24	35	1951	1946	2940	6837	1593	285	64	1943
230 - 265	23	31	1794	1792	2666	6252	1383	427	98	1908
265 - 310	55	67	1781	1702	2189	5672	1445	359	36	1841
310 - 355	72	87	1723	1615	2296	5635	1408	265	34	1708
355 - 410	71	84	1809	1617	2098	5523	1386	367	135	1888
410 - 490	119	137	1764	1620	1992	5376	1458	224	129	1811
490 - 605	148	143	1680	1393	1444	4517	1260	199	39	1498
605 - 825	182	173	1655	1500	1275	4430	1285	189	14	1488
825 - 1055	91	74	1563	1320	889	3772	1126	197	0	1322
1055 & above	198	145	1458	1181	786	3424	1026	224	5	1255
all classes	1000	1000	1665	1467	1534	4666	1276	244	43	1564
estimated number	468532	2186004	780051	687334	718619	2186004	597836	114440	20368	732645
sample number	3497	16534	5868	5299	5367	16534	4487	893	96	5476

**Table (2): Quantity (kg) and value (Rs) of consumption of cereals, gram and cereal substitutes per person for a period of 30 days for each monthly per capita expenditure class**

<b>all-India</b>		<b>Schedule Type: 1</b>											<b>Number of villages surveyed: 2568</b>		<b>Rural</b>	
cereal	MPCE (Rs.)	000-120	120-140	140-165	165-190	190-210	210-235	235-265	265-300	300-355	355-455	455-560	560 & above	all classes	per 1000 hhs rep. cons.	sample hhs rep. cons.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
<b>Quantity (kg)</b>																
rice		4.01	4.54	5.62	6.11	6.28	6.58	6.91	7.10	7.15	7.35	6.98	6.74	6.84	924	9250
wheat		2.27	2.49	3.25	3.50	3.76	3.79	3.74	3.94	4.03	4.53	4.85	5.90	4.28	731	7057
jowar		0.72	1.34	0.90	0.94	0.72	0.70	0.75	0.63	0.56	0.48	0.40	0.37	0.59	108	908
bajra		0.24	0.07	0.24	0.34	0.39	0.18	0.28	0.34	0.42	0.32	0.42	0.48	0.35	56	542
maize		0.63	0.39	0.33	0.27	0.25	0.32	0.22	0.23	0.25	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.22	58	854
other cereals		0.47	0.27	0.30	0.11	0.19	0.14	0.17	0.24	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.12	0.19	73	666
<b>total cereals</b>		<b>8.34</b>	<b>9.10</b>	<b>10.64</b>	<b>11.26</b>	<b>11.61</b>	<b>11.70</b>	<b>12.09</b>	<b>12.47</b>	<b>12.60</b>	<b>13.01</b>	<b>13.01</b>	<b>13.79</b>	<b>12.47</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>9914</b>
gram		0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.11	0.05	168	1744
cereal substitutes		0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.19	0.05	74	763
<b>Value (Rs)</b>																
rice		26.44	30.15	38.77	44.48	46.77	49.78	53.90	56.06	58.06	60.37	60.99	61.33	55.40	924	9250
wheat		12.37	13.40	18.03	19.15	20.49	21.08	21.29	22.63	23.73	26.61	29.41	36.48	25.08	731	7057
jowar		2.56	5.94	4.03	4.04	3.68	3.76	4.29	3.42	3.07	3.02	2.24	2.20	3.23	108	908
bajra		0.84	0.35	0.97	1.33	1.60	0.81	1.34	1.55	2.04	1.62	2.01	2.30	1.66	56	542
maize		2.78	1.66	1.41	1.24	1.18	1.37	0.98	1.00	1.13	0.63	0.79	0.89	1.00	58	854
other cereals		2.27	1.26	1.43	0.54	0.87	0.65	0.79	1.04	0.85	0.86	0.89	0.62	0.84	73	666
<b>total cereals</b>		<b>47.26</b>	<b>52.77</b>	<b>64.64</b>	<b>70.77</b>	<b>74.59</b>	<b>77.45</b>	<b>82.59</b>	<b>85.70</b>	<b>88.88</b>	<b>93.11</b>	<b>96.33</b>	<b>103.82</b>	<b>87.21</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>9914</b>
gram		0.05	0.07	0.11	0.46	0.31	0.33	0.58	0.60	0.56	0.85	0.97	1.83	0.76	168	1744
cereal substitutes		0.15	0.05	0.17	0.11	0.14	0.21	0.24	0.22	0.23	0.26	0.39	0.93	0.32	74	763
sample hhs		50	100	247	396	442	651	799	973	1469	1842	1179	1838	9986	xxx	xxx

**Table (2): Quantity (kg) and value (Rs) of consumption of cereals, gram and cereal substitutes per person for a period of 30 days for each monthly per capita expenditure class**

<b>all-India</b>		<b>Schedule Type: 1</b>											<b>Urban</b>		
		<b>Number of blocks surveyed: 878</b>													
MPCE (Rs.)	000-160	160-190	190-230	230-265	265-310	310-355	355-410	410-490	490-605	605-825	825-1055	1055 & above	all classes	per 1000 hhs rep. cons.	sample hhs rep. cons.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
<b>Quantity (kg)</b>															
rice	1.89	2.99	3.87	5.47	4.59	5.30	5.73	5.51	5.56	5.35	6.04	5.07	5.27	919	3261
wheat	2.90	5.32	4.75	4.17	4.46	4.02	4.47	4.34	4.36	5.32	4.71	5.25	4.68	857	2975
jowar	4.33	0.30	0.77	0.16	0.40	0.46	0.34	0.34	0.26	0.22	0.27	0.09	0.32	84	270
bajra	0.00	-	0.03	0.04	0.08	0.12	0.21	0.10	0.10	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.07	28	93
maize	0.29	-	0.00	0.05	0.11	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	11	53
other cereals	-	-	0.02	0.03	0.10	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.05	35	106
<b>total cereals</b>	<b>9.42</b>	<b>8.60</b>	<b>9.45</b>	<b>9.92</b>	<b>9.74</b>	<b>9.97</b>	<b>10.82</b>	<b>10.36</b>	<b>10.37</b>	<b>10.97</b>	<b>11.08</b>	<b>10.47</b>	<b>10.42</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>3391</b>
gram	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.11	0.05	0.06	0.09	0.07	0.12	0.07	267	848
cereal substitutes	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.03	88	283
<b>Value (Rs)</b>															
rice	11.46	22.86	30.73	46.49	38.33	44.16	50.66	50.97	54.59	55.06	66.06	64.60	52.21	919	3261
wheat	15.26	35.61	28.33	25.68	28.94	25.93	29.47	29.45	30.61	40.84	37.65	46.11	34.11	857	2975
jowar	19.21	1.15	3.61	1.04	2.14	2.83	2.13	2.40	1.83	1.60	1.97	0.71	2.01	84	270
bajra	0.03	-	0.16	0.26	0.45	0.75	1.01	0.63	0.57	0.19	0.08	0.19	0.43	28	93
maize	1.18	-	0.00	0.19	0.56	0.13	0.11	0.08	0.07	0.12	0.00	0.02	0.12	11	53
other cereals	-	-	0.09	0.12	0.51	0.15	0.10	0.26	0.45	0.15	0.23	0.23	0.24	35	106
<b>total cereals</b>	<b>47.14</b>	<b>59.61</b>	<b>62.93</b>	<b>73.77</b>	<b>70.92</b>	<b>73.95</b>	<b>83.48</b>	<b>83.78</b>	<b>88.10</b>	<b>97.95</b>	<b>105.99</b>	<b>111.86</b>	<b>89.11</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>3391</b>
gram	0.19	0.02	0.65	0.37	0.38	0.60	1.92	1.18	1.04	1.72	1.45	2.39	1.34	267	848
cereal substitutes	0.02	0.03	0.15	0.18	0.13	0.14	0.33	0.24	0.40	0.57	0.29	0.68	0.37	88	283
sample hhs	15	31	92	95	206	243	278	401	512	649	330	645	3497	xxx	xxx

**Table (3): Value (Rs) of consumption of broad groups of food and non-food items per person for a period of 30 days for each monthly per capita expenditure class**

all-India

item group	Schedule Type: 1 Number of villages surveyed: 2568													Rural		
	monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs)													% to total expenditure	per 1000 hhs rep. cons.	sample hhs rep. cons.
(1)	000-120	120-140	140-165	165-190	190-210	210-235	235-265	265-300	300-355	355-455	455-560	560 & above	all classes	(15)	(16)	(17)
cereals	47.26	52.77	64.64	70.77	74.59	77.45	82.59	85.70	88.88	93.11	96.33	103.82	87.21	22.83	990	9914
gram	0.05	0.07	0.11	0.46	0.31	0.33	0.58	0.60	0.56	0.85	0.97	1.83	0.76	0.20	168	1744
cereal subst.	0.15	0.05	0.17	0.11	0.14	0.21	0.24	0.22	0.23	0.26	0.39	0.93	0.32	0.08	74	763
pulse & prod.	4.40	6.70	7.36	8.09	9.12	10.15	11.22	12.47	13.38	15.35	18.18	22.17	13.93	3.65	970	9665
milk & prod.	3.18	3.43	3.79	6.68	9.61	12.59	17.53	23.11	30.80	42.80	60.19	93.23	36.54	9.56	724	7229
edible oil	5.58	7.90	8.79	9.34	10.66	12.06	12.89	14.53	16.02	19.18	20.92	26.05	16.54	4.33	984	9820
meat,egg,fish	1.62	3.00	3.27	4.13	4.81	6.21	7.53	8.75	11.14	15.16	18.68	27.99	12.65	3.31	567	5984
vegetables	6.94	9.91	11.64	14.40	16.40	17.71	19.41	21.84	24.52	27.55	30.89	37.11	24.31	6.36	989	9903
fruits (fresh)	0.28	0.54	0.91	0.82	1.17	1.50	1.89	2.70	3.77	4.98	6.85	13.19	4.59	1.20	611	6088
fruits (dry)	0.13	0.34	0.35	0.26	0.45	0.40	0.55	0.67	0.73	0.84	1.57	3.04	1.02	0.27	196	1708
sugar	2.70	3.54	3.80	4.66	5.22	6.39	6.75	8.01	9.23	11.29	13.94	20.53	10.18	2.66	927	9269
salt	0.57	0.61	0.66	0.64	0.68	0.72	0.72	0.75	0.83	0.87	0.96	1.08	0.82	0.22	988	9898
spices	3.72	4.30	4.34	5.01	5.33	6.01	6.63	7.56	8.28	9.25	10.96	13.37	8.42	2.20	987	9845
beverages etc.	1.75	2.94	3.28	4.70	5.25	6.96	8.24	10.16	12.01	16.00	21.42	39.92	15.09	3.95	922	9303
<b>food total</b>	<b>78.33</b>	<b>96.10</b>	<b>113.10</b>	<b>130.08</b>	<b>143.72</b>	<b>158.70</b>	<b>176.77</b>	<b>197.06</b>	<b>220.36</b>	<b>257.48</b>	<b>302.25</b>	<b>404.26</b>	<b>232.40</b>	<b>60.83</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>9983</b>
pan	0.46	0.37	0.45	0.61	0.64	0.87	1.03	1.46	1.41	1.92	2.28	2.96	1.58	0.41	289	3072
tobacco	2.32	2.17	3.10	3.42	3.96	4.62	4.70	5.84	6.06	7.05	7.51	10.85	6.31	1.65	654	6560
intoxicants	0.76	0.61	1.05	1.14	1.77	1.62	1.82	2.30	2.35	3.32	3.87	7.57	3.07	0.80	140	1520
fuel & light	15.11	15.28	16.87	17.64	20.03	21.31	22.63	26.69	29.43	33.08	38.03	48.62	30.02	7.86	992	9943
clothing	1.41	1.40	2.12	2.83	3.72	5.27	7.08	7.48	12.32	22.51	37.78	80.32	22.34	5.85	332	3379
footwear	-	0.22	0.22	0.40	0.54	0.78	0.86	1.18	1.96	3.65	6.64	15.69	3.97	1.04	191	2107
misc. cons goods	5.73	7.00	7.45	8.83	10.35	11.78	13.03	15.49	17.47	21.09	25.87	35.37	18.80	4.92	994	9944
misc. cons serv.	2.71	4.36	5.05	5.82	6.74	7.32	8.32	10.25	11.97	16.51	24.23	57.04	17.95	4.70	945	9339
rent	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.06	0.04	0.21	0.18	0.33	0.71	0.81	2.28	5.62	1.29	0.34	69	703
taxes & cesses	0.11	0.05	0.11	0.17	0.16	0.21	0.27	0.30	0.45	0.51	0.73	1.10	0.47	0.12	277	2520
education	0.41	1.05	1.17	1.68	2.36	2.14	3.70	4.03	7.62	8.48	12.83	33.79	9.57	2.50	386	3971
medical(inst.)	0.09	-	0.08	0.09	0.21	0.39	0.67	0.60	0.56	2.25	3.11	39.31	6.10	1.60	36	412
medical(non-inst.)	1.12	1.81	2.70	4.95	5.15	5.94	7.08	7.01	9.84	14.81	21.47	45.72	14.74	3.86	533	5156
durable goods	0.05	0.75	0.68	0.96	1.33	1.82	2.04	2.96	3.49	6.68	10.49	75.80	13.46	3.52	244	2387
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>30.27</b>	<b>35.09</b>	<b>41.12</b>	<b>48.60</b>	<b>57.02</b>	<b>64.27</b>	<b>73.40</b>	<b>85.92</b>	<b>105.65</b>	<b>142.69</b>	<b>197.13</b>	<b>459.76</b>	<b>149.67</b>	<b>39.17</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>9986</b>
<b>total cons. exp.</b>	<b>108.61</b>	<b>131.19</b>	<b>154.23</b>	<b>178.67</b>	<b>200.74</b>	<b>222.97</b>	<b>250.17</b>	<b>282.97</b>	<b>326.01</b>	<b>400.17</b>	<b>499.38</b>	<b>864.02</b>	<b>382.07</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>9986</b>
sample hhs	50	100	247	396	442	651	799	973	1469	1842	1179	1838	9986	xxx	xxx	xxx

**Table (3): Value (Rs) of consumption of broad groups of food and non-food items per person for a period of 30 days for each monthly per capita expenditure class**

all-India		Schedule Type: 1												Urban		
item	MPCE	monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs)												% to total expenditure	per 1000 hhs rep. cons.	sample hhs rep. cons.
		000-160	160-190	190-230	230-265	265-310	310-355	355-410	410-490	490-605	605-825	825-1055	1055 & above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
cereals	47.14	59.61	62.93	73.77	70.92	73.95	83.48	83.78	88.10	97.95	105.99	111.86	89.11	13.02	962	3391
gram	0.19	0.02	0.65	0.37	0.38	0.60	1.92	1.18	1.04	1.72	1.45	2.39	1.34	0.20	267	848
cereal subst.	0.02	0.03	0.15	0.18	0.13	0.14	0.33	0.24	0.40	0.57	0.29	0.68	0.37	0.05	88	283
pulse & prod.	9.80	8.34	11.72	11.00	13.96	14.51	15.37	18.01	18.74	21.07	26.23	29.87	19.52	2.85	955	3357
milk & prod.	1.28	7.07	13.46	15.90	24.22	30.27	33.00	46.95	59.69	80.76	92.29	142.95	64.63	9.45	872	3037
edible oil	11.38	11.84	12.22	15.88	16.94	17.65	20.19	20.11	25.48	29.63	33.21	41.18	25.52	3.73	958	3372
meat,egg,fish	0.40	3.75	7.82	7.29	11.13	12.36	15.57	17.07	20.17	26.08	38.56	39.05	21.94	3.21	578	2220
vegetables	9.76	11.39	15.64	19.75	22.28	22.95	26.91	26.96	33.02	44.23	44.66	62.86	35.66	5.21	960	3384
fruits (fresh)	0.33	0.44	1.99	2.75	3.26	4.11	4.16	6.28	9.40	13.46	19.88	33.28	11.92	1.74	802	2795
fruits (dry)	0.05	0.30	0.12	0.28	0.71	0.64	0.85	1.05	1.43	2.13	4.13	11.31	2.86	0.42	291	938
sugar	5.79	6.74	5.79	7.47	8.79	9.30	10.08	10.64	12.85	14.44	15.59	19.75	12.65	1.85	936	3285
salt	0.51	0.56	0.62	0.70	0.73	0.83	0.99	0.97	1.13	1.22	1.46	1.59	1.10	0.16	959	3376
spices	4.71	4.89	5.71	6.54	7.97	8.92	8.39	10.00	11.39	12.71	14.20	16.15	11.12	1.63	957	3370
beverages etc.	3.83	4.89	8.74	11.84	12.66	16.28	19.17	23.93	31.23	44.54	71.19	114.30	41.96	6.13	987	3455
<b>food total</b>	<b>95.21</b>	<b>119.89</b>	<b>147.57</b>	<b>173.70</b>	<b>194.09</b>	<b>212.51</b>	<b>240.41</b>	<b>267.19</b>	<b>314.09</b>	<b>390.50</b>	<b>469.12</b>	<b>627.21</b>	<b>339.71</b>	<b>49.64</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>3496</b>
pan	0.57	0.54	1.06	1.44	1.56	1.63	1.71	2.29	3.02	3.68	3.36	4.48	2.77	0.40	252	960
tobacco	1.00	3.40	4.87	3.23	4.89	5.15	6.34	6.21	5.04	7.43	9.81	9.60	6.62	0.97	420	1547
intoxicants	-	-	0.96	0.71	1.24	2.40	4.28	4.28	2.71	4.72	5.21	5.76	3.72	0.54	97	352
fuel & light	15.64	22.22	20.36	26.34	29.12	31.49	35.72	38.14	47.17	55.09	67.05	94.58	49.89	7.29	987	3466
clothing	0.52	2.63	2.19	6.83	4.16	10.16	15.67	18.09	22.91	37.86	53.14	128.57	37.71	5.51	308	1098
foot wear	0.00	0.26	0.34	0.90	0.48	2.25	1.96	4.45	5.60	6.85	10.40	25.68	7.53	1.10	197	716
misc. cons goods	10.26	8.97	13.01	16.18	18.97	20.84	23.99	28.69	34.96	43.78	55.17	91.16	40.10	5.86	998	3488
misc. cons serv.	5.00	6.89	5.97	9.93	10.17	13.29	15.65	19.71	30.60	51.95	81.63	211.84	56.68	8.28	970	3363
rent	-	0.08	0.80	1.34	4.06	8.93	7.68	20.51	20.53	30.59	50.28	72.09	26.99	3.94	355	1203
taxes & cesses	0.33	1.64	0.68	0.60	1.21	1.50	1.65	1.90	2.77	3.61	6.68	13.23	4.12	0.60	403	1381
education	0.37	3.48	5.49	3.25	8.10	8.39	9.02	15.53	20.64	33.19	44.57	126.65	34.89	5.10	532	1891
medical (inst.)	-	-	0.03	-	0.65	1.75	0.80	0.57	2.17	4.41	4.06	109.55	17.62	2.58	33	125
medical (non-inst.)	2.04	4.33	5.53	4.03	8.36	9.35	15.24	14.67	22.88	23.24	32.04	36.96	20.10	2.94	534	1832
durable goods	1.39	0.83	1.30	0.51	1.58	2.08	3.61	6.24	7.44	8.59	27.84	204.61	35.85	5.24	262	766
<b>non-food total</b>	<b>37.12</b>	<b>55.26</b>	<b>62.59</b>	<b>75.27</b>	<b>94.56</b>	<b>119.21</b>	<b>143.33</b>	<b>181.28</b>	<b>228.44</b>	<b>315.01</b>	<b>451.23</b>	<b>1134.78</b>	<b>344.57</b>	<b>50.36</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>3497</b>
<b>total cons. exp.</b>	<b>132.32</b>	<b>175.15</b>	<b>210.17</b>	<b>248.98</b>	<b>288.65</b>	<b>331.72</b>	<b>383.74</b>	<b>448.47</b>	<b>542.52</b>	<b>705.51</b>	<b>920.36</b>	<b>1761.99</b>	<b>684.27</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>3497</b>
sample hhs	15	31	92	95	206	243	278	401	512	649	330	645	3497	xxx	xxx	xxx

Table (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														MALE			
curr. weekly act.		Age-group in years																estd..	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	45	190	343	383	373	366	409	393	460	495	435	362	0	232	812012	12812
61 & 62	1 - 5	0	0	2	16	30	26	38	36	34	36	31	35	22	29	0	18	64226	908
	6 - 9	0	0	4	28	69	90	86	89	78	78	57	59	43	66	0	42	147017	2117
	0 - 9	0	4	51	234	443	500	497	490	522	507	548	589	501	458	0	292	1023255	15837
31, 71, 72	0	0	0	1	3	6	8	8	11	12	16	9	5	4	8	0	5	17241	282
	1-5	0	0	0	5	12	20	22	25	19	20	12	11	0	14	0	9	30866	470
	6 - 9	0	0	1	6	26	38	47	55	64	65	59	46	18	38	0	24	83034	1408
	0 - 9	0	1	2	14	44	66	76	91	95	101	80	63	22	60	0	37	131141	2160
41 & 51	0	0	1	31	167	228	276	297	303	280	285	278	226	151	243	103	155	543936	7292
	1-5	0	0	4	40	64	56	64	50	50	41	33	24	12	45	0	29	100966	1546
	6 - 9	0	0	1	14	20	26	20	24	17	18	9	14	4	17	0	11	37939	627
	0 - 9	0	1	36	221	312	358	382	377	347	345	319	263	167	305	103	195	682841	9465
11 - 72	0	0	4	76	360	577	667	678	680	701	695	747	727	590	613	103	392	1373189	20386
	1-5	0	1	6	60	106	103	124	111	103	97	76	69	34	88	0	56	196059	2924
	6 - 9	0	0	6	49	115	154	153	168	159	161	124	119	65	121	0	76	267990	4152
	0 - 9	0	5	89	469	799	925	955	958	963	953	948	915	689	822	103	524	1837238	27462
81	x	0	1	3	31	49	37	18	12	13	11	11	8	5	23	0	14	50762	798
82	x	0	0	0	3	2	2	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	3301	47
81 - 82	x	0	1	3	34	51	39	19	14	13	12	11	8	6	24	0	15	54063	845
11-82	x	0	6	92	503	850	963	973	973	977	965	958	924	695	846	103	539	1891301	28307
91	x	0	609	735	414	107	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	83	99	229	804373	12298
92	x	0	14	24	16	10	5	2	5	1	4	2	8	11	7	0	10	33506	600
93	x	0	2	9	10	6	4	4	2	4	3	2	4	4	5	0	4	15235	263
94 - 97	x	0	369	141	57	26	16	18	19	16	26	38	64	287	58	798	104	366030	5262
98	x	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1286	19
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	113	395273	5752
91 - 99	x	1000	994	908	497	150	37	27	27	23	35	42	76	305	154	897	461	1615703	24194
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3507004	52501
pers. dst / 000		113	134	131	101	80	75	65	67	54	47	38	28	67	622	0	1000	x	x
estd. per.(00)		395273	471281	458271	353437	282046	262449	226537	235089	188557	166253	132150	98684	236231	2181435	744	3507004	x	x
sample persons		5752	6963	6797	5445	4278	3952	3408	3568	2842	2507	2007	1487	3486	32980	9	52501	x	x



Table (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														FEMALE			
curr. weekly act.		Age-group in years																estd..	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	35	98	110	127	140	164	185	179	185	183	90	137	0	91	299027	4856
61 & 62	1 - 5	0	0	2	10	8	11	12	11	12	9	17	11	7	10	0	7	22373	308
	6 - 9	0	0	1	5	8	12	10	10	14	14	13	9	5	9	0	6	19911	299
	0 - 9	0	3	37	113	125	149	162	185	211	203	216	203	102	157	0	104	341311	5463
31, 71, 72	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	2	3	4	2	2	1	2	0	1	4247	77
	1-5	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	0	3	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	2811	41
	6 - 9	0	0	1	1	5	9	6	12	6	7	5	7	2	6	0	4	12817	231
	0 - 9	0	0	2	3	9	13	10	14	12	14	9	9	2	9	0	6	19876	349
41 & 51	0	0	1	20	75	118	148	147	170	154	155	133	114	54	125	358	82	267692	3473
	1-5	0	0	3	12	11	18	20	18	13	9	8	8	3	13	0	8	27229	359
	6 - 9	0	0	1	1	1	3	4	4	4	3	2	3	2	3	0	2	6092	101
	0 - 9	0	2	24	88	130	169	171	192	171	167	144	125	58	140	358	92	301013	3933
11 - 72	0	0	4	55	174	229	278	289	336	343	339	321	299	144	264	358	174	570967	8406
	1-5	0	0	5	23	20	29	34	30	27	21	27	19	10	24	0	16	52413	708
	6 - 9	0	0	3	7	15	24	20	25	24	24	20	19	9	18	0	12	38820	631
	0 - 9	0	5	63	204	264	331	342	391	394	384	369	337	163	306	358	202	662200	9745
81	x	0	2	3	12	12	7	9	6	5	5	3	2	2	7	0	5	17214	265
82	x	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1119	21
81 - 82	x	0	2	4	13	12	7	10	7	5	5	4	2	3	8	0	6	18333	286
11-82	x	0	7	67	218	276	339	352	397	399	389	373	339	165	314	358	208	680533	10031
91	x	0	546	584	259	30	5	1	2	4	1	2	1	3	41	0	169	552649	8702
92	x	0	29	146	363	483	438	416	382	389	394	380	425	348	405	0	278	909564	13373
93	x	0	10	55	117	188	200	218	204	198	188	189	157	141	180	0	122	398809	6015
94 - 97	x	0	409	148	44	23	17	13	14	10	26	56	77	341	61	642	111	363248	5222
98	x	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	1257	14
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	366428	5391
91 - 99	x	1000	993	933	782	724	661	648	603	601	611	627	661	835	686	642	792	2591955	38717
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3272489	48748
pers. dst / 000		112	133	121	84	90	80	75	69	53	47	36	31	68	634	0	1000	x	x
estd. per.(00)		366428	435675	395430	276511	293433	262792	246762	224326	174620	153865	117838	101374	222917	2074436	519	3272489	x	x
sample persons		5391	6432	5913	4197	4466	3995	3685	3388	2569	2312	1741	1464	3189	31006	6	48748	x	x

Table (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														PERSONS			
curr. weekly act.		Age-group in years														estd..	sample		
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	40	150	224	255	251	267	302	290	330	337	268	252	0	164	1111039	17668
61 & 62	1 - 5	0	0	2	13	19	19	24	24	23	23	25	23	15	20	0	13	86599	1216
	6 - 9	0	0	3	18	38	51	47	50	47	47	36	34	25	39	0	25	166928	2416
	0 - 9	0	3	45	181	281	324	322	341	372	360	391	393	307	311	0	201	1364566	21300
31, 71, 72	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	5	7	8	11	6	4	2	5	0	3	21488	359
	1-5	0	0	0	3	7	10	11	13	11	12	7	6	0	8	0	5	33678	511
	6 - 9	0	0	1	4	16	24	25	34	36	37	34	27	10	22	0	14	95851	1639
	0 - 9	0	0	2	9	26	39	42	53	55	59	47	36	12	35	0	22	151017	2509
41 & 51	0	0	1	26	127	172	212	219	238	219	223	210	169	104	185	208	120	811628	10765
	1-5	0	0	3	28	37	37	41	34	32	26	21	15	8	29	0	19	128195	1905
	6 - 9	0	0	1	9	10	15	12	14	11	11	6	8	3	10	0	6	44031	728
	0 - 9	0	1	31	163	219	264	272	287	262	260	237	193	114	225	208	145	983854	13398
11 - 72	0	0	4	67	278	400	473	475	512	529	524	546	510	373	442	208	287	1944155	28792
	1-5	0	1	6	44	62	66	77	71	66	60	53	44	22	57	0	37	248472	3632
	6 - 9	0	0	5	31	64	89	84	98	94	95	75	68	38	71	0	45	306810	4783
	0 - 9	0	5	77	353	526	628	635	681	689	679	675	622	434	571	208	369	2499438	37207
81	x	0	1	3	23	30	22	13	9	9	8	7	5	4	15	0	10	67976	1063
82	x	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	4420	68
81 - 82	x	0	1	3	25	32	23	14	11	9	8	8	5	4	16	0	11	72396	1131
11-82	x	0	6	80	378	558	651	650	692	699	688	683	627	438	587	208	379	2571834	38338
91	x	0	578	665	346	68	8	1	2	2	1	1	1	3	62	58	200	1357022	21000
92	x	0	21	81	168	251	222	218	189	188	192	180	219	175	201	0	139	943070	13973
93	x	0	6	30	57	99	102	115	101	97	92	90	82	71	90	0	61	414044	6278
94 - 97	x	0	388	144	51	25	17	15	17	13	26	46	70	313	59	734	108	729278	10484
98	x	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2543	33
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	761702	11143
91 - 99	x	1000	994	920	622	442	349	350	308	301	312	317	373	562	413	792	621	4207659	62911
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6779492	101249
pers. dst / 000		112	134	126	93	85	77	70	68	54	47	37	30	68	628	0	1000	x	x
estd. per.(00)		761702	906956	853701	629948	575479	525241	473299	459415	363177	320118	249988	200057	459149	4255871	1263	6779492	x	x
sample persons		11143	13395	12710	9642	8744	7947	7093	6956	5411	4819	3748	2951	6675	63986	15	101249	x	x

Table (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		URBAN														MALE			
curr. weekly act.		Age-group in years																estd..	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	2	9	10	27	41	40	41	49	70	43	69	65	40	0	29	33395	493
61 & 62	1 - 5	0	0	3	18	65	79	77	73	77	68	69	47	56	61	0	42	48505	718
	6 - 9	0	0	11	76	215	267	282	262	251	192	213	232	169	209	0	143	166524	2490
	0 - 9	0	2	23	104	307	386	399	376	377	331	325	347	290	311	0	213	248424	3701
31, 71, 72	0	0	0	3	5	4	8	11	7	3	10	6	0	5	0	4	4256	60	
	1-5	0	0	9	42	74	106	145	136	136	150	146	155	23	102	0	70	81439	1017
	6 - 9	0	0	4	48	117	200	241	264	306	298	316	219	34	185	77	126	146373	2214
	0 - 9	0	0	13	93	195	310	394	411	449	450	473	380	58	292	77	199	232068	3291
41 & 51	0	0	1	1	14	22	23	22	35	25	29	37	4	23	23	0	16	18566	284
	1-5	0	1	13	50	83	91	98	69	69	82	55	54	35	70	14	49	57261	853
	6 - 9	0	2	13	26	42	47	45	52	36	32	26	44	5	36	0	26	30298	544
	0 - 9	0	4	27	89	146	162	165	156	130	143	118	101	63	129	14	91	106125	1681
11 - 72	0	0	2	10	27	53	67	70	88	81	102	91	78	88	69	0	48	56217	837
	1-5	0	1	25	109	221	276	319	278	283	300	270	255	114	233	14	161	187205	2588
	6 - 9	0	2	27	150	374	514	568	578	593	522	555	495	209	430	77	295	343195	5248
	0 - 9	0	6	63	287	648	857	957	943	957	924	916	827	411	733	91	504	586617	8673
81	x	0	1	11	64	82	72	27	25	7	15	14	6	5	39	0	28	32625	485
82	x	0	1	0	1	5	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1032	26
81 - 82	x	0	2	11	65	86	74	27	25	7	17	15	6	5	40	0	29	33658	511
11 - 82	x	0	8	74	352	735	931	984	969	964	940	930	833	416	773	91	532	620275	9184
91	x	0	741	810	571	223	34	2	3	1	1	3	0	4	128	0	269	313196	4695
92	x	0	15	17	24	4	5	3	7	9	6	12	13	40	12	0	12	13931	232
93	x	0	0	2	2	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1401	27
94 - 97	x	0	237	97	51	35	27	11	20	23	53	55	154	541	85	909	96	111516	1718
98	x	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	316	6
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	104332	1547
91 - 99	x	1000	992	926	648	265	69	16	31	36	60	70	167	584	227	909	468	544692	8225
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1164967	17409
pers. dst / 000		90	111	123	109	92	81	74	77	62	54	37	28	62	676	0	1000	x	x
estd. per.(00)		104332	129356	143725	127559	107382	94278	86177	89631	72396	62383	42871	32780	72030	787487	67	1164967	x	x
sample persons		1547	2000	2135	1906	1611	1450	1242	1316	1081	925	631	494	1063	11719	8	17409	x	x

Table (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		URBAN														FEMALE			
curr. weekly act. status	indus- try	Age-group in years														not recd.	all groups	estd.. persons (00)	sample persons
		0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	0	1	6	4	6	17	10	22	11	17	15	11	11	17	7	7625	148
61 & 62	1 - 5	0	1	2	12	10	15	11	20	11	23	9	13	10	13	0	9	9772	162
	6 - 9	0	0	4	10	17	22	27	34	32	33	58	37	10	25	0	17	17745	329
	0 - 9	0	1	7	28	31	42	55	64	65	68	83	66	31	49	17	34	35143	639
31, 71, 72	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	3	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	887	11
	1-5	0	0	0	4	10	16	11	12	14	8	8	0	4	9	0	6	6539	94
	6 - 9	0	0	2	4	21	55	78	58	47	92	61	24	9	43	0	29	30301	495
	0 - 9	0	0	2	8	31	74	90	73	65	101	71	24	13	53	0	36	37728	600
41 & 51	0	0	0	0	14	18	9	23	20	21	16	8	3	14	16	0	10	10891	126
	1-5	0	0	7	7	16	21	25	25	29	22	28	26	2	19	0	13	13994	191
	6 - 9	0	0	1	3	8	9	8	9	8	13	10	1	3	7	0	5	5141	140
	0 - 9	0	0	8	25	41	39	55	53	58	51	46	29	18	41	0	29	30025	457
11 - 72	0	0	0	1	20	22	18	40	33	47	28	27	18	24	27	17	19	19404	285
	1-5	0	1	9	23	35	51	47	57	54	53	45	39	16	41	0	29	30305	447
	6 - 9	0	0	6	18	46	85	112	101	87	139	129	61	22	75	0	51	53187	964
	0 - 9	0	1	17	60	103	155	199	191	188	220	201	119	62	143	17	99	102896	1696
81	x	0	0	12	13	29	15	6	2	4	4	1	3	4	10	0	8	8466	120
82	x	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	183	5
81 - 82	x	0	0	13	13	29	15	6	2	4	4	1	3	4	10	0	8	8649	125
11 - 82	x	0	1	29	74	132	170	206	193	192	224	202	122	66	153	17	107	111545	1821
91	x	0	697	781	499	148	12	6	6	1	1	3	7	4	94	0	234	243177	3719
92	x	0	32	70	342	600	696	661	648	715	681	649	655	515	602	620	419	435160	6334
93	x	0	2	18	35	85	95	120	139	76	71	100	112	61	88	0	62	64290	989
94 - 97	x	0	267	101	51	35	26	7	13	17	23	46	104	353	63	363	84	87271	1353
98	x	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	114	3
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	96862	1458
91 - 99	x	1000	999	971	926	868	830	794	807	808	776	798	878	934	847	983	893	926874	13856
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1038419	15677
pers. dst / 000		93	110	120	94	93	90	85	79	56	47	35	29	66	676	0	1000	x	x
estd. per.(00)		96862	114723	124515	97858	96847	93829	88731	82022	57803	49148	36596	30505	68922	702262	57	1038419	x	x
sample persons		1458	1724	1882	1529	1462	1415	1267	1279	875	741	572	448	1019	10607	6	15677	x	x

Table (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		URBAN														PERSONS			
curr. weekly act. status	indus- try	Age-group in years														not recd.	all groups	estd.. persons (00)	sample persons
		0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	1	5	8	16	23	28	26	37	44	31	43	38	26	8	19	41021	641
61 & 62	1 - 5	0	1	2	15	39	47	43	48	48	49	41	30	33	39	0	26	58277	880
	6 - 9	0	0	8	47	121	145	153	153	154	122	141	138	92	122	0	84	184269	2819
	0 - 9	0	2	15	71	176	215	224	227	239	215	214	211	163	187	8	129	283567	4340
31, 71, 72	0	0	0	2	2	3	4	7	5	2	6	3	0	3	0	2	5143	71	
	1-5	0	0	5	25	43	61	77	77	82	87	83	80	14	58	0	40	87979	1111
	6 - 9	0	0	3	29	72	127	158	166	191	207	199	125	22	118	42	80	176674	2709
	0 - 9	0	0	8	56	117	192	239	250	278	296	288	208	36	180	42	122	269796	3891
41 & 51	0	0	0	1	14	20	16	22	28	23	23	24	3	19	20	0	13	29457	410
	1-5	0	1	11	31	51	56	61	48	51	55	43	40	19	46	8	32	71255	1044
	6 - 9	0	1	7	16	26	28	26	31	24	24	19	23	4	22	0	16	35439	684
	0 - 9	0	2	18	61	97	100	109	107	98	102	85	66	41	88	8	62	136151	2138
11 - 72	0	0	1	6	24	38	43	55	61	66	69	61	49	57	49	8	34	75621	1122
	1-5	0	1	18	72	133	164	181	172	181	191	167	151	66	143	8	99	217511	3035
	6 - 9	0	1	18	92	218	300	337	350	368	353	359	286	118	263	42	180	396382	6212
	0 - 9	0	4	41	188	390	507	573	584	615	614	587	486	240	455	57	313	689513	10369
81	x	0	0	11	42	57	44	17	14	6	10	8	5	4	25	0	19	41091	605
82	x	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1216	31
81 - 82	x	0	1	12	43	59	44	17	14	6	11	8	5	4	26	0	19	42307	636
11 - 82	x	0	5	53	231	449	551	589	598	621	624	595	491	245	481	57	332	731820	11005
91	x	0	720	797	540	188	23	4	4	1	1	3	3	4	112	0	253	556373	8414
92	x	0	23	42	162	287	350	337	313	323	303	305	322	272	290	284	204	449091	6566
93	x	0	1	10	16	42	49	61	67	35	31	46	54	30	42	0	30	65691	1016
94 - 97	x	0	251	99	51	35	27	9	17	20	40	51	130	449	74	659	90	198787	3071
98	x	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	430	9
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	201193	3005
91 - 99	x	1000	995	947	769	551	449	411	402	379	376	405	509	755	519	943	668	1471566	22081
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2203386	33086
pers. dst / 000		91	111	122	102	93	85	79	78	59	51	36	29	64	676	0	1000	x	x
estd. per.(00)		201193	244080	268240	225418	204229	188107	174908	171654	130200	111531	79467	63284	140952	1489749	124	2203386	x	x
sample persons		3005	3724	4017	3435	3073	2865	2509	2595	1956	1566	1203	942	2082	22326	14	33086	x	x

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														MALE			
usual activity		Age-group in years																estd.	sample
status	indus- try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	40	186	340	380	378	367	406	400	453	506	439	362	0	231	809638	12797
	1 - 5	0	0	2	16	29	26	38	35	35	34	32	31	22	29	0	18	63406	893
	6 - 9	0	0	4	27	69	88	82	86	78	77	56	56	43	65	0	41	143020	2063
	0 - 9	0	3	47	228	438	494	497	488	518	511	541	593	504	455	0	290	1016064	15753
31	0	0	0	1	4	6	7	9	10	11	15	10	5	4	7	0	5	16599	281
	1 - 5	0	0	0	4	12	22	22	24	21	21	12	11	0	14	0	9	31540	475
	6 - 9	0	0	1	7	26	38	48	56	65	66	60	46	18	38	0	24	84098	1429
	0 - 9	0	0	2	14	44	68	78	90	97	101	82	62	21	60	0	38	132238	2185
41 & 51	0	0	1	32	173	243	297	312	321	299	296	297	238	161	257	103	164	575139	7686
	1 - 5	0	1	3	37	62	53	60	49	50	40	31	22	13	44	0	28	96809	1489
	6 - 9	0	0	1	14	21	24	17	24	16	19	7	14	4	17	0	11	36945	614
	0 - 9	0	2	36	224	326	374	390	394	366	355	335	274	177	317	103	202	708893	9789
11 - 51	0	0	4	73	362	589	684	699	697	716	711	760	749	603	626	103	400	1401376	20764
	1 - 5	0	1	6	57	103	102	120	109	105	95	75	64	35	87	0	55	191756	2857
	6 - 9	0	0	6	48	116	150	147	166	159	161	124	116	65	120	0	75	264063	4106
	0 - 9	0	5	85	467	808	936	966	972	981	967	958	929	702	832	103	530	1857195	27727
81	x	0	0	2	31	49	34	16	10	6	8	9	5	4	21	0	13	46243	734
11 - 81	x	0	6	87	498	857	970	982	982	987	975	966	934	707	853	103	543	1903438	28461
91	x	0	636	770	436	112	11	1	2	0	1	0	1	2	87	99	240	842960	12885
92	x	0	14	22	13	8	5	3	2	1	4	1	7	9	6	0	8	29447	547
93	x	0	2	9	8	4	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	3	3	0	3	11182	204
94 - 97	x	0	342	112	44	20	12	14	14	10	19	31	58	279	51	798	93	324704	4652
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	113	395273	5752
91 - 99	x	1000	994	913	502	143	30	18	18	13	25	34	66	293	147	897	457	1603566	24040
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3507004	52501
pers. dst / 000		113	134	131	101	80	75	65	67	54	47	38	28	67	622	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		395273	471281	458271	353437	282046	262449	226537	235089	188557	166253	132150	98684	236231	2181435	744	3507004	x	x
sample persons		5752	6963	6797	545	4278	3952	3408	3568	2842	2507	2007	1487	3486	32980	9	52501	x	x

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		RURAL																FEMALE	
usual activity		Age-group in years																estd.	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	2	30	89	112	123	138	161	181	169	182	178	92	134	0	89	290241	4729
	1 - 5	0	0	1	9	6	9	10	9	11	7	15	9	7	9	0	6	19283	260
	6 - 9	0	0	0	4	8	10	9	9	12	13	12	6	5	9	0	5	17826	270
	0 - 9	0	3	32	103	126	142	157	179	204	188	208	192	105	151	0	100	327351	5259
31	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	4	3	4	1	2	0	2	0	1	4657	81
	1 - 5	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	1	3337	49
	6 - 9	0	0	1	2	6	9	6	11	6	8	7	7	2	6	0	4	13241	235
	0 - 9	0	0	2	3	10	14	10	16	12	14	10	10	2	10	0	6	21235	365
41 & 51	0	0	2	24	82	135	170	164	183	168	177	145	132	62	139	358	92	299582	3880
	1 - 5	0	0	3	10	11	16	18	16	10	10	7	6	3	11	0	8	24868	329
	6 - 9	0	0	1	1	1	3	4	3	4	3	3	3	2	3	0	2	5607	96
	0 - 9	0	2	27	93	147	189	185	203	182	190	155	141	68	153	358	101	330058	4305
11 - 51	0	0	4	54	172	249	296	303	348	352	350	328	311	155	275	358	182	594481	8690
	1 - 5	0	0	5	20	20	26	30	26	24	19	25	16	10	22	0	15	47488	638
	6 - 9	0	0	2	7	14	22	19	24	22	23	21	16	9	17	0	11	36674	601
	0 - 9	0	5	61	199	283	344	352	398	398	392	373	343	174	314	358	207	678643	9929
81	x	0	1	2	14	11	6	5	3	3	4	2	2	1	6	0	4	13882	217
11 - 81	x	0	6	64	212	294	350	357	401	401	396	375	345	175	320	358	212	692525	10146
91	x	0	571	614	272	29	4	0	1	2	2	2	1	3	42	0	177	578629	9107
92	x	0	27	142	360	470	432	409	372	385	389	382	416	339	398	0	273	893218	13137
93	x	0	9	59	127	189	206	224	218	203	194	198	164	142	186	0	126	413179	6264
94 - 97	x	0	386	121	29	17	7	10	8	10	20	43	74	340	54	642	100	328510	4703
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	366428	5391
91 - 99	x	1000	994	936	788	706	650	643	599	599	604	625	655	825	680	642	788	2579964	38602
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3272489	48748
pers. dst / 000		112	133	121	84	90	80	75	69	53	47	36	31	68	634	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		366428	435675	395430	276511	293433	262792	246762	224326	174620	153865	117838	101374	222917	2074436	519	3272489	x	x
sample persons		5391	6432	5913	4197	4466	3995	3685	3388	2569	2312	1741	1464	3189	31006	6	48748	x	x

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		RURAL															PERSONS		
usual activity status	indus- try	Age-group in years															estd. persons (00)	sample persons	
		0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.			all groups
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	36	143	224	251	253	266	298	289	325	339	270	251	0	162	1099879	17526
	1 - 5	0	0	2	13	18	18	23	22	23	21	24	20	15	19	0	12	82690	1153
	6 - 9	0	0	2	17	37	49	44	49	46	46	35	31	25	37	0	24	160846	2333
	0 - 9	0	3	40	173	279	318	320	337	367	356	384	390	310	307	0	198	1343415	21012
31	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	5	7	7	10	6	3	2	5	0	3	21257	362
	1 - 5	0	0	0	3	7	12	12	13	12	12	7	6	0	8	0	5	34877	524
	6 - 9	0	0	1	4	16	24	26	34	37	38	35	26	10	23	0	14	97339	1664
	0 - 9	0	0	2	10	26	41	43	54	56	59	48	35	12	36	0	23	153473	2550
41 & 51	0	0	1	28	133	188	233	235	254	236	239	225	184	113	200	208	129	874721	11566
	1 - 5	0	0	3	25	36	35	38	33	31	26	20	14	8	28	0	18	121677	1818
	6 - 9	0	0	1	8	11	14	10	14	10	11	5	9	3	10	0	6	42552	710
	0 - 9	0	2	32	167	235	282	283	300	277	275	250	207	124	237	208	153	1038951	14094
11 - 51	0	0	4	64	279	416	490	493	527	541	537	556	527	385	455	208	294	1995857	29454
	1 - 5	0	1	5	41	61	64	73	68	66	58	51	39	23	55	0	35	239244	3495
	6 - 9	0	0	4	30	64	86	80	97	93	95	75	66	38	70	0	44	300737	4707
	0 - 9	0	5	74	349	540	640	646	692	701	690	682	632	446	580	208	374	2535839	37656
81	x	0	1	2	24	30	20	10	7	4	6	5	3	3	13	0	9	60124	951
11 - 81	x	0	6	76	373	570	660	656	698	705	697	688	635	449	593	208	383	2595963	38607
91	x	0	605	698	364	70	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	65	58	210	1421588	21992
92	x	0	20	78	165	244	219	214	183	186	189	181	214	169	197	0	136	922664	13684
93	x	0	6	32	61	98	104	117	107	98	94	94	83	71	92	0	63	424361	6468
94 - 97	x	0	363	116	37	18	10	12	11	10	19	37	66	309	53	734	96	653214	9355
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	761702	11143
91 - 99	x	1000	994	924	627	430	340	344	302	295	303	312	365	551	407	792	617	4183529	62642
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6779492	101249
pers. dst / 000		112	134	126	93	85	77	70	68	54	47	37	30	68	628	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		761702	906956	853701	629948	575479	525241	473299	459415	363177	320118	249988	200057	459149	4255871	1263	6779492	x	x
sample persons		11143	13395	12710	9642	8744	7947	7093	6956	5411	4819	3748	2951	6675	63986	15	101249	x	x



TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		URBAN														MALE			
usual activity		Age-group in years																estd.	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	8	11	25	37	38	43	43	66	43	68	55	38	0	27	31554	484
	1 - 5	0	0	3	18	67	84	79	74	82	69	67	47	56	63	0	43	50041	726
	6 - 9	0	0	11	73	206	267	283	263	257	201	215	229	181	210	0	143	167077	2506
	0 - 9	0	3	22	102	299	388	400	380	382	337	326	343	293	311	0	213	248672	3716
31	0	0	0	0	3	4	3	6	9	7	3	10	0	1	5	0	3	3587	50
	1 - 5	0	0	9	42	75	106	145	143	135	157	152	158	23	104	0	71	82929	1032
	6 - 9	0	0	4	48	119	204	245	263	306	295	316	230	33	186	77	127	147372	2227
	0 - 9	0	0	13	93	198	312	395	416	448	455	478	388	57	295	77	201	233888	3309
41 & 51	0	0	1	1	12	20	23	22	37	23	29	29	1	23	22	0	15	17705	281
	1 - 5	0	0	13	47	89	95	90	72	72	88	57	57	33	71	14	50	58088	869
	6 - 9	0	2	11	25	42	45	51	53	38	32	32	44	5	37	0	27	30968	541
	0 - 9	0	2	26	85	151	163	163	162	133	149	118	102	62	130	14	92	106761	1691
11 - 51	0	0	4	9	27	49	63	65	89	73	98	82	69	80	65	0	45	52845	815
	1 - 5	0	0	25	107	232	285	315	289	289	315	276	262	112	238	14	164	191059	2627
	6 - 9	0	2	26	146	367	515	578	580	601	529	564	502	219	434	77	297	345417	5274
	0 - 9	0	6	60	280	648	863	958	958	963	941	922	832	411	736	91	506	589321	8716
81	x	0	1	14	68	83	70	26	23	4	12	13	5	6	39	0	28	32784	487
11 - 81	x	0	7	73	348	731	933	985	981	967	953	936	838	417	775	91	534	622105	9203
91	x	0	775	844	590	235	34	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	132	0	280	325631	4895
92	x	0	14	15	25	3	5	3	5	9	5	12	13	40	12	0	12	13468	220
93	x	0	0	2	2	3	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1368	29
94 - 97	x	0	204	65	36	28	25	10	14	20	42	52	150	541	79	909	84	98063	1515
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	104332	1547
91 - 99	x	1000	993	927	652	269	67	15	19	33	47	64	162	583	225	909	466	542861	8206
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1164967	17409
pers. dst / 000		90	111	123	109	92	81	74	77	62	54	37	28	62	676	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		104332	129356	143725	127559	107382	94278	86177	89631	72396	62383	42871	32780	72030	787487	67	1164967	x	x
sample persons		1547	2000	2135	1906	1611	1450	1242	1316	1081	925	631	494	1063	11719	8	17409	x	x

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		URBAN															FEMALE			
usual activity		Age-group in years															estd.	sample		
status	indus- try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	(00)	persons	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
11, 12, 21	0	0	0	2	7	4	6	19	12	19	12	18	11	7	11	0	8	7790	139	
	1 - 5	0	1	1	10	10	16	11	20	11	21	7	13	9	13	0	9	9205	150	
	6 - 9	0	0	5	9	13	20	25	33	33	34	53	41	11	23	0	16	17039	316	
	0 - 9	0	1	8	26	27	41	54	64	64	67	78	65	27	47	0	33	34034	605	
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	824	11	
	1 - 5	0	0	0	4	10	16	11	12	14	8	8	0	3	9	0	6	6499	92	
	6 - 9	0	0	2	4	21	57	79	59	49	92	64	24	10	44	0	30	30948	502	
	0 - 9	0	0	2	8	31	76	91	73	66	101	74	24	13	54	0	37	38271	605	
41 & 51	0	0	0	0	12	18	11	20	19	21	15	9	3	14	15	0	10	10699	124	
	1 - 5	0	0	7	7	17	20	28	23	33	22	23	26	4	19	0	14	14388	193	
	6 - 9	0	0	1	4	9	7	8	9	8	22	11	0	4	8	0	5	5616	142	
	0 - 9	0	0	8	23	44	38	55	51	63	59	42	29	22	42	0	30	30703	459	
11 - 51	0	0	0	2	20	22	19	40	33	44	29	29	15	20	27	0	19	19313	274	
	1 - 5	0	1	9	21	36	52	49	55	59	51	38	39	16	41	0	29	30093	435	
	6 - 9	0	0	7	17	43	84	112	101	90	148	128	64	25	75	0	52	53603	960	
	0 - 9	0	1	18	57	102	155	201	189	193	227	195	118	61	143	0	99	103009	1669	
81	x	0	0	12	13	31	18	6	4	4	4	4	3	3	11	0	9	9083	121	
11 - 81	x	0	1	30	70	132	173	207	193	197	231	200	121	64	154	0	108	112092	1790	
91	x	0	734	825	519	164	10	6	4	0	0	3	4	3	98	0	246	255850	3932	
92	x	0	29	65	339	593	691	652	648	712	673	647	655	516	598	620	415	431313	6318	
93	x	0	2	17	36	88	103	129	146	77	71	107	113	64	92	17	65	67123	1041	
94 - 97	x	0	234	64	35	23	23	6	10	14	25	44	106	353	57	363	72	75179	1138	
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	96862	1458	
91 - 99	x	1000	999	970	930	868	827	793	807	803	769	800	879	936	846	1000	892	926327	13887	
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1038419	15677	
pers. dst / 000		93	110	120	94	93	90	85	79	56	47	35	29	66	676	0	1000	x	x	
estd per. (00)		96862	114723	124515	97858	96847	93829	88731	82022	57803	49148	36596	30505	68922	702262	57	1038419	x	x	
sample persons		1458	1724	1882	1529	1462	1415	1267	1279	875	741	572	448	1019	10607	6	15677	x	x	

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA		URBAN																PERSONS	
usual activity		Age-group in years																estd.	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	2	5	10	15	22	28	28	32	42	32	40	32	25	0	18	39344	623
	1 - 5	0	1	2	14	40	50	45	48	51	48	40	30	33	39	0	27	59247	876
	6 - 9	0	0	8	45	115	144	152	153	158	127	141	138	98	122	0	84	184116	2822
	0 - 9	0	2	15	69	170	215	225	229	241	218	212	209	163	187	0	128	282706	4321
31	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	3	6	6	2	6	0	0	3	0	2	4410	61
	1 - 5	0	0	5	25	44	61	77	81	82	92	86	82	13	59	0	41	89429	1124
	6 - 9	0	0	3	29	73	131	161	166	192	206	200	130	22	119	42	81	178321	2729
	0 - 9	0	0	8	56	119	195	241	252	279	299	292	212	35	181	42	124	272159	3914
41 & 51	0	0	0	1	12	19	17	21	28	22	23	20	2	19	19	0	13	28405	405
	1 - 5	0	0	11	30	55	58	59	48	55	59	41	42	19	47	8	33	72476	1062
	6 - 9	0	1	6	16	26	26	29	32	25	28	22	23	5	23	0	17	36584	683
	0 - 9	0	1	18	58	100	101	109	109	102	110	83	67	42	89	8	62	137464	2150
11 - 51	0	0	2	6	24	36	41	52	63	60	67	58	43	51	47	0	33	72159	1089
	1 - 5	0	1	18	70	139	169	180	177	187	198	166	154	65	145	8	100	221151	3062
	6 - 9	0	1	17	90	214	300	342	351	374	361	363	291	124	265	42	181	399020	6234
	0 - 9	0	4	40	183	389	510	574	590	621	626	587	488	240	457	49	314	692330	10385
81	x	0	0	13	44	58	44	16	14	4	8	9	4	4	26	0	19	41867	608
11 - 81	x	0	4	53	228	447	554	590	605	625	635	597	492	244	483	49	333	734198	10993
91	x	0	756	835	559	201	22	4	2	1	0	2	2	2	116	0	264	581481	8827
92	x	0	21	38	161	283	347	332	312	321	299	304	322	273	288	284	202	444780	6538
93	x	0	1	9	17	43	53	66	70	35	31	49	54	32	44	8	31	68491	1070
94 - 97	x	0	218	64	35	25	24	8	12	17	35	48	129	449	69	659	79	173242	2653
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	201193	3005
91 - 99	x	1000	996	947	772	553	446	410	395	375	365	403	508	756	517	951	667	1469188	22093
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2203386	33086
pers. dst / 000		91	111	122	102	93	85	79	78	59	51	36	29	64	676	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		201193	244080	268240	225418	204229	188107	174908	171654	130200	111531	79467	63284	140952	1489749	124	2203386	x	x
sample persons		3005	3724	4017	3435	3073	2865	2509	2595	1956	1666	1203	942	2082	22326	14	33086	x	x

**TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP**

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														MALE			
status	usual activity indus- try	Age-group in years																estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	4	54	215	353	386	381	368	409	402	456	507	449	371	0	239	836957	13229
	1 - 5	0	0	2	16	30	27	38	35	35	34	32	31	22	29	0	18	64008	904
	6 - 9	0	0	5	29	70	88	82	86	78	77	56	56	43	65	0	41	144739	2094
	0 - 9	0	4	62	260	453	501	501	490	521	513	544	595	514	465	0	298	1045703	16227
31	0	0	0	1	4	6	7	9	10	11	15	10	5	4	7	0	5	16599	281
	1 - 5	0	0	0	4	12	22	22	24	21	21	12	11	0	14	0	9	31546	476
	6 - 9	0	0	1	7	26	39	48	56	65	66	60	46	18	38	0	24	84186	1430
	0 - 9	0	0	2	14	44	68	78	90	97	101	82	62	21	60	0	38	132332	2187
41 & 51	0	0	1	34	176	244	297	313	322	300	296	298	239	162	258	103	165	578396	7731
	1 - 5	0	1	3	37	62	54	60	50	50	40	31	22	13	44	0	28	97284	1495
	6 - 9	0	0	1	14	21	24	17	24	17	19	7	14	4	17	0	11	37246	618
	0 - 9	0	2	38	228	328	375	391	395	366	355	336	275	178	318	103	203	712926	9844
11 - 51	0	0	5	89	394	603	691	702	699	720	713	763	751	615	637	103	408	1431952	21241
	1 - 5	0	1	6	58	104	102	120	109	105	95	75	65	35	87	0	55	192838	2875
	6 - 9	0	0	7	50	117	151	148	166	160	161	124	116	65	120	0	76	266171	4142
	0 - 9	0	6	102	502	824	944	970	975	985	970	961	932	714	844	103	539	1890961	28258
81	x	0	0	2	29	42	29	13	8	3	8	8	3	4	18	0	11	40127	638
11 - 81	x	0	7	104	531	867	973	983	983	988	977	969	935	718	862	103	551	1931088	28896
91	x	0	635	755	406	103	9	0	2	0	1	0	1	2	81	99	234	822040	12557
92	x	0	14	21	13	7	4	2	2	1	4	1	6	9	6	0	8	28453	532
93	x	0	2	8	8	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	3	0	3	10535	189
94 - 97	x	0	342	111	42	20	12	13	13	9	17	29	58	268	49	798	91	319614	4575
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	113	395273	5752
91 - 99	x	1000	993	896	469	133	27	17	17	12	23	31	65	282	138	897	449	1575915	23605
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3507004	52501
pers. dst / 000		113	134	131	101	80	75	65	67	54	47	38	28	67	622	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		395273	471281	458271	353437	282046	262449	226537	235089	188557	166253	132150	98684	236231	2181435	744	3507004	x	x
sample persons		5752	6963	6797	5445	4278	3952	3408	3568	2842	2507	2007	1487	3486	32980	9	52501	x	x

**TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP**

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														FEMALE			
status	usual activity indus- try	Age-group in years																estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	45	125	160	180	206	236	245	239	250	233	126	190	0	126	412240	6688
	1 - 5	0	0	2	12	9	13	13	12	15	9	18	11	9	12	0	8	25653	353
	6 - 9	0	0	1	6	9	12	11	13	13	16	15	7	7	10	0	7	22030	334
	0 - 9	0	4	48	142	178	205	230	261	273	264	283	251	141	212	0	141	459923	7375
31	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	4	3	4	1	2	0	2	0	1	4657	81
	1 - 5	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	1	3429	52
	6 - 9	0	0	1	2	6	9	6	11	6	8	7	7	2	6	0	4	13320	236
	0 - 9	0	0	2	4	10	14	10	16	12	14	10	10	2	10	0	7	21407	369
41 & 51	0	0	2	28	97	156	203	195	207	190	199	161	148	70	161	358	106	345696	4487
	1 - 5	0	0	3	11	13	18	19	18	12	10	10	6	3	13	0	9	27911	371
	6 - 9	0	0	1	1	1	4	5	5	4	3	3	4	3	3	0	2	6892	113
	0 - 9	0	2	32	109	169	225	219	230	206	212	174	158	76	177	358	116	380498	4971
11 - 51	0	0	5	73	222	317	386	403	447	438	442	412	382	197	353	358	233	762593	11256
	1 - 5	0	1	6	24	24	32	35	31	30	21	30	18	12	26	0	17	56993	776
	6 - 9	0	0	3	9	16	26	21	29	23	26	25	19	11	20	0	13	42242	683
	0 - 9	0	6	82	255	357	444	459	507	492	490	467	418	219	399	358	263	861828	12715
81	x	0	1	2	12	11	5	5	2	3	3	2	1	1	5	0	4	12894	202
11 - 81	x	0	7	84	268	369	450	464	510	495	493	469	420	220	404	358	267	874723	12917
91	x	0	571	610	266	28	4	0	1	2	2	2	0	3	41	0	176	574338	9023
92	x	0	27	134	332	433	379	355	322	333	335	326	375	321	355	0	245	800587	11780
93	x	0	9	52	106	153	160	172	159	163	152	162	135	118	147	0	101	330360	4973
94 - 97	x	0	386	120	29	17	6	9	7	8	20	42	71	337	53	642	100	326053	4664
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	366428	5391
91 - 99	x	1000	993	916	732	631	550	536	490	505	507	531	580	780	596	642	733	2397766	35831
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3272489	48748
pers. dst / 000		112	133	121	84	90	80	75	69	53	47	36	31	68	634	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		366428	435675	395430	276511	293433	262792	246762	224326	174620	153865	117838	101374	222917	2074436	519	3272489	x	x
sample persons		5391	6432	5913	4197	4466	3995	3685	3388	2569	2312	1741	1464	3189	31006	6	48748	x	x

**TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP**

ALL-INDIA		RURAL														PERSONS			
usual activity		Age-group in years														estd.	sample		
status	indus- try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	50	175	255	283	290	304	330	324	359	368	292	283	0	184	1249197	19917
	1 - 5	0	0	2	14	19	20	25	24	25	22	26	21	16	21	0	13	89661	1257
	6 - 9	0	0	3	19	39	50	45	50	47	48	37	32	25	39	0	25	166769	2428
	0 - 9	0	4	55	208	313	353	360	378	402	393	421	420	333	342	0	222	1505627	23602
31	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	5	7	7	10	6	3	2	5	0	3	21257	362
	1 - 5	0	0	0	3	7	12	12	13	12	12	7	6	0	8	0	5	34975	528
	6 - 9	0	0	1	4	16	24	26	34	37	38	35	26	10	23	0	14	97506	1666
	0 - 9	0	0	2	10	26	41	43	54	56	59	48	35	12	36	0	23	153738	2556
41 & 51	0	0	1	31	141	199	250	252	265	247	249	233	192	117	211	208	136	924091	12218
	1 - 5	0	0	3	26	37	36	39	34	32	26	21	14	8	29	0	18	125195	1866
	6 - 9	0	0	1	9	11	14	11	15	10	11	5	9	3	10	0	7	44138	731
	0 - 9	0	2	35	176	247	300	301	314	289	286	259	216	129	249	208	161	1093425	14815
11 - 51	0	0	5	82	319	457	538	546	576	584	583	598	564	412	498	208	324	2194545	32497
	1 - 5	0	1	6	43	63	67	76	71	69	60	54	41	23	57	0	37	249831	3651
	6 - 9	0	0	5	32	65	88	82	99	94	96	77	67	39	71	0	45	308413	4825
	0 - 9	0	6	93	394	586	694	704	746	748	739	728	672	474	627	208	406	2752790	40973
81	x	0	1	2	22	27	17	9	6	3	5	5	2	2	12	0	8	53022	840
11 - 81	x	0	7	95	415	613	711	712	752	751	744	733	674	476	639	208	414	2805811	41813
91	x	0	604	688	345	65	7	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	61	58	206	1396378	21580
92	x	0	20	74	153	224	192	186	158	161	163	154	193	161	176	0	122	829040	12312
93	x	0	6	29	51	80	81	90	78	79	73	77	69	59	73	0	50	340895	5162
94 - 97	x	0	363	115	36	18	9	11	10	8	18	35	64	302	51	734	95	645667	9239
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	761702	11143
91 - 99	x	1000	993	905	585	387	289	288	248	249	256	267	326	524	361	792	586	3973681	59436
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6779492	101249
pers. dst / 000		112	134	126	93	85	77	70	68	54	47	37	30	68	628	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		761702	906956	853701	629948	575479	525241	473299	459415	363177	320118	249988	200057	459149	4255871	1263	6779492	x	x
sample persons		11143	13395	12710	9642	8744	7947	7093	6956	5411	4819	3748	2951	6675	63986	15	101249	x	x

**TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP**

ALL-INDIA		URBAN														MALE			
usual activity		Age-group in years																estd.	sample
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	3	11	13	27	37	38	43	43	66	43	68	62	39	0	28	33036	507
	1 - 5	0	0	3	18	68	84	79	74	82	70	67	47	56	63	0	43	50175	731
	6 - 9	0	0	12	79	209	268	284	263	257	201	215	229	183	212	0	145	168681	2533
	0 - 9	0	3	26	110	305	389	401	380	382	337	326	343	301	315	0	216	251891	3771
31	0	0	0	0	3	4	3	6	9	7	3	10	0	1	5	0	3	3587	50
	1 - 5	0	0	9	42	75	106	145	143	135	157	152	158	23	104	0	71	82929	1032
	6 - 9	0	0	4	48	120	204	245	263	306	295	316	230	33	187	77	127	147490	2229
	0 - 9	0	0	13	93	199	312	395	416	448	455	478	388	57	295	77	201	234006	3311
41 & 51	0	0	1	1	12	20	23	22	37	23	29	30	1	23	22	0	15	17782	282
	1 - 5	0	0	13	47	89	95	90	72	72	88	57	57	33	71	14	50	58123	874
	6 - 9	0	2	13	26	42	45	51	53	38	32	32	44	5	37	0	27	31321	544
	0 - 9	0	2	27	85	151	163	163	162	133	149	120	102	62	131	14	92	107226	1700
11 - 51	0	0	4	12	28	51	63	66	89	74	98	84	69	87	66	0	47	54404	839
	1 - 5	0	0	26	107	232	285	315	289	289	315	276	262	112	238	14	164	191227	2637
	6 - 9	0	2	29	153	372	517	579	580	601	529	564	502	221	436	77	298	347491	5306
	0 - 9	0	6	66	288	655	865	960	958	964	941	924	833	420	740	91	509	593123	8782
81	x	0	1	12	67	81	70	25	23	3	11	13	5	5	38	0	27	31828	470
11 - 81	x	0	7	78	355	736	934	985	981	968	953	937	838	424	778	91	536	624950	9252
91	x	0	775	839	583	230	33	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	130	0	278	323475	4864
92	x	0	14	15	25	3	5	3	5	9	5	12	13	39	12	0	11	13327	217
93	x	0	0	2	2	3	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1368	29
94 - 97	x	0	204	65	36	28	25	10	14	20	42	50	149	536	78	909	84	97514	1500
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	104332	1547
91 - 99	x	1000	993	922	645	264	66	15	19	32	47	63	162	576	222	909	464	540016	8157
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1164967	17409
pers. dst / 000		90	111	123	109	92	81	74	77	62	54	37	28	62	676	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		104332	129356	143725	127559	107382	94278	86177	89631	72396	62383	42871	32780	72030	787487	67	1164967	x	x
sample persons		1547	2000	2135	1906	1611	1450	1242	1316	1081	925	631	494	1063	11719	8	17409	x	x

**TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP**

ALL-INDIA		URBAN														FEMALE			
usual activity		Age-group in years																estd.	sample
status	indus- try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	(00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	0	7	11	8	9	26	28	33	21	22	28	14	18	17	13	13730	231
	1 - 5	0	1	3	13	10	17	12	22	13	22	9	15	10	14	0	10	10473	183
	6 - 9	0	0	6	14	20	22	34	36	41	44	55	45	17	29	0	20	21110	378
	0 - 9	0	1	15	38	38	47	72	87	87	87	86	88	41	62	17	44	45312	792
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	824	11
	1 - 5	0	0	0	4	10	17	11	12	14	8	8	0	3	9	0	6	6589	95
	6 - 9	0	0	2	4	21	58	79	60	49	93	64	24	10	44	0	30	31149	506
	0 - 9	0	0	2	8	31	77	91	74	66	102	74	24	13	55	0	37	38562	612
41 & 51	0	0	0	0	14	19	13	24	20	21	15	9	3	14	16	0	11	11529	141
	1 - 5	0	0	7	8	18	22	33	26	33	22	30	26	7	21	0	15	15942	214
	6 - 9	0	0	1	4	10	12	8	11	9	23	12	0	4	9	0	6	6517	155
	0 - 9	0	0	8	26	46	47	64	57	63	60	52	29	24	47	0	33	33988	510
11 - 51	0	0	0	7	25	27	24	51	50	58	38	33	32	28	36	17	25	26082	383
	1 - 5	0	1	10	24	38	56	56	60	61	51	48	41	20	45	0	32	33004	492
	6 - 9	0	0	8	22	51	92	121	108	98	160	132	69	31	82	0	57	58776	1039
	0 - 9	0	1	25	71	116	172	227	218	216	250	213	141	78	163	17	114	117862	1914
81	x	0	0	12	13	28	15	6	4	4	4	4	3	3	10	0	8	8556	117
11 - 81	x	0	1	36	84	144	187	233	222	220	253	217	144	81	173	17	122	126418	2031
91	x	0	734	819	513	164	10	6	4	0	0	3	4	3	97	0	245	254463	3915
92	x	0	29	64	332	585	681	636	626	690	656	639	633	505	585	620	406	421802	6163
93	x	0	2	17	36	85	100	119	138	75	65	97	112	61	88	0	62	63992	976
94 - 97	x	0	234	64	35	22	23	6	10	14	25	44	106	349	57	363	72	74883	1134
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	96862	1458
91 - 99	x	1000	999	964	916	856	813	767	778	780	747	783	856	919	827	983	878	912001	13646
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1038419	15677
pers. dst / 000		93	110	120	94	93	90	85	79	56	47	35	29	66	676	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		96862	114723	124515	97858	96847	93829	88731	82022	57803	49148	36596	30505	68922	702262	57	1038419	x	x
sample persons		1458	1724	1882	1529	1462	1415	1267	1279	875	741	572	448	1019	10607	6	15677	x	x



**TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP**

ALL-INDIA		URBAN															PERSONS		
usual activity		Age-group in years															estd.	sample	
status	indus-try	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 & above	15 & above	not recd.	all groups	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11, 12, 21	0	0	2	9	12	18	23	32	36	39	46	34	49	39	30	8	21	46765	738
	1 - 5	0	1	3	16	41	50	45	49	51	49	41	31	34	40	0	28	60647	914
	6 - 9	0	0	9	51	119	145	157	155	161	132	141	140	102	126	0	86	189791	2911
	0 - 9	0	2	21	78	179	219	234	240	251	227	216	220	174	195	8	135	297204	4563
31	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	3	6	6	2	6	0	0	3	0	2	4410	61
	1 - 5	0	0	5	25	44	62	77	81	82	92	86	82	13	59	0	41	89518	1127
	6 - 9	0	0	3	29	73	131	161	166	192	206	200	130	22	119	42	81	178639	2735
	0 - 9	0	0	8	56	119	195	241	253	279	300	292	212	35	182	42	124	272567	3923
41 & 51	0	0	0	1	13	19	18	23	29	22	23	21	2	19	20	0	13	29311	423
	1 - 5	0	0	11	30	55	59	61	50	55	59	45	42	20	48	8	34	74066	1088
	6 - 9	0	1	7	16	27	28	29	33	25	28	23	23	5	24	0	17	37838	699
	0 - 9	0	1	18	59	102	106	113	112	102	110	88	67	43	91	8	64	141214	2210
11 - 51	0	0	2	10	27	40	44	58	71	67	72	60	51	58	52	8	37	80486	1222
	1 - 5	0	1	18	71	140	171	183	180	188	199	171	155	67	147	8	102	224231	3129
	6 - 9	0	1	19	96	220	305	347	354	378	366	365	293	128	269	42	184	406267	6345
	0 - 9	0	4	47	194	399	519	588	604	632	637	596	499	253	468	57	323	710984	10696
81	x	0	0	12	43	56	42	15	14	4	8	9	4	4	25	0	18	40384	587
11 - 81	x	0	4	59	237	455	561	603	619	636	645	606	504	257	493	57	341	751368	11283
91	x	0	756	830	553	198	22	4	2	1	0	2	2	2	115	0	262	577938	8779
92	x	0	21	38	158	279	342	324	302	312	292	301	312	267	282	284	197	435129	6380
93	x	0	1	9	16	42	51	60	66	34	29	45	54	30	42	0	30	65360	1005
94 - 97	x	0	218	64	35	25	24	8	12	17	35	47	129	445	68	659	78	172397	2634
99	x	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	201193	3005
91 - 99	x	1000	996	941	763	545	439	397	381	364	355	394	496	743	507	943	659	1452017	21803
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2203386	33086
pers. dst / 000		91	111	122	102	93	85	79	78	59	51	36	29	64	676	0	1000	x	x
estd per. (00)		201193	244080	268240	225418	204229	188107	174908	171654	130200	111531	79467	63284	140952	1489749	124	2203386	x	x
sample persons		3005	3724	4017	3435	3073	2865	2509	2595	1956	1666	1203	942	2082	22326	14	33086	x	x

**TABLE (7): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY INDUSTRY**

<b>ALL-INDIA</b>		<b>RURAL</b>					
industry section	male		female		persons		
	principal status workers	all workers	principal status workers	all workers	principal status workers	all workers	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Agriculture Etc.	(0)	755	757	876	885	787	797
Mining Etc.	(1)	6	6	3	2	5	5
Manufacturing	(2)	37	37	41	42	38	38
Manufacturing	(3)	21	20	12	11	18	17
Electricity	(4)	4	4	2	2	4	3
Construction	(5)	35	35	13	10	29	27
sub-total 1	(1 - 5)	103	102	70	66	94	91
Wholesale, Retail trade etc	(6)	56	55	18	17	46	43
Transport, Storage etc.	(7)	21	21	1	1	16	15
Financial, Insurance, etc.	(8)	3	3	1	0	2	2
Community Services, etc.	(9)	62	61	35	31	55	52
sub-total 2	(6 - 9)	142	141	54	49	119	112
All	(0 - 9)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated persons (00)		1857195	1890961	678643	861828	2535839	2752790
sample persons		27727	28258	9929	12715	37656	40973

**TABLE (7): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY INDUSTRY**

<b>ALL-INDIA</b>		<b>URBAN</b>					
industry section	male		female		persons		
	principal status workers	all workers	principal status workers	all workers	principal status workers	all workers	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Agriculture Etc.	(0)	90	92	187	221	104	113
Mining Etc.	(1)	13	12	8	7	12	12
Manufacturing	(2)	111	110	134	134	114	114
Manufacturing	(3)	93	92	58	58	87	86
Electricity	(4)	20	20	3	3	17	17
Construction	(5)	89	88	89	78	89	87
sub-total 1	(1 - 5)	324	322	292	280	319	315
Wholesale, Retail trade etc	(6)	232	233	122	126	216	215
Transport, Storage etc.	(7)	90	90	19	16	79	78
Financial, Insurance etc	(8)	35	35	30	27	35	34
Community Services etc.	(9)	229	228	349	329	247	245
sub-total 2	(6 - 9)	586	586	520	499	576	571
All	(0 - 9)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated persons (00)		589321	593123	103009	117862	692330	710984
sample persons		8716	8782	1669	1914	10385	10696

**TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS**

ALL-INDIA usual activity status	RURAL									MALE		
	current weekly activity status									per 1000 distn. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	11 - 72	81 & 82	91	92 - 97	98	91 - 98	99	91 - 99	11 - 99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	968	8	9	14	1	24	0	24	1000	539	1890961	28258
81	48	928	8	16	0	24	0	24	1000	11	40127	638
11 - 81	949	27	9	14	1	24	0	24	1000	551	1931088	28896
91	5	0	956	39	0	995	0	995	1000	234	822040	12557
92 - 97	1	2	5	991	0	996	0	996	1000	102	358602	5296
91 - 97	4	1	667	328	0	995	0	995	1000	337	1180642	17853
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	113	395273	5752
91 - 99	3	1	500	246	0	746	251	996	1000	449	1575915	23605
11 - 99	524	15	229	118	0	348	113	461	1000	1000	3507004	52501
estd. persons (00)	1837238	54063	804373	414771	1286	1220430	395273	1615703	3507004	x	x	x
sample persons	27462	845	12298	6125	19	18442	5752	24194	52501	x	x	x

**TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS**

ALL-INDIA usual activity status	RURAL									FEMALE		
	current weekly activity status									per 1000 distn. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	11 - 72	81 & 82	91	92 - 97	98	91 - 98	99	91 - 99	11 - 99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	757	6	5	231	1	236	0	236	1000	263	861828	12715
81	24	932	0	44	0	44	0	44	1000	4	12894	202
11 - 81	747	20	5	228	1	233	0	233	1000	267	874723	12917
91	2	0	949	48	0	998	0	998	1000	176	574338	9023
92 - 97	5	1	2	991	0	994	0	994	1000	445	1456999	21417
91 - 97	4	0	270	725	0	995	0	995	1000	621	2031337	30440
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	112	366428	5391
91 - 99	4	0	229	614	0	843	153	996	1000	733	2397766	35831
11 - 99	202	6	169	511	0	680	112	792	1000	1000	3272489	48748
estd. persons (00)	662200	18333	552649	1671621	1257	2225527	366428	2591955	3272489	x	x	x
sample persons	9745	286	8702	24610	14	33326	5391	38717	48478	x	x	x

**TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS**

ALL-INDIA usual activity status	RURAL									PERSONS		
	current weekly activity status									per 1000 distn. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	11 - 72	81 & 82	91	92 - 97	98	91 - 98	99	91 - 99	11 - 99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	902	8	8	82	1	90	0	90	1000	406	2752790	40973
81	42	929	6	23	0	29	0	29	1000	8	53022	840
11 - 81	886	25	7	81	1	89	0	89	1000	414	2805811	41813
91	4	0	953	43	0	996	0	996	1000	206	1396378	21580
92 - 97	5	1	3	991	0	995	0	995	1000	268	1815602	26713
91 - 97	4	1	416	579	0	995	0	995	1000	474	3211979	48293
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	112	761702	11143
91 - 99	3	1	336	468	0	804	192	996	1000	586	3973681	59436
11 - 99	369	11	200	308	0	508	112	621	1000	1000	6779492	101249
estd. persons (00)	2499438	72396	1357022	2086393	2543	3445957	761702	4207659	6.8E+07	x	x	x
sample persons	37207	1131	21000	30735	33	51768	11143	62911	101249	x	x	x

**TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS**

ALL-INDIA usual activity status	URBAN									MALE		
	current weekly activity status									per 1000 distn. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	11 - 72	81 & 82	91	92 - 97	98	91 - 98	99	91 - 99	11 - 99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	987	4	3	6	0	9	0	9	1000	509	593123	8782
81	22	970	8	1	0	8	0	8	1000	27	31828	470
11 - 81	937	53	3	6	0	9	0	9	1000	536	624950	9252
91	1	1	958	40	0	998	0	998	1000	278	323475	4864
92 - 97	3	0	11	985	0	996	0	996	1000	96	112210	1746
91 - 97	2	1	714	283	0	997	0	997	1000	374	435685	6610
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	90	104332	1547
91 - 99	1	1	576	229	0	805	193	998	1000	464	540016	8157
11 - 99	504	29	269	109	0	378	90	468	1000	1000	1164967	17409
estd. persons (00)	586617	33658	313196	126848	316	440360	104332	544692	1164967	x	x	x
sample persons	8673	511	4695	1977	6	6678	1547	8225	17409	x	x	x

**TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS**

ALL-INDIA usual activity status	URBAN									FEMALE		
	current weekly activity status									per 1000 distn. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	11 - 72	81 & 82	91	92 - 97	98	91 - 98	99	91 - 99	11 - 99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	869	4	13	114	0	127	0	127	1000	114	117862	1914
81	1	949	22	28	0	50	0	50	1000	8	8556	117
11 - 81	810	68	14	108	0	122	0	122	1000	122	126418	2031
91	0	0	945	54	0	1000	0	1000	1000	245	254463	3915
92 - 97	1	0	2	997	0	999	0	999	1000	540	560676	8273
91 - 97	1	0	296	703	0	999	0	999	1000	785	815139	12188
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	93	96862	1458
91 - 99	0	0	265	628	0	893	106	999	1000	878	912001	13646
11 - 99	99	8	234	565	0	799	93	893	1000	1000	1038419	15677
estd. persons (00)	102896	8649	243177	586721	114	830012	96862	926874	1038419	x	x	x
sample persons	1696	125	3719	8676	3	12398	1458	13856	15677	x	x	x

**TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS**

ALL-INDIA usual activity status	URBAN									PERSONS		
	current weekly activity status									per 1000 distn. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	11 - 72	81 & 82	91	92 - 97	98	91 - 98	99	91 - 99	11 - 99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	967	4	5	24	0	29	0	29	1000	323	710984	10696
81	18	965	11	6	0	17	0	17	1000	18	40384	587
11 - 81	916	56	5	23	0	28	0	28	1000	341	751368	11283
91	1	1	952	46	0	999	0	999	1000	262	577938	8779
92 - 97	1	0	3	995	0	999	0	999	1000	305	672886	10019
91 - 97	1	0	442	557	0	999	0	999	1000	568	1250824	18798
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	91	201193	3005
91 - 99	1	0	381	480	0	860	139	999	1000	659	1452017	21803
11 - 99	313	19	253	324	0	577	91	668	1000	1000	2203386	33086
estd. persons (00)	689513	42307	556373	713569	430	1270372	201193	1471566	2203386	x	x	x
sample persons	10369	636	8414	10653	9	19076	3005	22081	33086	x	x	x



**TABLE (9R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE) BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY TAKEN TOGETHER) FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD TYPE FOR RURAL AREAS**

ALL-INDIA		RURAL MALE								
usual activity		household type						all	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
status	industry	self-emplo- yed in non- agriculture	agri- cultural labour	other labour	self-emplo- yed in agri- culture	others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
11, 12, 21	0	107	40	42	799	176	371	810158	12840	
	1 - 5	211	4	11	5	5	29	62743	888	
	6 - 9	467	5	19	13	34	65	142418	2067	
	0 - 9	785	49	71	817	216	465	1015319	15795	
31	0	1	12	11	2	23	7	16315	274	
	1 - 5	5	2	57	3	84	14	31350	473	
	6 - 9	10	7	91	12	267	38	83690	1424	
	0 - 9	15	21	159	17	375	60	131354	2171	
41 & 51	0	25	782	100	15	20	258	562322	7522	
	1 - 5	20	18	383	6	13	44	95506	1473	
	6 - 9	6	11	121	3	19	17	36649	609	
	0 - 9	51	810	604	24	52	318	694476	9604	
11 - 51	0	133	833	152	816	220	637	1388794	20636	
	1 - 5	235	24	450	14	103	87	189599	2834	
	6 - 9	483	23	231	28	320	120	262756	4100	
	0 - 9	852	881	834	858	643	844	1841149	27570	
81	x	19	18	38	7	46	18	38907	619	
11 - 81	x	872	899	872	865	689	862	1880057	28189	
91	x	74	54	67	91	152	81	176438	2819	
92	x	9	4	5	5	7	6	12210	235	
93	x	2	3	3	2	5	3	5687	112	
94 - 97	x	45	40	53	36	147	49	107043	1625	
91 - 99	x	128	101	128	135	311	138	301378	4791	
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2181435	32980	
pers. dst /000		115	305	84	411	84	1000	x	x	
estd persons (00)		250789	665723	183099	896773	183438	2181435	x	x	
sample persons		3615	8888	2904	14332	3220	32980	x	x	

**TABLE (9R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE) BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY TAKEN TOGETHER) FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD TYPE FOR RURAL AREAS**

ALL-INDIA							RURAL FEMALE		
usual activity		household type					all	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
status	industry	self-emplo- yed in non- agriculture	agri- cultural labour	other labour	self-emplo- yed in agri- culture	others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
11, 12, 21	0	87	58	114	355	91	190	393226	6403
	1 - 5	68	6	10	3	4	12	24669	341
	6 - 9	73	3	5	2	3	10	21646	327
	0 - 9	229	67	129	359	98	212	439542	7071
31	0	0	5	1	0	3	2	4528	78
	1 - 5	1	1	11	0	4	2	3257	47
	6 - 9	5	2	10	2	36	6	12758	228
	0 - 9	6	7	23	3	42	10	20542	353
41 & 51	0	29	465	107	14	13	161	333688	4338
	1 - 5	10	9	93	2	3	13	26495	352
	6 - 9	1	3	20	0	2	3	6578	108
	0 - 9	40	477	220	16	18	177	366761	4798
11 - 51	0	116	528	222	370	107	353	731442	10819
	1 - 5	79	16	114	4	11	26	54421	740
	6 - 9	80	7	36	4	41	20	40982	663
	0 - 9	275	551	372	378	159	399	826845	12222
81	x	4	7	11	3	9	5	11289	183
11 - 81	x	279	559	382	381	168	404	838134	12405
91	x	54	21	50	43	73	41	84717	1443
92	x	451	238	363	378	513	355	735955	10840
93	x	167	140	155	149	132	147	305644	4639
94 - 97	x	48	43	49	49	113	53	109986	1679
91 - 99	x	721	441	618	619	832	596	1236303	18601
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2074436	31006
pers. dst /000		113	304	86	406	91	1000	x	x
estd persons (00)		233777	631089	178272	841387	188368	2074436	x	x
sample persons		3347	8452	2716	13208	3262	31006	x	x

**TABLE (9R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE) BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY TAKEN TOGETHER) FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD TYPE FOR RURAL AREAS**

ALL-INDIA		RURAL PERSONS								
usual activity		household type						all	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
status	industry	self-emplo- yed in non- agriculture	agri- cultural labour	other labour	self-emplo- yed in agri- culture	others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
11, 12, 21	0	98	48	77	584	133	283	1203384	19243	
	1 - 5	142	5	10	4	5	21	87413	1229	
	6 - 9	277	4	12	8	18	39	164064	2394	
	0 - 9	517	58	100	595	156	342	1454860	22866	
31	0	0	9	6	1	13	5	20843	352	
	1 - 5	3	1	34	2	44	8	34607	520	
	6 - 9	8	4	51	7	150	23	96447	1652	
	0 - 9	11	15	92	10	206	36	151897	2524	
41 & 51	0	27	628	103	14	17	211	896010	11860	
	1 - 5	15	14	240	4	8	29	122001	1825	
	6 - 9	4	7	72	1	11	10	43226	717	
	0 - 9	46	648	414	20	35	249	1061237	14402	
11 - 51	0	125	685	187	600	162	498	2120236	31455	
	1 - 5	160	20	284	9	56	57	244020	3574	
	6 - 9	289	15	135	16	179	71	303738	4763	
	0 - 9	574	720	606	625	398	627	2667994	39792	
81	x	12	13	24	5	27	12	50196	802	
11 - 81	x	586	733	630	630	425	639	2718190	40594	
91	x	64	38	59	68	112	61	261155	4262	
92	x	222	118	182	186	264	176	748165	11075	
93	x	82	69	78	73	69	73	311331	4751	
94 - 97	x	46	41	51	43	130	51	217030	3304	
91 - 99	x	414	267	370	370	575	361	1537681	23392	
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4255871	63986	
pers. dst /000		114	305	85	408	87	1000	x	x	
estd persons (00)		484566	1296812	361370	1738160	371806	4255871	x	x	
sample persons		6962	17340	5620	27540	6482	63986	x	x	

**TABLE (9U): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE) BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY TAKEN TOGETHER) FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD TYPE FOR URBAN AREAS**

ALL-INDIA		URBAN MALE							
usual activity		household type					all	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
status	industry	self employed	regular- wage / salaried	casual labour	others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
11, 12, 21	0	82	3	11	91	39	31056	497	
	1 - 5	150	12	14	4	63	49720	721	
	6 - 9	507	42	25	47	212	166754	2505	
	0 - 9	739	57	50	142	315	247531	3723	
31	0	1	10	1	0	5	3587	50	
	1 - 5	15	229	11	19	104	81511	1023	
	6 - 9	33	402	30	42	187	146661	2216	
	0 - 9	48	642	42	61	295	231758	3289	
41 & 51	0	2	4	135	3	22	17558	274	
	1 - 5	13	11	415	9	71	56048	846	
	6 - 9	6	13	191	19	37	29260	520	
	0 - 9	20	28	741	31	131	102866	1640	
11 - 51	0	85	16	147	93	66	52200	821	
	1 - 5	178	253	440	33	238	187279	2590	
	6 - 9	546	457	246	107	436	342676	5241	
	0 - 9	808	726	833	234	740	582155	8652	
81	x	18	44	58	70	38	29858	453	
11 - 81	x	826	770	891	304	778	612013	9105	
91	x	106	150	62	304	130	102607	1510	
92	x	10	12	8	24	12	9171	143	
93	x	2	0	0	4	1	1014	23	
94 - 97	x	56	67	38	364	78	61563	938	
91 - 99	x	174	230	109	696	222	174354	2614	
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	786367	11719	
pers. dst /000		371	415	148	65	1000	x	x	
estd persons (00)		291634	326631	116273	51402	786367	x	x	
sample persons		4388	4712	1820	785	11719	x	x	

**TABLE (9U): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE) BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY TAKEN TOGETHER) FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD TYPE FOR URBAN AREAS**

ALL-INDIA							URBAN FEMALE		
usual activity		household type					estd. persons (00)	sample persons	
status	industry	self employed	regular-wage / salaried	casual labour	others	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
11, 12, 21	0	32	10	7	18	18	12903	224	
	1 - 5	28	7	5	2	14	10002	173	
	6 - 9	60	10	15	6	29	20423	367	
	0 - 9	120	27	27	26	62	43328	764	
31	0	0	3	0	0	1	824	11	
	1 - 5	5	18	3	0	9	6589	95	
	6 - 9	15	88	8	21	44	30959	501	
	0 - 9	20	108	11	22	55	38371	607	
41 & 51	0	5	3	89	2	16	11529	141	
	1 - 5	7	4	115	3	21	15009	206	
	6 - 9	5	4	36	5	9	6407	149	
	0 - 9	17	11	240	9	47	32945	496	
11 - 51	0	37	16	96	20	36	25255	376	
	1 - 5	39	29	123	4	45	31600	474	
	6 - 9	81	101	59	32	82	57789	1017	
	0 - 9	158	146	277	57	164	114644	1867	
81	x	5	12	16	11	10	7112	114	
11 - 81	x	163	159	294	67	174	121756	1981	
91	x	88	117	31	167	97	67975	1068	
92	x	589	612	506	569	584	409550	5981	
93	x	104	67	124	49	88	61652	941	
94 - 97	x	57	46	45	149	57	39929	636	
91 - 99	x	837	841	706	933	826	579106	8626	
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	700862	10607	
pers. dst /000		371	408	149	71	1000	x	x	
estd persons (00)		260287	285836	104483	49545	700862	x	x	
sample persons		3900	4180	1676	833	10607	x	x	

**TABLE (9U): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE) BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY TAKEN TOGETHER) FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD TYPE FOR URBAN AREAS**

ALL-INDIA							URBAN PERSONS		
usual activity		household type					all	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
status	industry	self employed	regular- wage / salaried	casual labour	others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
11, 12, 21	0	59	6	9	55	30	43959	721	
	1 - 5	92	10	10	3	40	59723	894	
	6 - 9	296	27	20	27	126	187177	2872	
	0 - 9	447	43	39	85	196	290858	4487	
31	0	0	7	1	0	3	4410	61	
	1 - 5	10	131	7	10	59	88099	1118	
	6 - 9	25	256	19	32	119	177620	2717	
	0 - 9	35	393	27	42	182	270129	3896	
41 & 51	0	3	3	113	2	20	29087	415	
	1 - 5	10	8	273	6	48	71057	1052	
	6 - 9	5	9	118	12	24	35668	669	
	0 - 9	19	20	504	20	91	135811	2136	
11 - 51	0	62	16	123	57	52	77456	1197	
	1 - 5	112	148	290	19	147	218878	3064	
	6 - 9	326	291	157	71	269	400465	6258	
	0 - 9	501	456	570	147	469	696799	10519	
81	x	12	29	38	41	25	36970	567	
11 - 81	x	513	485	608	188	493	733769	11086	
91	x	97	134	48	237	115	170582	2578	
92	x	283	292	244	291	282	418721	6124	
93	x	50	31	59	26	42	62666	964	
94 - 97	x	57	57	41	259	68	101491	1574	
91 - 99	x	487	515	392	812	507	753460	11240	
11 - 99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1487229	22326	
pers. dst /000		371	412	148	68	1000	x	x	
estd persons (00)		551922	612468	220756	100947	1487229	x	x	
sample persons		8288	8892	3496	1618	22326	x	x	

Appendix B

**Sample Design & Estimation Procedure**

# Appendix B

## Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

### 1. General

1.1 **Subject coverage:** The fifty-fourth round of NSS had as its main subject a household enquiry on common property resources in rural areas, sanitation, hygiene and services. The usual household consumer expenditure enquiry was also thrown in. Information on availability and use of common property resources and infrastructure facilities at village level was collected through a separate schedule. It may be mentioned that while some information on hygiene, sanitation and services were collected in the earlier NSS rounds, viz. 44th, 47th & 49th rounds, this is the first NSS study of common property resources and also the first nationwide survey on the subject in India.

1.2 Schedule 1.0, as usual, was used to collect data on household consumer expenditure and some important characteristics on employment-unemployment based on a small sample of 4 households per first-stage unit (FSU) surveyed.

1.3 **Geographical coverage:** The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union excepting (a) Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir, (b) 768 interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond 5 km of the bus route and (c) 195 villages of Andaman & Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year.

1.4 **Period of survey and work programme:** The 54th round survey was of 6 months' duration from January 1998 to June 1998. The survey period of this round was divided into two sub-rounds, each with a duration of three months. The first sub-round period was from January to March 1998 and the second sub-round period was from April to June 1998. Equal numbers of sample villages and urban blocks were allotted for survey in the two sub-rounds. Each village/block was generally surveyed during the sub-round period to which it was allotted. This restriction was not strictly enforced in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Lakshadweep and rural areas of Arunachal Pradesh & Nagaland because of difficult field conditions.

### 2. Sample Design

2.1 **General:** As usual, a stratified sampling design was adopted. The first-stage units were census villages (*panchayat* wards in case of Kerala) in the rural sector and the NSSO Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. The ultimate-stage units were households in both sectors.

#### 2.2 Sampling frame for first stage units

(a) **Rural:** The lists of census villages of the 1991 population census (1981 census list for Jammu & Kashmir) constituted the sampling frame for the rural sector. For Kerala, however, the list of *panchayat* wards was



used as the sampling frame for selection of *panchayat* wards in the rural sector. For Nagaland, the the sampling frame was formed by the villages located within 5 km of a bus route, and for Andaman & Nicobar Islands, by the list of accessible villages.

(b) **Urban**: The lists of latest UFS blocks for all cities and towns were used to draw up the sampling frames.

### 2.3 Stratification

2.3.1 **Rural**: The following three strata were first formed at the State/UT level.

Stratum 1: List of uninhabited villages (as per 1991 census).

Stratum 2: Villages with population 1 to 50 (including both the boundaries) as per 1991 census.

Stratum 3: Villages with population more than 15,000 as per 1991 census.

Stratum type 1 (or 2 or 3) was formed in a State/UT provided there were at least 10 villages in the State/UT qualifying for inclusion as per 1991 population census. If the number of such villages was less than 10, they were included in the general strata as described below.

General strata: After formation of the stratum types 1, 2 & 3 (wherever applicable), the remaining villages of the State/UT were considered for formation of general strata. Each district with population less than 2 million as per 1991 census formed a separate stratum (however, districts having a population of 2 million or more were divided into a number of strata as per usual procedure followed in NSS). For Gujarat, some districts cut across NSS regions. In such cases, the part of a district falling in an NSS region formed a separate stratum.

2.3.2 **Urban** : Strata were formed within each NSS region by grouping towns as indicated below.

stratum no.	composition of strata (considering population as per 1981 census for Jammu & Kashmir and as per 1991 census elsewhere)
1	all towns with population less than 50,000
2	all towns with population 50,000 or more but less than 2 lakhs
3	all towns with population 2 lakhs or more but less than 10 lakhs
4,5	each city with population 10 lakhs or more

### 2.4 Sub-stratification

(a) **Rural**: There was no sub-stratification at the stratum level.

(b) **Urban**: Each stratum was divided into two 2 sub-strata as follows :

Sub-stratum 1 : UFS blocks identified as 'slum area'

Sub-stratum 2 : remaining UFS blocks of the stratum.

2.5 **Sample size**: The all-India sample size of FSU's (rural and urban combined) was 7030 in the Central sample and 7988 in the State sample.

### 2.6 Allocation of first-stage units (FSU's)

2.6.1 The all-India sample size of FSU's was allocated to the States/UTs in proportion to their investigator strength in the Central sample. State/UT level sample size was allocated between rural and urban sectors in proportion to their population. State/UT-level rural/urban allocations along with number of surveyed FSUs, households

and persons are given in Table S at the end of this Appendix.

2.6.2 A suitable sample size (minimum = 2 and maximum = 6 villages; exact number depending on the total number of villages in the frame) was allocated to stratum type 1 (in all 68 sample villages were allocated to stratum type 1 in the rural sector). From stratum type 2, a sample of maximum size =

blocks in the respective sub-strata with double weightage to sub-stratum 1 subject to a minimum sample size of 2 or 4 blocks to sub-stratum 1 depending upon whether stratum level allocation was 4 or greater than 4. All sub-stratum level allocations were made in multiples of 2.

2.7 **Selection of first-stage units:** Sample FSU's were selected in the form of two

sector	stratum type	sub-stratum	selection procedure
rural	1	-	CSS with equal probability @
	2	-	-do- *
	3	-	-do- *
	others	-	CSS with pps *
urban	each	each	CSS with equal probability **

(CSS: circular systematic sampling, pps : probability proportional to size, size = population)  
 @ arrangement of villages in the frame is same as that of census  
 \* after arranging the FSUs in ascending order of population  
 \*\* after arranging the towns by districts and further arranging the towns in each district in ascending order of their population.

6 villages was selected. Number of sample villages selected from stratum type 3 was 2 or 4 according as the number of villages in the frame for stratum type 3 was less than 20 or more. The remaining sample size (i.e. total allocation for the rural sector less the allocations for stratum types 1,2 & 3) at the State/UT level for the rural sector was allocated to the general strata (i.e. strata other than stratum types 1, 2 & 3) in proportion to their population. Similarly, the allocation of sample at State/UT level to the urban strata was in proportion to their population. Stratum-level allocations were made in multiples of 4, wherever possible. The sample allocation for an urban stratum was further allocated between the two sub-strata in proportion to the number of UFS

independent sub-samples as follows :

2.8 **Formation of hamlet-groups in large villages and number of hamlet-groups selected for survey :** Large villages were divided into a number of hamlet-groups having equal population content and geographical contiguity. The frame for selection of households in such villages was constituted not by all households in the village but by households belonging to a number of randomly selected hamlet-groups of the village. The number D of hamlet-groups formed and the number d of hamlet-groups selected for formation of the frame for selection of households was determined as follows.

approx. present population of the village	no. of h.g.s formed (D)	no. of h.g.s selected for survey (d)
less - 1200	no h.g. formation	entire village selected for survey
1200 - 1999	4	2
2000 - 2499	5	3
2500 - 2999	6	3
3000 - 3499	7	3
3500 - 3999	8	3
4000 - 4499	9	3
4500 - 4999	10	3
5000 - 5499	11	4
14500 - 14999	30	4
15000 - 15499	31	5 @
and so on		

@ 5 h.g.s were selected for survey from each selected village having approx. present population of 15000 or more

However, for rural areas of Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, and Panch, Rajouri, Udhampur and Doda districts of Jammu & Kashmir, the procedure was: D=1 for population less than 600, D=4 for population 600-1199, D=5 for population 1200-1499, D=6 for population 1500-1799, and so on. Number of h.g.s selected for survey was d=2 for D=4 to 10, d=3 for D=11 to 20, d=4 for D=21 to 30 and d=5 for D>30.

**2.9 Selection of households:** A sample of 4 households for schedule 1.0 from each sample FSU (both rural and urban) were selected for survey after arranging all the households by means of livelihood code. The sample households were selected circular-systematically with independent random starts from the respective frames of households.

### 3. Estimation Procedure

3.1 The following notation is used:

- s = subscript for stratum
- t = subscript for sub-stratum
- i = subscript for sample village/block
- k = subscript for sample household

b = subscript for sub-sample (b=1, 2)  
z = size of the sample village/block used for selection (z=1 for each block)

Z = total size for a stratum or sub-stratum as per the frame

n = number of sample villages/blocks (i.e., number used for tabulation) surveyed including uninhabited and zero cases and excluding casualty and other not-received cases

D = number of hamlet-groups formed in the sample village

d = number of hamlet-groups selected for survey

H = total number of households listed in the frame

h = number of sample households available for tabulation

y = value of any characteristic observable in a sample village/block/household

$\bar{y}$  = estimate of population total of the characteristic y

### 3.2 Formulae for estimation

For the rural sector,

**Comment:**

$$\bar{y}_{sb} = \frac{Z_s}{n_{sb}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{sb}} \frac{D_{sbi}}{d_{sbi}} \frac{1}{Z_{sbi}} \frac{H_{sbi}}{h_{sbi}} \sum_k y_{sbik}$$

For the urban sector,

$$\bar{y}_{sb} = \sum_{t=1}^2 \frac{Z_{st}}{n_{stb}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{stb}} \frac{H_{stbi}}{h_{stbi}} \sum_k y_{stbik}$$

Note:

1. For stratum type 1, 2 & 3 in the rural sector,  $z=1$  and  $Z$ = total number of villages in the frame of the respective strata whereas for other strata in the rural sector,  $z$ = population of the sample village as per the frame used for selection and  $Z$ = total population of the stratum.
2. For estimating the number of villages possessing a character,  $y=1$  for sample villages possessing the character and  $y = 0$  otherwise.
3. When  $D = 1$ , the value of  $d = 1$ . When  $D \geq 4$ ,  $2 \leq d \leq 5$ .
4. When  $H > 0$  but  $h = 0$  for any second-stage stratum, that second-stage stratum was treated as merged with any of the other two second-stage strata. In particular, if  $h = 0$  for

$H > 0$  in second-stage stratum 1, it was merged with second-stage stratum 3. If second-stage stratum 2 became a casualty, it was merged with second-stage stratum 3. Lastly, if second-stage stratum 3 became a casualty, it was merged with second-stage stratum 1.

### 3.3 Estimate of aggregates

The pooled estimate  $\bar{y}_s$  based on two sub-samples was obtained as

$$\bar{y}_s = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{b=1}^2 \bar{y}_{sb}$$

The pooled estimate  $\bar{y}$  at the region/State/UT/all-India was obtained by summing the stratum estimates  $\bar{y}_s$  over all the strata of the region/ State/UT /all-India.

### 3.4 Ratio estimates

The estimate of the ratio  $R = \frac{Y}{X}$  (  $X$  is the population total of an auxiliary variable)

was given by  $\bar{R} = \frac{\bar{y}}{\bar{x}}$ .

Table S: Number of villages/blocks allotted and surveyed and number of sample households and persons surveyed								
state/u.t.	Number of				number of surveyed			
	Villages		blocks		households		persons	
	allotted	Surveyed	allotted	surveyed	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	364	360	132	132	1440	523	6286	2383
Assam	214	205	28	28	819	112	4324	457
Bihar	478	471	72	72	1875	288	10318	1529
Gujarat	190	188	96	96	748	382	3722	1849
Haryana	82	80	24	24	308	96	1794	463
Karnataka	204	202	88	88	801	348	4082	1666
Kerala	*204	*204	72	72	728	288	3423	1413
M.P.	372	370	112	112	1464	448	7521	2277
Maharashtra	344	340	212	212	1345	848	6475	4070
Orissa	220	216	36	36	860	144	4127	602
Punjab	166	165	72	72	640	288	3404	1401
Rajasthan	228	226	64	64	888	250	4929	1259
Tamil Nadu	338	336	176	176	1334	700	5423	2842
U.P.	638	632	156	156	2513	623	14593	3507
West Bengal	340	336	124	124	1333	495	6648	2206
North-eastern	448	408	124	121	1602	484	7809	2300
North-western	338	251	152	122	976	475	5149	2050
Southern	74	68	48	48	262	191	1222	812
all-India	5242	5058	1788	1755	19936	6983	101249	33086

\*Figures denote number of panchayat wards